Broadview, Illinois

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009 and Independent Auditor's Report

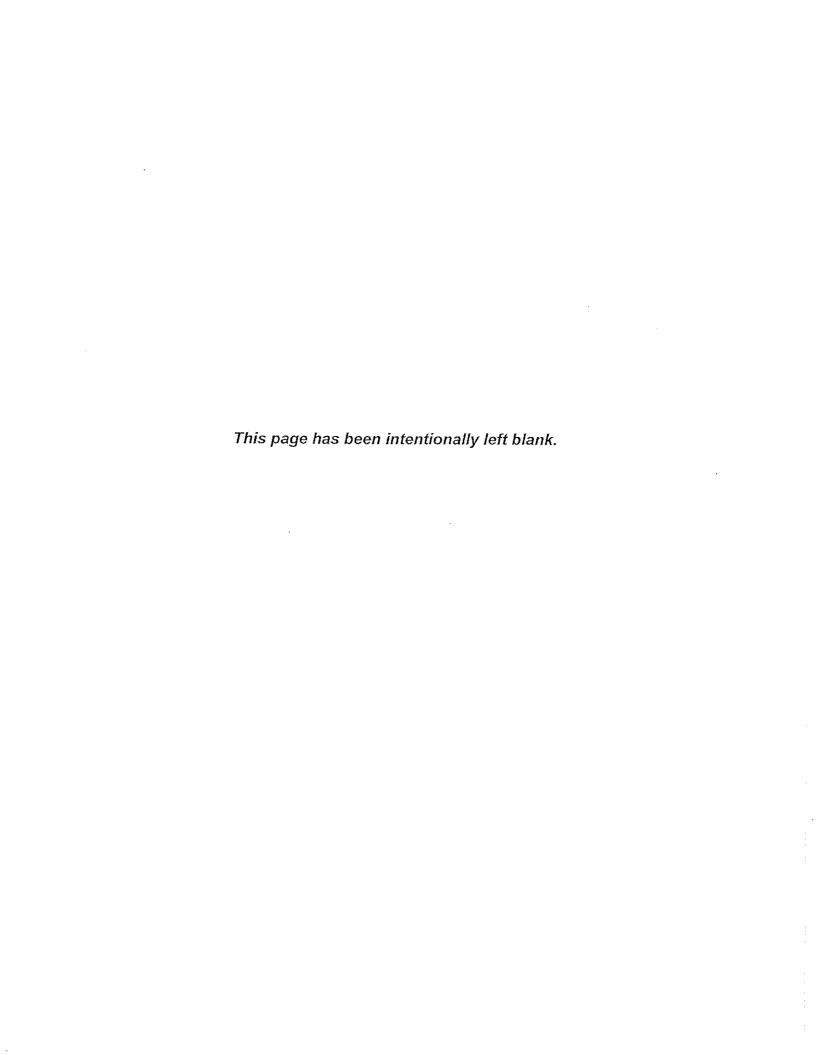


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

President and Board of Trustees Village of Broadview 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Broadview's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund, which represent 44.7 percent, 46.3 percent and (206.6) percent, respectively, of the assets, net assets, and additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar, as it relates to the amounts included for the Police Pension Fund, is based on the report of the other auditors.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note IV A., the financial statements do not disclose the composition of the net pension obligation nor a liability to be recognized when the accumulated annual pension cost exceeds the accumulated contributions. The effects of those departures on the financial statements are not reasonably determinable. In our opinion, disclosure of that information is required to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been disclosed with respect to the net pension obligation, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois as of April 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note IV E., The Village of Broadview adopted the provision of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective May 1, 2008.



President and Board of Trustees Village of Broadview

The required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Baker Vily Vichon Krause, UP

Oak Brook, Illinois October 29, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

The discussion and analysis of Village of Broadview's (the "Village") financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended April 30, 2009. The management of the Village encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights - Government-wide Financial Statements

- > The Village of Broadview's net assets increased by \$5.3 million or 122% compared to the prior year. The Village ended the fiscal year with net assets of \$0.9 million.
- > During the year, revenues of \$21.7 million exceeded expenses of \$16.4 million increasing net assets by \$5.3 million. Net assets of business type activities increased by \$0.8 million or 16%, while assets of governmental activities increased by \$4.5 million or 48%.
- > General revenues accounted for \$16.7 million in revenue or 89% of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees, and grants accounted for \$2.1 million or 11% of total governmental revenues.
- > The Village had \$14.3 million in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$2.1 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.
- > At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was in a deficit position of \$2.3 million.
- > The Village's total debt decreased by \$3.1 million during the current year to \$36.8 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- > Government-wide financial statements,
- > Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

(Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

The government-wide financial statements can be divided into two types of activities: governmental and business-type. Governmental activities present the functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities present the functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Village's governmental activities include functions like general government, public safety, highways, and streets and sanitation. The Village's business-type activities include water and sewerage services.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's general government operations and the basic services it provides. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, 22nd / 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment, Debt Service and Capital Project all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report. The Village adopts an annual budget for each of the major funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business- type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village's proprietary fund presents the activities and balances in Water and Sewerage Fund, which is considered to be a major fund, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds reflect the private-sector type operation, where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation and maintenance including depreciation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's contributions and funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, Firefighters' Pension Fund and Other Post-Employment Benefits; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund schedules of all non-major funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Table 1 Condensed Staten (in millions of doll.			et /	Assets									
		Governmental Activities				Busines	ss-	Tvpe A	ctivities		<u>Total</u>		
		2009		2008	Change	2009		2008	Change	2009	2008	Change	
Assets												onango	
Current and other													
assets	\$	31.3	\$	29.8	5.0% \$	1.5	\$	0.9	66.7% \$	32.8	\$ 30.7	6.8%	
Capital assets	_	8.9	_	8.9		4.8	_	4.8		13.7	13.7		
Total assets	_	40.2		38.7	3.9%	6.3	_	5.7	10.5%	46.5	44.4	4.7%	
Liabilities													
Long-term liabilities		36.5		39.5	(7.6)%	0.3		0.4	(25.0)%	36.8	39.9	(7.8)%	
Other liabilities	_	8.6	****	8.5	1.2%	0.1		0.2	(50.0)%	8.7	8.7	(1.0) /	
Total liabilities		45.1	_	48.0	(6.0)%	0.4		0.6	(33.3)%	45.5	<u>48.6</u>	(6.4)%	
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related													
debt		5.0		4.6	8.7%	4.6		4.4	4.5%	9.6	9.0	6.7%	
Restricted		3.2		0.6	433.3%	-		-		3.2	0.6	433.3%	
Unrestricted		<u>(13.1</u>)	_	(14.6)	(10.3)%	1.3		0.7	85.7%	(11.8)	(13.9)	(15.1)%	
Total net assets	\$_	<u>(4,9</u>)	\$_	<u>(9.4</u>)	47.9% \$_	<u>5.9</u> \$	\$	<u>5,1</u>	15.7% \$	1.0	\$(4.3)	123.3%	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation.

Net results of activities – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing for capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Reduction of capital assets through depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Current Year Impacts

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, total net assets increased by \$5.2 million from a deficit \$4.3 million to \$0.9 million. The Village's total assets equal \$46.5 million while total liabilities equal \$45.5 million.

The governmental activities show a deficit in net assets \$4.9 million, which is the result of the Village sponsoring a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District in 1993, 22nd and 17th Avenue Redevelopment Village Square Shopping Center. As an inducement for developers to redevelop this site, the Village issued TIF bonds in 1993 which were refinanced in 1999 to achieve a better interest rate. The outstanding balance of these bonds as of April 30, 2009, is \$18.0 million. In addition, there was a \$5.0 million developer note issued with a stated interest rate of 5%. In the fiscal year ended April 30, 2007, one year of interest on the note was deferred and capitalized or \$250,000 was added to the principal balance of the developer note. This brings the total TIF related debt to \$23.2 million. These bonds and developer note did not produce a capital asset that is owned by the Village, and even though the Village is not obligated for the retirement of the bond debt as it is payable solely from the incremental taxes generated by the TIF, the bonds are nonetheless, required to be reported as a liability of the Village. If sufficient funds are not available in the TIF to pay the debt at the end of the useful life of the TIF in 2016. then the obligations would be cancelled and the Village would report a gain on the cancellation of said debt. Therefore, the deficit will be reduced and eliminated over the remaining life of the TIF. Since the TIF debt distorts the financial position in net assets, if the TIF debt was removed the net asset position would be a positive \$18.3 million at year end. However, all \$18.3 million of the net assets of the governmental activities would be restricted for debt service, capital projects and investment in capital assets and not available for funding current Village operations.

The Village's current and other assets increased from the prior fiscal year by \$2.1 million. The increase was due in part to a \$1.2 million increase in restricted cash and investments that resulted from the collection of incremental tax revenues within three of the Village's four TIF Funds. The remaining increase was a result of the village's continuing efforts to reduce and/or contain cost within its ongoing operations.

Capital assets decreased during the current year by \$0.0 million mainly due to the recording of the current year's depreciation expense offset by new capital improvements. Capital asset purchases were held to a minimum due to the Village's poor financial condition.

Total liabilities had decreased by \$3.2 million at the end of the current year when compared to that of the prior year.

The amounts due the Police and Fire Pension Plans are a result of the Village's failure to distribute real estate and replacement taxes collected on behalf of the respective pension plans. These funds were used to pay for operational expenditures within the General Corporate Fund during the period from approximately January 2002 to May 2004. The Broadview Firefighters Pension Plan entered into an informal agreement with the Village in July 2004, in which the amounts due will be fully satisfied by the year 2011. The Broadview Police Pension Plan signed a formal agreement with the Village in May 2007 for amounts due that will be paid in full by the year 2015.

The outstanding balances due to the Broadview Police and Fire Pension Plans at April 30, 2009, are \$1.0 and \$1.0 million, respectively. All taxes collected on behalf of the pension plans during the current fiscal year end have been remitted on a timely basis. In addition, all principal and interest payments have been made when due, in accordance with the agreements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Table 2 Condensed Statem (in millions of dolla			ctivities								
			nmental A					<u>ctivities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Revenues		2009	2008	Change	2009		2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Program revenues											
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	1.8	\$ 1.8		\$ 2.8	\$	2.5	12.0% \$	4.6	\$ 4.3	7.0%
contributions Capital grants and		0.2	0.5	(60.0)%	-		-		0.2	0.5	(60.0)%
contributions		0.1	0.1		-		-		0.1	0.1	
General revenues											
Property taxes		9.5	8.9	6.7%	-		-		9.5	8.9	6.7%
Other taxes		5.3	5.3		-		-		5.3	5.3	
Intergovernmental Other general		1.4	1.5	(6.7)%	•		-		1.4	1.5	(6.7)%
revenues	_	0.5	0.7	(28.6)%	0.1	****	0.1	•	0.6	0.8	(25.0)%
Total revenues		18.8	18.8		2.9		2.6	11.5%	21.7	21.4	1.4%
Expenses											
General government		2.0	1.9	5.3%	-		_		2.0	1.9	5.3%
Public safety		8.8	8.8		_		_		8.8	8.8	0.070
Highways and streets		1.4	1.5	(6.7)%	-		_		1,4	1.5	(6.7)%
Sanitation		0.4	0.4		-		-		0.4	0.4	(411)
Interest and fees		1.7	2.0	(15.0)%	-		•		1.7	2.0	(15.0)%
Water and sewerage		-			2.1		2.0	5.0%	2.1	2.0	5.0%
Total expenses	_	14.3	14.6	(2.1)%	2.1		2.0	5.0%	<u>16.4</u>	<u>16.6</u>	(1.2)%
Transfers		<u> </u>	(0.2)	(100.0)%	-		0.2	(100.0)%			
Change in net assets		4.5	4.0	12.5%	0.8	_	0.8	(**********	5.3	4.8	10.4%
Net assets, beginning of year	_	(9.4)	(13.4)	29.9%	<u>5.1</u>	_	4.3	18.6%	(4.3)	(9.1)	52.7%
Net assets end of year	\$	<u>(4.9</u>)	\$ <u>(9.4</u>)	47.9%	5.9	\$	<u>5.1</u>	15.7% \$	<u>1.0</u>	\$ <u>(4.3</u>)	123.3%

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

<u>Increase/decrease in Village approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the Village has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, etc.).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the Village's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> – within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, public works, and community development), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the Village to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the Village.

<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the Village to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

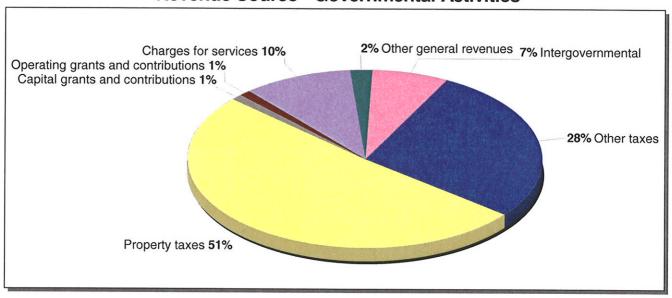
The Governmental Activities revenues were consistent with the prior year activity, both generating \$18.8 million. A \$0.6 million increase in property tax receipts was offset by declines in operating grants and other general revenues, down \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million respectively. Please refer to the table on page 8 for details of revenue categories.

Governmental Activities expenditures decreased by \$0.3 million in the current year as compared to that of the prior year, which was mainly attributable to lower expenditures in lower interest and fee expenses (down \$0.3 million).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Governmental Activities

Revenue Source - Governmental Activities



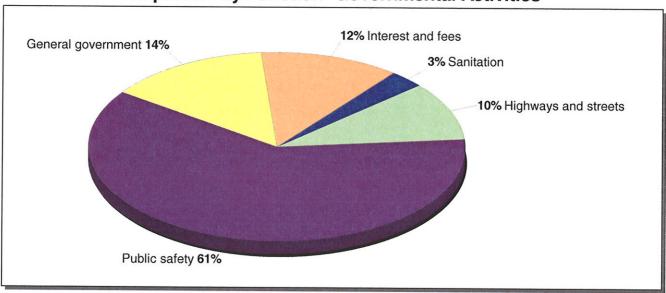
Revenues

A graphic summary of the FY 2009 Governmental Activities revenues by category for the Village of Broadview is shown above. Property Taxes and Other Taxes accounted for a combined 78% of the Village's revenue sources used to fund governmental activities. Annual receipts from property taxes increased \$0.6 million, or 6.7% over the prior year. However, the increase was completely absorbed by decreases in Operating Grants, Intergovernmental funding, and other general revenues, as compared to the prior year. Current year collections in Other Taxes, which include sales taxes, utility taxes, local use taxes and cablevision taxes, were stagnant as compared to prior year. Similarly, Charges from Services, and Capital Grants were flat with FY2008 revenue levels. Resultantly the total revenues from governmental activities yielded no net change from prior year.

Operating revenues of the Village's business type activities (not shown as part of graph) increased by 12% over the prior year due primarily to a water and sewer rate increases which went into effect February 2008. Pricing of water is based on fees determined by the supplier of water. Sales of water (revenues) can be affected by climate, at times, with warmer and drier summers bringing higher demand.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



The chart as shown above graphically depicts the major expense categories of the Village of Broadview. The public safety category which includes the Law Enforcement, Fire and Emergency and Building Departments is substantially tax supported while their program charges cover approximately 13% of their expenses.

Operating expenses of the business type activities of the Village that includes the Water and Sewerage Department (not shown as part of graph) increased by \$0.1 million or 5.0% from the prior year primarily related to the cost of water supply.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Broadview's governmental funds reported a combined (major & non major) ending fund balance of \$19.7 million, an increase of \$1.5 million over fiscal year 2008. A significant portion of the net increase was attributable to a major fund, 22nd / 17th (Village Square) TIF Redevelopment Fund, which had an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$1.2 million. The Roosevelt Road TIF Redevelopment Fund, a non major fund which had excess revenues over expenditures of \$0.6 million, was the major contributor to the remaining net increase (\$0.3 million) generated by other funds.

Other Financing Sources and Uses

Due to an operational deficit in the IMRF fund, an operating transfer of approximately \$0.2 million, was made from the General Corporate Fund to cover the operating deficit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village's budget for the General Fund anticipated that revenues would exceed expenditures by \$0.3 million, and that the net impact after other financing sources (uses) would result in an overall net increase of \$0.1 million to the fund balance. The actual result for the year, however, was a deficit of \$0.4 million, representing an unfavorable budget variance of \$0.5 million above the overall planned revenue and spending activity.

Annual revenues fell short of the budgeted amount by approximately \$0.4 million, or 3.4%. The unfavorable variance was primarily due to declines in expected tax receipts within most of the Village's tax revenue categories.

The actual General Fund expenditures were above the total budget expenditures, at \$11.6 million. Unfavorable budget variances experienced by the Executive and Street departments (\$0.2) million and (\$0.7) million respectively, were offset by favorable budget variances within the Fire department (\$0.4 million), Police department (\$0.1 million) and Finance department (\$0.1 million).

For additional Details, please see the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund in this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Village of Broadview's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2009 was \$16.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$13.7 million). This investment in capital assets includes land, land for resale, buildings and improvements, distribution systems, vehicles, furniture and equipment and infrastructure. During the current fiscal year, there was very little activity in the purchasing of capital assets due to limited resources. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note III C. of the basic financial statements.

Table 3 Capital Assets (in millions of c			ation)							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>Govern</u> 2009	mental A 2008	ctivities Change	<u>Busine:</u> 2009	ss-Type A 2008	<u>ctivities</u> Change	2009	<u>Total</u> 2008	Change
Land Buildings Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure	\$	1.5 3 2.3 0.9 0.2 4.0	1.5 2.3 1.0 0.3 3.8	\$ (10.0)% (33.3)% 5.3%	0.1 - 0.3 4.4	\$ 0.1 - - 0.3 <u>4.4</u>		\$ 1.6 2.3 0.9 0.5 8.4	\$ 1.6 2.3 1.0 0.6 8.2	(10.0)% (16.7)% 2.4%
Total	\$	8.9	8.9	\$	4.8	\$ <u>4.8</u>		\$ <u>13.7</u>	\$ <u>13.7</u>	

Debt Administration

At year end, the Village had total outstanding long term debt of \$36.8 million, as compared to \$39.9 million of the previous year. More detailed information about debt administration can be found in Note III E. of the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

Table 4 Long-Term Debt (in millions of dol	lars)												
		<u>Gover</u> 2009	 <u>ental A</u> 2008	<u>ctivities</u> Change		<u>Busine</u> 2009	<i>Type A</i> 2008	<u>ctivities</u> Change		2009		<u>Total</u> 2008	Change
TIF Related Bonds Bonds Other	\$	23.3 12.7 0.5	\$ 25.3 13.8 <u>0.4</u>		\$	- - 0.3	\$ - - 0.4	(25.0)%	\$	23.3 12.7 0.8	\$	25.3 13.8 0.8	(8.3)% (8.0)%
Total	\$_	36.5	\$ 39.5	(7.6)%	\$_	0.3	\$ 0.4	(25.0)%	\$_	36.8	\$_	39.9	(8.0)%

Factors Bearing on the Village's Future

While the Village of Broadview's financial condition has improved in prior fiscal years primarily due to the restructuring of operations in 2006, the current fiscal year corporate fund operational results were less than what was expected primarily due to lower than anticipated revenues. Even though the Village managed to achieve a near breakeven financial result for the year, the Village finds itself in a delicate balancing act with a deficit Corporate Fund balance position, ever increasing demand for services, and a terrible economic climate. The goal of achieving a reasonable degree of financial stability is an ongoing process that will take years of continued fiscal restraints on spending to conserve limited resources yet balancing the needs of the community with the ever present need to enhance revenue streams to meet continual demands.

The Village started collecting an additional 0.5% sales tax increase in April 2008 due to a sales tax referendum being passed at the 2007 Consolidated Election. The additional sales tax dollars will help offset increased budgetary costs for wages, pension costs, and other major expenditures.

The old Target store located in the Broadview Village Square (TIF redevelopment area) shopping center, a 125,000 square-foot building was sold in August 2007 to Granite Realty Partners of Oak Park, Illinois. Currently the new owner is in negotiations with an athletic center and a furniture retailer; each set to rent approximately 50% of the vacated Target store space.

The Village Board of Trustees approved a new Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan for 17th Avenue North of Roosevelt Road in September 2007. The Village has been seeking a developer for the Village owned property along 17th Avenue. Negotiations for a townhome development ended during the fiscal year after the developer and the Village could not agree on project financing. Several other developers have expressed some interest, and the Village planned to solicit proposals from multiple developers in the next fiscal year.

Roosevelt Road TIF Redevelopment Area

- > 1940 Roosevelt Road Dunkin Donuts / Baskin Robbins with drive-thru facilities has been completed and is now in operation as of the end of December 2007. The Village entered into a redevelopment agreement with the owner to rebate actual TIF increment from the redevelopment and the Village share of sales tax up to a target amount.
- > 1333 Roosevelt Road Broadview Place a new mixed use development that offers condominium living, shopping, recreation and heated parking, all in a single building. The project was scheduled to begin construction in 2008 with completion scheduled for June 2009. However, the development has had difficulty obtaining private financing, and has had almost no success in marketing.

(Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2009

The Village Board of Trustees approved a new Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan for 19th Street South of Roosevelt Road on 17th Avenue in May 2008. At present there is a TIF amendment pending which would expand the boundaries of the TIF redevelopment area. In addition, the Village is currently working with a developer to redevelop a site within the TIF district that was formerly occupied by the Broadview bowling alley.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Village's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like a copy of the financial statements for the Police Pension Fund or Firefighters' Pension Fund, contact the Village hall:

Jan Baptist, Finance Director Village of Broadview 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2009

	G	overnmental Activities		Business- pe Activities	Totals
ASSETS	•	7.00.710.00	نتن	00710011100	1000
Cash and investments	\$	9,110,402	\$	1,310,837	\$ 10,421,23
Receivables (net of allowance)		, ,	·	, , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Property taxes		5,105,781		-	5,105,78
Intergovernmental		1,196,296		-	1,196,29
Accounts		44,329		167,743	212,07
Other		621,491		-	621,49
Restricted cash and investments		11,807,936		367	11,808,30
Prepaid items		303,970		-	303,97
Issuance costs		311,764		_	311,76
Investments held for resale Capital assets		2,805,541		-	2,805,54
Land		1,491,927		68,195	1,560,12
Infrastructure		8,346,934		8,715,717	17,062,65
Buildings		4,070,000		16,885	4,086,88
Machinery and equipment		887,701		632,645	1,520,34
Vehicles		3,251,499		-	3,251,49
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,123,589)	_	(4,624,292)	(13,747,88
Total Assets	-	40,231,982		6,288,097	46,520,07
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		487,500		169,797	657,29
Accrued payroll		146,539		-	146,53
Other liabilities		4,850		-	4,85
Accrued interest payable		622,120		5,613	627,73
Unearned revenue		5,072,303		-	5,072,30
Firefighters' pension fund payable		1,016,786		-	1,016,78
Police pension fund payable		1,005,851		-	1,005,85
Due to agency fund Noncurrent liabilities		300,000		-	300,00
Due within one year		4,299,577		02 206	4 202 06
Due in more than one year		32,183,181		83,286 <u>175,731</u>	4,382,86 32,358,91
			_		
Total Liabilities	_	<u>45,138,707</u>		434,427	45,573,13
NET ASSETS					
nvested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for		4,967,667		4,550,132	9,517,79
Streets and highways		584,923		-	584,92
Economic Development		2,624,682		-	2,624,68
Unrestricted (deficit)		13,083,997)		1,303,538	(11,780,45
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	<u>(4,906,725</u>)	\$	5,853,670	\$ 946,94

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>	Expenses	(Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ontributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	1,977,531	\$	204,056	\$	2,600	\$	-
Public safety		8,765,871		965,086		33,830		-
Highways and streets		1,442,144		216,482		215,214		71,000
Sanitation		388,206		433,932		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,752,765				_		
Total Governmental Activities		14,326,517		1,819,556		251,644		71,000
Business-type activities								
Water and sewerage		2,093,801		2,836,689		_		
Total Business-type Activities		2,093,801	_	2,836,689			********	
Total	\$	16,420,318	\$_	4,656,245	\$	251,644	\$	71,000

General Revenues

Property taxes

Other taxes

Sales taxes

Local use taxes

Utility taxes

Other taxes

Intergovernmental

State income tax

Personal property replacement tax

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in net assets

NET ASSETS (Deficit) - Beginning of Year

NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals				
\$	(1,770,875) (7,766,955) (939,448) 45,726 (1,752,765) (12,184,317)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (1,770,875) (7,766,955) (939,448) 45,726 (1,752,765) (12,184,317)				
	-	742,888 742,888	742,888 742,888				
-	(12,184,317)	742,888	(11,441,429)				
	9,547,352	-	9,547,352				
	3,709,723 115,797 1,421,120 85,578	- - -	3,709,723 115,797 1,421,120 85,578				
_	727,773 660,606 253,029 196,906	- - 9,984 	727,773 660,606 263,013 196,906				
_	16,717,884	9,984	16,727,868				
	4,533,567	752,872	5,286,439				
-	(9,440,292)	5,100,798	(4,339,494)				
\$ <u>.</u>	(4,906,725)	\$ <u>5,853,670</u>	\$ 946,945				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2009

	General	22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund	Capital Projects
ASSETS	4.040.400		.
Cash and investments	\$ 4,246,403	\$ 41,883	\$ 491,364
Receivables (net of allowance) Property taxes	0 477 447	4 005 040	
Intergovernmental	2,177,117 1,179,794	1,865,318	-
Accounts	1,179,794	~	_
Other	621,491		_
Restricted cash and investments	-	10,943,355	- 864,581
Due from other funds	17,074	10,040,000	-
Prepaid items	303,970	~	
Advances to other funds	45,762	-	5,300,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>8,591,611</u>	\$ <u>12,850,556</u>	\$ <u>6,655,945</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 181,387	\$ ~	\$ 4,093
Accrued payroll	146,539	-	-
Other liabilities	4,850	-	-
Firefighters' pension fund payable Police pension fund payable	1,016,786	-	-
Due to other funds	1,005,851	-	-
Deferred revenues	300,000 2,588,856	- 1,865,318	-
Advances from other funds	5,300,000	-	-
Total Liabilities	10,544,269	1,865,318	4,093
(ottal maximus		1,000,010	4,000
Fund Balances			
Reserved			
Reserved for prepaid items	303,970	-	-
Reserved for debt service	-	10,943,355	864,581
Reserved for advances to other funds	45,762	-	5,300,000
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:			
General fund (deficit)	(2,302,390)		-
Special revenue funds	-	41,883	-
Debt service funds	-		407.07.1
Capital projects funds Total Fund Ralances (deficit)	(4.050.650)	10.005.000	487,271
Total Fund Balances (deficit)	(1,952,658)	10,985,238	<u>6,651,852</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>8,591,611</u>	\$ <u>12,850,556</u>	\$ <u>6,655,945</u>

<u>D</u>	ebt Service		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Totals				
\$	466,983	\$	3,863,769	\$	9,110,402			
	490,367		572,979 16,502 44,329 - - - - -		5,105,781 1,196,296 44,329 621,491 11,807,936 17,074 303,970 5,345,762			
\$	957,350	\$_	4,497,579	\$	33,553,041			
\$	- - - - - 487,392 - 487,392	\$	302,020 - - - - 17,074 563,796 45,762 928,652	\$	487,500 146,539 4,850 1,016,786 1,005,851 317,074 5,505,362 5,345,762 13,829,724			
	- - - 469,958 - 469,958		- - 3,568,927 - 3,568,927		303,970 11,807,936 5,345,762 (2,302,390) 3,610,810 469,958 487,271 19,723,317			
\$	957,350	\$_	4,497,579	\$	33,553,041			



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2009

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	19,723,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note III C.		8,924,472
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		422.050
earned in the government-wide statements.		433,059
Investments held for resale in the governmental fund are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		2,805,541
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable		(36,047,777)
Compensated absences		(243,135)
Accrued interest		(622,120)
Unamortized debt discount, premium, and issuance costs		222,669
Net OPEB Obligation	_	(102,7 <u>51</u>)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(4,906,725)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

·	General	22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund	Capital Projects
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 3,767,175	\$ 3,895,830	\$ -
Other taxes	4,847,409	600,000	-
Intergovernmental	1,318,482	-	-
Licenses and permits	422,894	-	=
Investment income	67,121	90,408	25,454
Charges for services	603,426	-	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	131,699	_	_
Miscellaneous	185,520	_	57,200
Total Revenues		4 506 220	
rotarrievenues	11,343,726	4,586,238	82,654
CVDCMDITIESCO			
EXPENDITURES Current			
	4 400 7700	45.400	~~ ~~ 4
General government	1,108,700	15,138	52,581
Public safety	8,463,625	-	-
Streets	1,418,379	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-
Employee benefits	**	-	-
Debt Service			
Debt service - principal	345,000	2,085,000	_
Debt service - interest and fees	156,826	1,286,319	_
Cost of issuance	~	-	_
Capital outlay	101,170	-	_
Total Expenditures	11,593,700	3,386,457	52,581
Total Exportation	11,000,700	0,000,407	02,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures, before other			
	(040.074)	1 400 704	20.070
financing sources and (uses)	(249,974)	<u>1,199,781</u>	<u>30,073</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bonds issued		-	-
Sale of capital assets	13,815	-	-
Transfers in	-	_	-
Transfers (out)	(186,500)	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(172,685)	-	_
3	/		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(422,659)	1,199,781	30,073
Not offange in Fund Balances	(422,009)	1,100,701	30,073
THAID DALANOTO Devinging (AV. (D. 5.9)	/4 500 000	A 7A5 /55	0.004
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year (Deficit)	(1,529,999)	<u>9,785,457</u>	<u>6,621,779</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR (DEFICIT)	\$ <u>(1,952,658</u>)	\$ <u>10,985,238</u>	\$ <u>6,651,852</u>

Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 834,536 - - - 38,173 - - - 872,709	\$ 1,049,811 	\$ 9,547,352 5,447,409 1,608,881 422,894 253,029 1,196,506 142,016 242,720 18,860,807
	346,216 142,624 82,200 388,206 290,239	1,522,635 8,606,249 1,500,579 388,206 290,239
1,450,000 402,348 16,000 1,868,348	1,249,485	3,880,000 1,845,493 16,000 101,170 18,150,571
(995,639)	725,995	710,236
780,000 190,045 - 970,045	186,500 (190,045) (3,545)	780,000 13,815 376,545 (376,545) 793,815
(25,594)	722,450	1,504,051
495,552	2,846,477	18,219,266
\$ <u>469,958</u>	\$ <u>3,568,927</u>	\$ <u>19,723,317</u>



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,504,051
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net assets the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements.	468,565 (487,851)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	(14,538)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Payment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Debt issued	(780,000)
Debt principal paid	3,880,000
Some of the bonds issued in the current year are accretion bonds. Accretion of the bonds during the year increases the carrying value of the bonds and will be repaid using future year resources. The current year's accretion is charged to interest expense in the Statement of Activities.	(41,478)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net assets, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Debt discount and issuance costs Amortization	(57,516) 4,084
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Net OPEB Obligation Accrued interest on debt	 111,689 (102,751) 49,312
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,533,567

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND April 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance)	\$ 1,310,837
Accounts	167,743
Restricted Assets Restricted cash and investments Total Current Assets	367 1,478,947
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets	
Land Buildings and improvements	68,195 16,885
Machinery, equipment and furnishings	632,645
Infrastructure	8,715,717
Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Non-Current Assets	(4,624,292) 4,809,150
	4,609,150
Total Assets	6,288,097
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Revenue bonds - current portion	169,797 5,613 83,286
Total Current Liabilities	<u></u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-Term Debt Revenue bonds - (net of unamortized	
discount or premium) Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>175,731</u> <u>175,731</u>
Total Liabilities	434,427
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital asset, net of related debt Unrestricted	4,550,132
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ <u>5,853,670</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
	<u> </u>
OPERATING REVENUES Water sales Sewer charges	\$ 2,281,594 361,968
Penalties	51,161
Miscellaneous	<u>141,966</u>
Total Operating Revenues	2,836,689
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Source of supply	1,211,792
Transmission and distribution	512,368
Customer accounting and collections	
Joint Water Commission	15,602
	995
Personnel services	85,477
Contractual services	11,800
Commodities	7,858
Depreciation	236,440
Total Operating Expenses	2,082,332
Operating Income	754,357
MONODEDATING DEVENUES (EXPENSES)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income	9,984
	,
Interest expense	(11,469)
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues	(4.405)
(Expenses)	(1,485)
Change in net assets	752,872
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	5,100,798
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,853,670

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 2,846,829 (1,677,633) (206,346)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	<u>9,984</u> 9,984
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Debt retired	(80,374)
Interest paid Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net (Decrease) Cash Flows From	(30,374) (11,469) (293,926)
Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(385,769</u>)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning	587,065
of Year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	<u>724,139</u>
END OF YEAR	\$ <u>1,311,204</u>

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>Sewerage</u>
Operating income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 754,357
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities	236,440
Accounts receivable Accounts payable	10,140 (35,555)
Accrued payroll	(2,532)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$962,850
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Cash and investments - statement of net	
assets Restricted cash and investments -	\$ 1,310,837
statement of net assets	367
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$1,311,204

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2009

ASSETS	<u>Per</u>	nsion Trusts	_Age	ency Fund
Cash	\$	788,816	\$	14,517
Investments	Φ	700,010	Ψ	14,517
Money markets		694,559		
State and local obligations		1,123,685		-
U.S Government securities		17,123,003		-
Mutual funds		9,804,281		-
Stocks		1,265,422		-
Receivables - (net)		1,200,422		-
Accrued interest		232,995		
Employee contributions		821		-
Assessment receivable		021		- 18,479
Prepaid items		6,935		10,479
Due from primary government		2,022,637		300,000
Reserve for uncollectibles		(2,022,637)		300,000
Total Assets		31,022,03 <i>1</i>)	***************************************	332,996
TOTAL MOSELS		31,027,307		332,990
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		6,299		_
For special assessment expenditures		-		280,395
Special assessment bonds payable		-		52,601
Total Liabilities	\$	6,299	\$	332,996
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is				
presented in the required supplementary information)	\$	31,021,088	\$	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

ADDITIONS	Pension Trusts
Contributions	
Employer Plan mambara	\$ 2,209,181
Plan members Total Contributions	363,437 2,572,618
Investment income	
Interest and dividends	1,227,694
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	<u>(6,571,510</u>)
Total Investment Income	(5,343,816)
Less Investment expenses Net Investment Income	<u>78,852</u>
Total Additions	(5,422,668) (2,850,050)
DEDUCTIONS	**************************************
Administration	100,081
Benefits	2,969,708
Refunds of contributions	<u>156,462</u>
Total Deductions	3,226,251
Change in Net Assets	(6,076,301)
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	37,097,389
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>31,021,088</u>



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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Broadview, Illinois (the "Village") was incorporated in 1914. The Village is a non home-rule municipality, under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, located in Cook County, Illinois. The Village operates under a Mayor-Trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire protection), highways and streets, sanitation (water and sewer), health and social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of Broadview, Illinois conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village of Broadview. The reporting entity for the Village consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable for the organization. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) The primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements the village does not have any discretely presented component units to include within these financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Blended Component Units

The Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS) is established for the Village's police employees. PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two police employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Currently, the valuation and assumptions relied upon is provided by the Department of Insurance of the State of Illinois. Although it possesses many characteristics of a legally separate government, PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's police employees and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Police Pension Board 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, IL

The Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS) is established for the Village's firefighters. FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two fire employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Currently, the valuation and assumptions relied upon is provided by the Department of Insurance of the State of Illinois. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's firefighters because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Firefighters' Pension Board 2400 South 25th Street Broadview, IL

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund - is used to account for incremental real estate and sales tax revenues received from Village Square Tax Increment Financing District that are to be used for the development of the Redevelopment Project Area at 22nd Street and 17th Avenue.

Debt Service Fund - accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt other than TIF or enterprise fund debt.

The Capital Projects Fund - is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for major capital purchased for governmental operations.

The Village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewerage Fund - accounts for operations of the sewerage and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

The Village reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Garbage Motor Fuel Tax

Emergency Telephone System 27th / 23rd Street TIF Redevelopment

Illinois Municipal Retirement
Community Development Block Grant
(CDBG)
Roosevelt Road TIF
17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Pension trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans.

Police Pension Fund Firefighters' Pension Fund

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Special Assessment

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

The business-type activities follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred revenues. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

The Village reports deferred revenues on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the Village has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The enterprise fund follows all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and has elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewerage Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Illinois Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool.

Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and the Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and equity securities. The police pension fund's investment policy allows investments in all of the above listed accounts, but does exclude any repurchase agreements. The firefighters' pension fund allows funds to be invested in any type of security authorized by the Illinois Pension Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Certain deposits of the 22nd and 17th Avenue Tax Increment Financing District are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted based on the Redevelopment agreement for the Tax Increment Financing District.

The Village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy may invest up to forty-five percent of the plan's net assets in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy states up to forty-five percent of the aggregate book value of assets of the fund may be invested in qualified equity securities that meet specific restrictions.

Interest Rate Risk

The Village's formal investment policy states the portfolio should provide a comparable rate of return during a market / economic environment of stable interest rates. Portfolio performance should be compared to benchmarks with similar maturity, liquidity and credit quality as the portfolio. The Village set an investment bank's 1-3 year Governmental Bond Index as its initial benchmark. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding two years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

The Pensions' investment policies seek to ensure preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance to safety of principal and liquidity. The Police Pension's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities. The Firefighters' Pension's policy does not limit investment maturities except as part of statutory requirements, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Over a full business cycle (3-5 years) it is the goal of the Firefighters' Pension to get a return on investments that meets or exceeds the rate of 8%. The portfolio will be managed with an average duration ranging from one to ten years. However, all of the policies require the Village's and pensions' investment portfolios to be sufficiently liquid to enable the Village and pensions to meet all operating requirements as they come due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Credit Risk

State Statutes limit the investments in commercial paper to the top three ratings of two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). The Village's and pension's investment policies authorize investments in any type of security allowed for in Illinois statutes regarding the investment of public funds. As of April 30, 2009, all of the Village's applicable other investments had either "AAA" or "A-1+" ratings with their applicable rating agency. The Police Pension's investment policy prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return." The Police Pension Fund's investments in the securities of U.S. government agencies were all rated triple A by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services, except for two issues that were unrated. Unrated investments were Federal National Mortgage Association \$17,868 par value, 6% interest rate maturing April 1, 2011, and Federal National Mortgage Association \$100,982 par value, 6% interest rate maturing May 1, 2024.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Village's and pensions' investment policies require diversification of the investment portfolio to minimize risk of loss resulting from over-concentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity.

The Police Pension does not have a formal written policy with regards to concentration credit risk for investments. At April 30, 2009, the Police Pension Fund has over 5% of net plan assets invested in various agency securities as indicated in the table in Note III A. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and as mentioned earlier are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy has a stated preferred target that 60 percent of its portfolio be in fixed income securities, 30 percent target in equities with the remaining 10 percent cash and equivalents.

The Firefighter's investment policy has a preferred target that not less than 55 percent of its portfolio be in fixed income securities and up to 45 percent may be invested in qualified equity securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured with collateralization pledged by the applicable financial institution held at an independent - third party institution in the name of the municipality.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

With respect to investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The firefighters' pension's investment policy requires all investments to be registered in the name of the fund, however, it does not specifically address these risks.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is an investment pool managed by its Board of Trustees, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. IMET is not registered with the SEC as investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. It is subject to the State of Illinois' regulations. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

See Note III. A. for further information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables

Property taxes for levy year 2008 attaches as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2008, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December following the lien date (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). The 2009 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1, 2009, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2009, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December 2009, and therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2009.

Tax bills for levy year 2009 are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1, 2009 and September 1, 2009, and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2009 and October 1, 2009 or within 30 days of the tax bills being issued.

The county collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2008 property tax levy is recognized as a receivable and deferral in fiscal 2009, net the allowance for uncollectible. As the taxes become available to finance current expenditures, they are recognized as revenues. At April 30, 2009, the property taxes receivable and deferred tax revenue consisted of the estimated amount collectible from the 2008 levy.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days (\$36,404) comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 1 percent (\$96,819) of outstanding property taxes at April 30, 2009. Other accounts receivable is shown net at \$121,159 for uncollectibles.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net assets.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,500 for general capital assets and \$1,500 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	50	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

6. Compensated Absences:

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

7. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year end for both premiums/discounts and gains/losses, as applicable, is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net assets.

8. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

9. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Reserved fund balance is that portion of fund balance that is not available for the subsequent year's budget due to legal restrictions or resources which are not available for current spending. Unreserved fund balance includes funds set aside by management for specific uses, which are labeled "designated". The balance of unreserved fund balance is labeled "undesignated", which indicates it is available for appropriation. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

10. Investments Held for Resale

The Village's investments held for resale includes land that is being held for sale for future development of the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the Board of Trustees. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to April 30, the Village finance director submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year of the general fund and special revenue funds.

The Village is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the Village Board. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Village finance director is authorized to transfer budget amounts between department within any fund; however, the Village Board must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Funds		Budgeted Expenditures	_	Actual Expenditures	Excess Expenditures Over Budget			
General 22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Illinois Municipal Retirement Community Development Block Grant	\$	11,436,909 3,378,911 214,000	\$	11,593,700 3,386,457 290,239	\$	156,791 7,546 76,239		
(CDBG) Roosevelt Road TIF 17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment Debt Service		71,000 114,000 22,500 1,864,858		82,200 161,773 25,654 1,868,348		11,200 47,773 3,154 3,490		

The Village controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the Village's year-end budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of April 30, 2009, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund		Amount	Reason
General	\$	1,952,658	Prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing
Community Development Block Grant		18,175	Operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing
17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment		48,808	Operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing
Illinois Municipal Retirement		2,904	Operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 23 years. General fund and Illinois Municipal Retirement fund deficits are anticipated to be funded with future contributions, general tax revenues, or long-term borrowing. The Community Development Block Grant deficit will be funded by future grant awards.

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net assets and balance sheet as cash and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value			Statement Balances	Associated Risks			
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$	2,150 7,990,478	Ç	\$ - 8,035,945	N/A Interest rate risk; Custodial Credit Risk -			
Other investments	-	45,038,067		45,038,067	Deposits Interest rate risk; Credit risk; Concentration of credit risk; Custodial Credit Risk - Investments			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$_	53,030,695		\$ <u>53,074,012</u>				
Reconciliation to financial statements								
Per statement of net assets Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net assets- fiduciary funds Pension - Cash Pension - Money markets Pension - State and local obligations Pension - U.S. Government securities Pension - Mutual funds Pension - Stocks Agency	\$	10,421,239 11,808,303 788,816 694,559 1,123,685 17,109,873 9,804,281 1,265,422 14,517						
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	53,030,695						

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and unlimited amounts for noninterest bearing accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.) A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.) Custodial Credit Risk (cont.) Deposits (cont.) As of April 30, 2009, \$220,486 of the Village's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows: Uninsured and uncollateralized \$220,486

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Village does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Village held investments in the following external pools which are not rated:

Illinois Funds IMET

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk (cont.)

At April 30, 2009, equity investments of the Police Pension Fund represented 47% of total assets. The Police Pension Board has diversified its equity mutual fund holdings as follows:

Vanguard Institutional Index Fund - \$2,404,552
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund - \$1,290,038
T Rowe Price Growth Fund - \$1,260,728
RS Global Fund - \$629,983
Baron Small Cap Fund - \$586,776
Ishares TR Fund - \$406,031
Royce Total Ret. Inst. Fund - \$387,337
William Blair International Growth Fund - \$348,609
Vanguard International Explorer Fund - \$295,882
Bridgeway Ultra Fund - \$272,490
FBR Small Cap Fund - \$266,911
First Eagle Overseas Fund - \$259,838
Vanguard International Explorer Fund - \$240,355
Royce Total Fund - \$218,632
Royce Premier Fund - \$58,929

At April 30, 2009, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Issuer	Issuer Investment Type	
Firefighters' Pension		
U.S. Government	Federal Home Loan Mortgage	7.69%
	Corporation Note	
	Federal Home Loan Bank	22.51%
	Federal National Mortgagte	15.67%
	Association Note	
	Government National Mortgage Association	11.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of April 30, 2009, the primary government investments were as follows:

	Maturity (In Years)							
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 5 Years						
Money Market Mutual Funds Illinois Funds Illinois Metropolitan	\$ 13,472,084 42,370	\$ 13,472,084 42,370						
Investment Fund U.S. Treasury Notes	81,122 <u>864,581</u>	81,122 <u>864,581</u>						
Totals	\$ <u>14,460,157</u>	\$ <u>14,460,157</u>						

Fire Pension Fund:

	Maturity (In Years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value		ess than 5		5-10	More than 10		
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	580,090	\$	580,090	\$	-	\$	-	
Government National Mortgage Association		1,649,273		m		140,643		1,508,630	
U.S. Treasuries		623,003		163,564		-		459,439	
FNMA Pool		393,819		-		283,921		109,898	
FHLMC Remic		126,949		-		-		126,949	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		1,153,360		1,153,360		•		-	
Federal Home Loan Bank		3,376,315		3,046,321		329,994		_	
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,349,881		558,992	_	1,536,339	_	254,550	
Totals	\$_	10,252,690	\$_	5,502,327	\$ <u>_</u>	2,290,897	\$_	2,459,466	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Police Pension Fund:

Maturity (In Years) Investment Type Fair Value 6-10 Less than 1 1-5 More Than 10 State & Local Obligations 1,123,685 \$ 277,949 \$ 754,960 \$ 90,776 U.S. Treasury Notes 1,662,238 584,125 1,078,113 U.S. Treasury Strips 656,016 656,016 Governmental National Mortgage 114.407 111,696 2,711 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1,124,042 639,732 484,310 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. 150,950 150,950 Federal Home Loan Bank 3,472,711 150,500 626,772 1,916,883 778,556 Federal National Mortgage Assn. 256,909 162,827 94,082 Money Market Mutual Funds 694,559 <u>694,559</u> 9,255,517 845,059 3,732,466 3,805,949 872,043 Totals

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund	th / 17th TIF development		Debt Service		/ater and ewerage_		lonmajor nd Other Funds		Totals
Receivables											
Property taxes	\$	2,216,525	\$ 1,903,392	\$	499,038	\$		\$	583,646	\$	5,202,601
Replacement taxes		126,060	-		-		-		-		126,060
Income taxes		206,394	-		~		-		-		206,394
Local use taxes		25,230	-		-		-		-		25,230
Sales taxes		822,110	-		-		-		~		822,110
Utility taxes		290,452	-		~		-		-		290,452
Business licenses		2,182	-		-		~		-		2,182
Fire protection		129,333	-		-		-				129,333
Ambulance billings		259,670	-		~		-		-		259,670
Motor fuel taxes		~	-		-		<u>~</u>		16,502		16,502
Other		57,437	-		-		-		••		57,437
Accounts		-	 	_	-		204,147		44,329	_	248,476
Gross receivables		4,135,393	1,903,392		499,038		204,147		644,477		7,386,447
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(156,991)	 (38,074)	_	(8,671)		(36,404)		(10,666)		(250,806)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	3,978,402	\$ 1,865,318	\$_	490,367	\$_	167,743	\$_	633,811	\$_	7,135,641

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		 Unearned	Totals		
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year	\$	-	\$ 5,072,303	\$	5,072,303	
Sales taxes receivable		273,309	_		273,309	
Local use taxes receivable		9,025	-		9,025	
Simplified telecommunication tax		50,072			50,072	
State income tax		100,653	 -		100,653	
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	433,059	\$ 5,072,303	\$	5,505,362	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

Under the accrual method deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in the period earned. An exception in Illinois is real estate taxes, whereby the intent of the village is to finance the following year's operations with those monies. Therefore, these amounts will remain deferred revenue or unearned for the government-wide statements.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2009, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ <u>1,491,927</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,491,927</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,491,927	***		1,491,927
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	4,070,000	-	-	4,070,000
Vehicles	3,283,764	45,104	77,369	3,251,499
Equipment	887,701	-	-	887,701
Infrastructure	7,923,473	<u>423,461</u>	-	<u>8,346,934</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	16,164,938	<u>468,565</u>	77,369	16,556,134
Total Capital Assets	<u>17,656,865</u>	468,565	77,369	<u> 18,048,061</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(1,717,100)	(81,400)	-	(1,798,500)
Vehicles	(2,289,169)	(145,346)	77,369	(2,357,146)
Equipment	(590,907)	(75,710)	=	(666,617)
Infrastructure Total Accumulated	(4,115,931)	(185,395)		<u>(4,301,326</u>)
Depreciation	(8,713,107)	(487,851)	77,369	(9,123,589)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	7,451,831	(19,286)	-	7,432,545
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 8,943,758	\$ (19,286)	\$ -	\$ 8,924,472

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONT.)										
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:										
Governmental Activities Administration Public Safety Highways and Streets				\$ 68,501 177,389 <u>241,961</u>						
Total Governmental Activities Depr	\$ <u>487,851</u>									
Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance						
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ <u>68,195</u> 68,195	\$	\$	\$ <u>68,195</u> 68,195						
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	16,885 632,645 8,421,791	- - 293,926 293,926		16,885 632,645 8,715,717 9,365,247						
Total Capital Assets	9,139,516	293,926		9,433,442						
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,885) (332,666) (4,038,301) (4,387,852)	(7,181) (229,259) (236,440)	- - -	(16,885) (339,847) (4,267,560) (4,624,292)						
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4,683,469	57,486	140	<u>4,740,955</u>						
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ <u>4,751,664</u>	\$ <u>57,486</u>	\$	\$ <u>4,809,150</u>						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities

Water and Sewerage

236,440

Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense

236,440

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Agency	Nonmajor General	\$ 17,074 300,000
Total - Fund Financial Statements		 317,074
Less: Fund eliminations		(17,074)
Less: Fiduciary fund elimina	ations	 (300,000)
Total Internal Balances - Net Assets	Government-Wide Statement of	\$ <u>-</u>

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is because of shortfall in respective funds thus creating short-term interfund loans.

The Village has interfund liabilities payable to the Police and Firefighters' Pension funds as of April 30, 2009 of \$1,005,851 and \$1,016,786, respectively. These liabilities are due to delaying the remittances of employer contributions to the respective funds.

For the statement of net assets, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.	NOTE III -	- DETAILED	NOTES	ON ALL	FUNDS (cont.)
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D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	-	Amount Not le Within One Year
Capital Projects General	General Nonmajor	\$_	5,300,000 45,762	\$	5,300,000 45,762
Total - Fund Financial Statements			5,345,762		
Less: Fund eliminations		<u> </u>	(5,345,762)		
Total - Interfund Advance of Net Assets	es - Government-Wide Statement	\$			

The principal purpose of these interfunds is is because of a shortfall in respective funds thus creating long-term interfund loans.

For the statement of net assets, interfund advances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount	Principal Purpose
Nonmajor Debt Service	General Nonmajor	\$ 186,500 190,045	To fund operating deficits To fund debt service
Total - Fund Financial S	tatements	 376,545	
Less: Fund eliminations	6	 (376,545)	
Total Transfers - Go of Activities	vernment-Wide Statement	\$ _	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Transfers (cont.)

For the statement of activities, interfund transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended April 30, 2009, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		mounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable						-			
General obligation debt Tax increment financing bonds Deferred refunding Unamoritized premium	\$	13,682,345 25,305,000 (17,398) 110,577	\$ 821,478 - - -	\$	1,795,000 2,085,000 (8,700) 12,784	\$	12,708,823 23,220,000 (8,698) 97,793	\$	1,910,000 2,190,000 - ~
Sub-totals		39,080,524	 821,478		3,884,084	_	36,017,918	_	4,100,000
Other Liabilities Compensated absences IEPA Brownsfields revolving		354,824	420,651		532,340		243,135		199,577
loan		118,954			-		118,954		-
Net OPEB Obligation Total Other Liabilities	_	473,778	 102,751 523,402	_	532,340	_	102,751 464,840		199,577
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	39,554,302	\$ 1,344,880	\$_	4,416,424	\$_	36,482,758	\$ <u></u>	4,299,577
Business-type Activities Bonds and Notes Payable Revenue notes Sub-totals	\$	339,391 339,391	\$ 	\$	80,374 80,374	\$_	259,017 259,017	\$	83,286 83,286
Other Liabilities Compensated absences Total Other Liabilities		2,531 2,531	 5,796 5,796		8,327 8,327	_	-	_	
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	341,922	\$ 5,796	\$	88,701	\$_	259,017	\$	83,286

The Village is subject to the Illinois Municipal Code, which limits the amount of certain indebtedness to 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the Village. As of April 30, 2009, the statutory debt limit for the Village was \$24,139,030, providing a debt margin of \$23,274,030.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Original Rates Indebtedness				Balance 04/30/09
General Obligation Corporate			5.75%-				
Purpose Bond	1994	12/1/2009	6.80%	\$	855,000	\$	85,000
Limited Tax General			2.00%-				
Obligation Bond	2004B	12/1/2009	2.90%		1,040,000		185,000
Alternative Revenue General							
Obligation Bond	2005A	12/1/2010	4.00%		1,705,000		725,000
Alternative Revenue General			5.00%~				
Obligation Bond	2005B	12/1/2015	5.50%		2,140,000		2,140,000
Alternative Revenue General			2.00%				
Obligation Bond	2003B	12/1/2022	2.90%		8,200,000		8,020,000
Alternative Revenue General							
Obligation Bond (Capital			2.70%~				
Appreciation Bonds)	2003A	6/1/2022	5.50%		1,690,000		773,823
Limited Tax General							
Obligation Bond	2008	12/1/2009	4.00%		780,000		780,000

Total Governmental Activities - General Obligation Debt

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities General Obligation Deb						
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest				
2010	\$	1,910,000	\$	525,365				
2011		885,000		470,260				
2012		920,000		436,260				
2013		960,000		397,010				
2014		1,000,000		354,948				
2015-2019		4,130,000		1,152,893				
2020-2023	uma	3,080,000		367,900				
Totals	\$	12,885,000	\$	3,704,636				

\$ 12,708,823

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewerage fund.

The Village has pledged future revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$1,295,000 million in revenue bonds issued in 1991. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Village's wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through the 2012 fiscal year. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require \$91,844 of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$275,532. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$91,844 and \$2,836,689, respectively.

Revenue debt payable at April 30, 2009, consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

Water and Sewerage	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Origin Indebted		 alance 4/30/09
Revenue Note Series of 1991	1991	12/31/2011	3.59%	\$ 1,295	,000 \$	\$ 259,017
Total Business-type Activities	s Revenue	Debt			4	\$ 259,017

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt						
<u>Years</u>	F	Principal	1	nterest			
2010 2011 2012	\$	83,286 86,302 89,429	\$	8,558 5,542 2,415			
Totals	\$	259,017	\$	16,515			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Tax Increment Financing Bonds

Tax increment financing bonds are payable from incremental taxes derived from a separately created tax increment financing district.

Tax Increment Financing Bonds at April 30, 2009, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 04/30/09	
Tax Increment Financing Bond Series of 1999 Tax Increment Financing Bond	1999	4/30/2016	4.00% - 5.375%	\$ 33,695,000	\$ 17,970,000	
Series of 2004 - Developer Note	2004	12/31/2017	5.00%	5,000,000	5,250,000	
Total Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds						

The developer note includes \$250,000 of capitalized interest.

The Village has pledged future revenues, net of specific operating expenses, to repay \$38,695,000 in TIF Revenue bonds issued in 1999 and 2004. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Village's economic development. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through the 2017 fiscal year. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require \$262,500 - \$5,304,688 of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$28,927,833. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$3,350,911 and \$4,586,230, respectively.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds					
<u>Years</u>	Principa		Interest				
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2018	\$ 2,190, 2,305, 2,425, 2,550, 2,685, 11,065,	000 000 000 000	1,157,420 1,041,069 916,906 786,313 647,216 1,158,909				
Totals	\$23,220,		5,707,833				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. IEPA BROWNSFIELD REVOLVING LOAN

In the prior year, the Village entered into an agreement with the IEPA to receive a \$300,000 revolving loan to fund cleanup activities at the former Broadview Quick Wash site.

According to the agreement, the Village has two years to use the funds.

There are a number of provisions and covenants contained in the loan agreement. If the site is sold, leased, traded, or developed within 15 years of the agreement, the Village must repay between 0% and 80% of the proceeds. Otherwise, the Village has no obligation to repay the loan. The Village is in compliance with all significant provisions and covenants. However, as a conservative measure, the Village has recorded a liability on its Net Asset Statement for 80% of the proceeds received.

G. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES

Net assets reported on the government wide statement of net assets at April 30, 2009, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		
Land	\$	1,491,927
Infrastructure		4,045,608
Buildings		2,271,500
Machinery and equipment		221,084
Vehicles		894,353
Less: Long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt		
proceeds)		(3,956,80 <u>5</u>)
Total Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	******	4,967,667
Restricted		
Streets and highways		584,923
Economic Development		2,624,682
Total Restricted		3,209,605
Unrestricted (deficit)		(13,083,997)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ <u></u>	(4,906,725)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at April 30, 2009, include the following:

Reserved Major Funds		
General Fund		
Prepaid items	\$	303,970
Advance to other funds		45,762
Total	\$	349,732
Special Revenue Fund		
Reserved for debt service	\$	10,943,355
Total	\$	10,943,355
Capital Projects Fund Reserved for debt service Reserved for advances	\$	864,581 5,300,000
Total	\$	6,164,581
Unreserved (undesignated) (deficit) Major Funds		
General fund	\$	(2,302,390)
Capital projects fund	•	487,271
22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund		41,883
Debt Service fund	-	469,958
Total	\$	(1,303,278)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

_					
G.	NET	Assets/	FUND.	BALANCES	(cont.)

Governmental Funds (cont.)

Unreserved (cont.)		
Non-Major Funds Special Revenue Funds		
Garbage Illinois Municipal Retirement	\$	123,087
Motor Fuel Tax		(2,904) 584,923
CDBG		(18,175)
Emergency Telephone System Roosevelt Road TIF		306,122 2,609,844
27th/23rd TIF Redevelopment		14,838
17th Avenue North - TIF Redevelopment		(48,808)
Total	\$	3,568,927
Business-type Activities		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		
Land Infrastructure	\$	68,195
Machinery and equipment		4,448,157 292,797
Less: Long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt		•
proceeds) Total Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		(259,017) 4,550,132
	•	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Unrestricted	<u></u>	1,303,538
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$	5,853,670

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Descriptions

The Village contributes to three defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefits levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan do issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after 8 years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months's earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings for each year thereafter. IMRF provides credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by Illinois Compiled Statutes. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the coverage of its own employees in IMRF, as specified by statute. For calendar year 2008, the Village's required contribution rate was 4.36%.

Police Pension

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2009, the Police Pension membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	\$ 28
Current employees: Active Plan Members	 27
Total	\$ 55

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The police pension fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Participants attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one half of the salary attached to the rank on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 1993 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is fully funded by the year 2033. For the year ended April 30, 2009, the Village's contribution was 49.10% of covered payroll.

Firefighters' Pension

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2009, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	\$ 32
Current employees: Vested	 26
Total	\$ 58

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Participants attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Participants contribute a fixed percentage of their base salary to the plans. At April 30, 2009, the contribution percentage was 9.455%. If a participant leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated participant contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 1993 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is fully funded by the year 2033. For the year ended April 30, 2009, the Village's contribution was 54.68% of covered payroll.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans

Basis of Accounting. The financial statements of the pension fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. The Village's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximated fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Annual Pension Cost

The Village annual required contribution for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

TOHOWS.	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2008	April 30, 2008	April 30, 2008
Contribution rates:			•
Employer	4.36%	42.10%	54.68%
Employee	4.50%	9.46%	9.91%
Annual required contribution	\$52,506	\$940,774	\$1,086,418
Contributions made	\$52,506	\$907,305	\$1,296,572
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal 5 year smoothed	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market	Market	Market
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization period	24 years, closed	30 years, closed	26 years, closed
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.00%	7.00%
	Compounded annually	Compounded annually	Compounded annually
Projected salary increases	0.4 to 11.6%	5.50%	5.50%
Inflation rate included	4.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Net Pension Obligation

The Village has not obtained an independent actuarial report and, as such, has not calculated a net pension obligation or its components. The ARC and acturial assumptions have been provided by the Illinois Department of Insurance and do not meet the requirements of disclosure under GASB statement No. 27.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

benefits when due.	Fiscal Year	ois Municipal etirement	Police Pension	 Firefighters' Pension
Annual required contribution				
(ARC)	2008 2007 2006	\$ 52,506 \$ 84,805 96,629	940,774 729,152 760,591	\$ 1,086,418 1,051,062 1,067,817
Contributions made	2008 2007 2006	\$ 52,506 \$ 84,805 96,629	907,305 774,104 746,304	\$ 1,296,572 1,146,514 1,017,908
Percentage of APC contributed	2008 2007 2006	100% 100% 100%	94.44 106.16 98.12	119.34 109.08 95.32
Net pension obligation	2008 2007 2006	\$ - - -	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

PENSION SEGMENT INFORMATION

Fiduciary Net Assets

	Pension Trust			
		Police Pension	Fire Pension	Totals
		1 0113/011	1 80 1 01101011	101010
Assets				
Cash	\$	1,216	\$ 787,600	\$ 788,816
Investments				
Money markets		694,559	-	694,559
State and local obligations		1,123,685	~	1,123,685
U.S. Government securities		7,437,273	9,672,600	17,109,873
Mutual funds		6,639,444	3,164,837	9,804,281
Stocks		••	1,265,422	1,265,422
Prepaid items		6,935	-	6,935
Receivables - (net allowances for uncollectibles)				
Accrued interest		125,571	107,424	232,995
Employee contributions		-	821	821
Due from primary government		1,005,851	1,016,786	2,022,637
Reserve for uncollectibles	_	(1,005,851)	(1,016,786)	(2,022,637)
Total assets	_	16,028,683	14,998,704	31,027,387
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$_	4,837	\$ <u>1,462</u>	\$ <u>6,299</u>
Total liabilities	_	4,837	1,462	6,299
Net assets				
Total Fund Balance	\$_	16,023,846	\$ <u>14,997,242</u>	\$ <u>31,021,088</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Changes in Plan Net Assets

	Pension Trust	
	Police	
	Pension Fire Pension Tota	als
Additions		
Contributions	A 00m 00m 4 1 00 / 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Employer		9,181
Plan members		<u>3,437</u>
Total contributions	<u> 1,100,408 </u>	<u> 2,618</u>
Investment Income		
Interest and dividends	688,377 539,317 1,22	7,694
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	·	1,510)
Total Investment income		3,816)
Less investment expenses	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,852
Net investment income		
Total additions		2,668)
Total additions	<u>(1,428,448)</u> <u>(1,421,602)</u> <u>(2,85</u>	0,050)
Deductions		
Administration	\$ 46,537 \$ 53,544 \$ 10	0,081
Benefits		9,708
Refunds of contributions		5,462
Total deductions		3,251
Net change in net assets	(2,904,436) (3,171,865) (6,07)	3,301)
	, , ,	,
Net assets - Beginnig of the Year	<u>18,928,282</u>	
Net assets - Beginning of Year	\$ <u>16,023,846</u> \$ <u>14,997,242</u> \$ <u>31,02</u>	<u>1,088</u>

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool

IMLRA

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRA). IMLRA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois, which has formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

In 2006, the Village issued a municipal revenue obligation as part of a development agreement. The amount of the obligation was \$300,000, and is payable to the developer solely from property and sales tax increments collected from a specific portion of the development in Roosevelt Road TIF.

Payments are scheduled through the year 2022 or the maximum obligation, whichever comes first. The obligation does not constitute a charge upon any funds of the Village. In the event that future tax increments are not sufficient to pay off the obligation, the obligation terminates with no further liability to the Village. Since the amount of future payments is contingent on the collection of future TIF increments, the obligation is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. The balance of the commitment outstanding at year end was \$300,000.

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees"). The plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Village's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through personnel policy guidelines and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contribution requirements are established through personnel policy guidelines and may be amended by the action of the governing body. If an employee works for the Village for 20 years or more and is at least 50 years old at retirement, the employee is eligible to receive a \$267 monthly credit to remain on the Village's health insurance plan until age 65. The amount of the monthly insurance premium for the retiree above the \$267 credit is paid by the retiree. Additionally, the Village pays 100% of the insurance cost for disabled police and fire pension employees. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 216,766
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	 216,766 (114,015) 102,751
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - Beginning of Year	
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - End of Year	\$ 102,751

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009:

			Percentage of Annual OPEB	
Fiscal Ye	ar Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Asset
4/30	0/09	216,766	0.00%	-

The year ended April 30, 2009 was the first year of implementation of GASB 45, as such two preceding year's information is not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 3,239,420
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 3,239,420
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4,870,700
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	66%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the May 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 5 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6 percent after years. Both rates include a 3 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of Retiree Health Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2009, was 29 years.

E. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended April 30, 2009, the Village has implmented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits other than Pensions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2009

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

F. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The Village of Broadview has established several Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Areas (RPA's) to encourage redevelopment of certain sites for more market oriented commercial uses of the properties that will enhance their value and improve their contributions to the Village and its surrounding areas. As part of the redevelopment plans, the Village has made significant improvements to utilities, public parking, intersections, and traffic signalization, streets and landscaping. The redevelopment plans also include site preparation, land acquisition and assembly, and demolition/clearance.

Construction and development in the RPA's were the responsibility of developers and are substantially complete. To entice development of the areas, the Village created tax increment financing (TIF) districts to finance public improvements made within the RPA's.

Several funds have been established to record the revenues generated in the RPA's that relate directly to servicing the debt issued to make public improvements in the RPA's.

G. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets and Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. Application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY IN	FORMATION

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2009

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Cost (AR	<u>.C)</u>	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
	12/31/08 12/31/07 12/31/06	\$ 52,5 84,8 96,6	05	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ - - -	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfund AAL (UA		Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/08 12/31/07 12/31/06 12/31/05 12/31/04 12/31/03	\$ 3,335,820 5,021,357 4,438,500 5,021,070 5,403,394 5,082,656	\$ 4,113,473 4,203,536 3,748,367 4,682,039 4,903,302 4,906,011	\$ 777,6 (817,6 (690, (339,6 (500,6 (176,6	821) 119.46% 133) 118.41% 031) 107.24% 092) 110.20%	\$ 1,204,271 1,115,862 1,342,072 1,860,314 1,905,579 2,011,802	64.57% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%

Digest of Changes

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2008 are based on the 2005 - 2007 Experience Study.

The principal changes were:

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2008 is \$1,873,666. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 45.55%.

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	12/31/2008
Actuarial cost method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Amortization method	24 years
Remaining amortization period	Market
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Projected salary increases	0.4% to 11.6%
Inflation factor	4.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2009

	Year Ended	Cost (A	RC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Employer Contribution	
	04/30/2009 04/30/2008 04/30/2007	\$ 940, 729, 760,	152	96.44% 106.16% 98.12%	\$ 907,30 774,10 746,30)4
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
04/30/2008 04/30/2007 04/30/2006 04/30/2005 04/30/2004 04/30/2003	\$19,645,636 18,877,262 17,792,186 16,036,025 15,039,424 14,150,700	\$ 27,103,526 28,713,272 26,506,015 24,221,855 21,724,417 20,151,414	\$ 7,457,890 9,836,010 8,713,829 8,185,830 6,684,993 6,000,714	72.48% 65.74% 67.13% 66.20% 69.23% 70.22%	\$ 1,848,099 1,838,433 2,473,667 2,646,671 2,447,466 2,158,594	403.54% 535.02% 352.26% 309.29% 273.14% 277.99%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	4/30/2008
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	25 years
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Projected salary increases	5.50%
Inflation factor	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

2009 Information per actuarial valuation performed by Tepfar Consulting Group, Ltd., other information provided from the Illinois Division of Insurance. Annual Required Contributions are shown above for the years 2004 to 2008 as recommended by the Illinois Division of Insurance for annual tax levy purposes. This information does not represent the Annual Required Contributions as defined by GASB Statement No. 27.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2009

	Year Ended 04/30/2009 04/30/2008 04/30/2007	Cost (AF \$ 1,086,4 1,051,0 1,067,8	RC) 118 062	Percentage of ARC Contributed 119.34% 109.08% 95.32%	Employer Contributions \$ 1,296,572 1,146,514 1,017,908	<u>2</u> 4
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
04/30/2008 04/30/2007 04/30/2006 04/30/2005 04/30/2004 04/30/2003	\$18,354,936 18,019,534 16,768,003 15,418,393 N/A 15,593,308	\$ 30,386,023 29,161,000 28,241,358 27,021,989 N/A 25,763,281	\$12,031,087 11,141,466 11,473,355 11,603,596 N/A 10,169,973	60.41% 61.79% 59.37 % 57.06 DIV/0 60.53%	\$ 2,371,083 2,568,488 2,532,098 2,532,098 N/A 2,272,549	507.41% 433.78% 453.12 % 458.26 DIV/0 447.51%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	4/30/2008
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	28
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Projected salary increases	5.50%
Inflation factor	3.00
Cost of living adjustments	3.00

Information is provided by the Illinois Division of Insurance. Annual Required Contributions are shown as recommended by the Illinois Division of Insurance for annual tax levy purposes. This information does not represent the Annual Required Contributions defined by GASB Statement No. 27.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS April 30, 2009

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit	Unfunded AL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
5/1/2008 5/1/2007 5/1/2006	\$ N/A N/A	- \$	3,239,420 N/A N/A	\$ 3,239,420 N/A N/A	0.00% N/A N/A	\$ 4,870,700 N/A N/A	66.51% N/A N/A

The year ended April 30, 2009 was the first year of implementation of GASB 45, as such two preceding year's information is not applicable.

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
PROPERTY TAXES Property taxes	\$ <u>3,927,216</u>	\$ <u>3,767,175</u>	\$ <u>(160,041</u>)
Total Property taxes	3,927,216	3,767,175	(160,041)
OTHER TAXES			
Sales	3,400,000	3,174,333	(225,667)
Local use	108,000	117,299	9,299
Utility taxes	1,485,000	1,470,199	(14,801)
Cablevision	85,000	<u>85,578</u>	<u>578</u>
Total Other taxes	5,078,000	4,847,409	(230,591)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
State income tax	745,000	627,120	(117,880)
Personal property replacement tax	700,000	660,606	(39,394)
Federal grants	-	6,336	6,336
State grants	40,000	24,420	(15,580)
Total Intergovernmental	1,485,000	1,318,482	(166,518)
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FEES			
Vehicle license fees	165,000	180,957	15,957
Liquor and malt beverage licenses	125,000	7,362	(117,638)
Business and occupational licenses		79,634	79,634
Building permits	47,500	100,552	53,052
Electrical permits	12,500	17,961	5,461
Plumbing permits Occupancy permits	6,000 13,500	12,098 8,085	6,098 (5,415)
Occupancy permits Other permits	13,500	15,585	2,085
Zoning permits and fees	1,000	316	(684)
Other regulatory permits and fees		344	344
Total Licenses, permits and fees	384,000	422,894	38,894
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Investment income	55,000	67,121	12,121
Total Investment income	55,000	67,121	12,121

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Hospital billings Ambulance fees Towing and storage Occupancy inspection Law enforcement fees	\$ 200,000	\$ 103,999	\$ (96,001)	
	375,000	452,106	77,106	
	40,000	35,525	(4,475)	
	3,000	4,383	1,383	
	8,000	7,413	(587)	
Total Charges for services	626,000	603,426	(22,574)	
FINES AND FORFEITURES Traffic fines Compliance and immobilization Building code violations Law and ordinance violations	70,000	87,197	17,197	
	26,500	30,095	3,595	
	-	8,344	8,344	
	21,750	6,063	(15,687)	
Total Fines and forfeitures	118,250	131,699	13,449	
OTHER Rentals Reimbursement of Village costs Miscellaneous	35,000 32,000	2,600 161,254 <u>21,666</u>	2,600 126,254 (10,334)	
Total Other Total Revenues	67,000	185,520	118,520	
	11,740,466	11,343,726	(396,740)	
EXPENDITURES EXECUTIVE Personnel services				
President	55,000	68,046	(13,046)	
Administrative assistant	5,000	10,866	(5,866)	
Trustees	21,600	25,500	(3,900)	
Liquor commissioner	3,000	3,710	(710)	
Contractual services Professional services Dues and publications Telephone Seminars and conferences Printing newsletters and notices	110,500	281,002	(170,502)	
	11,000	9,253	1,747	
	1,500	526	974	
	3,000	4,602	(1,602)	
	15,000	9,754	5,246	
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles Local civic events Employee health care benefits Retiree health care benefits Travel	2,050	1,683	367	
	3,500	10,375	(6,875)	
	14,500	11,733	2,767	
	3,200	756	2,444	
	2,500	3,685	(1,185)	

See auditor's report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Supplies and materials	Original and Final Budget	Actu	Variance with al Final Budget
Supplies and materials Gas and oil	\$ 750	\$	749 \$ 1
Office supplies	1,200	,	1,513 (313)
Other Other	1,2.00	ı	1,515 (515)
Miscellaneous	11,000	5	2,809 8,191
Total Executive	264,300		6,562 (182,262)
Total Executive	204,500		7,002 (102,202)
FINANCE			
Personnel services			
Treasurer	9,431	11	1,625 (2,194)
Collector	50,139		3,803 (3,664)
Accountant	65,000		656 64,344
Budget officer	20,195	24	4,893 (4,698)
Finance director	89,746		0,629 (20,883)
Administrative clerk	33,985		3,245 (14,260)
Contractual services	00,000		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Employee health care benefits	15,000	11	1,193 3,807
Retiree health care benefits	12,900		1,993 10,907
Liability insurance	26,385		7,246 19,139
Vehicle insurance	560	·	547 13
Workers' compensation insurance	1,435		1,345 90
Schools, seminars and meetings	3,000		1,732 1,268
Maintenance, office equipment	3,500		5,022 (1,522)
Printing and binding	10,500		3,278 2,222
Legal and professional services	55,000		3,377 18,623
Postage	2,500		2,115 385
Telephone	50,000		1,078 8,922
Travel	500		41 459
Dues and publications	1,500	,	1,053 447
Supplies and materials	.,,		
Office supplies	8,000	ī	7,219 781
Capital Outlay			. ,
Computer hardware/software/webpage	7,000	ç	9,126 (2,126)
Office equipment	2,600		4,063 (1,463)
Other	•		,
Payment to library	70,000	65	5,297 <u>4,703</u>
Total Finance	538,876		3,576 85,300
VILLAGE CLERK Personnel services Village clerk	12,000	12	2,000 - (05)
Deputy clerk	450		545 (95)

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Contractual services			
Postage	\$ 5,100	\$ 3,739	\$ 1,361
Telephone	1,000	513	487
Dues and publications	7,750	6,383	1,367
Seminars and conferences	400	216	184
Employee healthcare plan	32,204	16,554	15,650
Supplement to municipal contract	3,000	2,855	145
Worker's comp insurance	360	336	24
Travel	100	-	100
Supplies and materials			
Election and office supplies	1,000	1,067	(67)
Total Village Clerk	63,364	44,208	<u>19,156</u>
BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS			
Personnel services			
Zoning and planning commission	2,250	1,515	735
Contractual services	, o	1,010	
Tests and administration	35,000	15,410	19,590
Dues and publications	10,375	4,241	6,134
Professional services	1,000	-,,	1,000
Legal services	2,500	29,318	(26,818)
Supplies and materials	-,	,-	(,,
Office supplies	1,850	630	1,220
Total Boards and commissions	52,975	51,114	1,861
MUNICIPALS BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS			
Contractual services	28,566	28,566	
Custodial services	3,100	3,619	(519)
Liability insurance	1,550	1,432	118
Workers' compensation insurance R & M, buildings	20,500	14,012	6,488
Maintenance, grounds	6,500	7,159	(659)
Janitorial services	2,500	7,100	2,500
Employee health care plan	14,500	- 11,637	2,863
Supplies and materials	14,500	11,007	2,000
Fuel for heating	8,000	9,729	(1,729)
Janitorial services	3,000	4,785	(1,785)
Total Municipals buildings and grounds	88,216	80,939	7,277
rotal Municipais bullullys and grounds	00,2.10	00,333	
AUDIT			
Auditing fee	<u>57,500</u>	45,490	12,010
Total Audit	57,500	45,490	12,010

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
POLICE DEPARTMENT			
Personnel services			
Chief	\$ 109,586	\$ 106,631	\$ 2,955
Lieutenants	178,673	156,346	22,327
Sergeants	316,847	281,798	35,049
Patrolmen	1,190,250	1,302,116	(111,866)
Telecommunication officers	293,387	293,588	(201)
Administrative clerk	<u>-</u> ´	3,051	(3,051)
Matron	500	374	. 126 [°]
Holiday pay	98,587	98,430	157
Crossing guards	19,055	16,966	2,089
Overtime	286,608	279,118	7,490
Officer's compensatory	22,700	24,517	(1,817)
Contribution to pension	804,105	815,376	(11,271)
Contractual services			, , ,
R & M, radio equipment	54,492	50,742	3,750
R & M, computer	4,900	2,985	1,915
R & M, office equipment	1,000	1,277	(277)
R & M, other equipment	52,750	69,061	(16,311)
Legal service	70,000	87,746	(17,746)
Telephone	6,500	6,066	434
Lead service	11,000	10,971	29
Social worker program	2,000	2,000	-
Liability insurance	34,219	34,434	(215)
Vehicle insurance	23,000	23,060	(60)
Employee health care benefit plan	540,000	445,280	94,720
Retirees health care benefits	71,000	56,002	14,998
Workers' compensation insurance	74,050	71,394	2,656
Dues and publications	1,150	869	281
Training school expenses	19,044	8,816	10,228
Seminars/conferences	3,990	1,101	2,889
Radio and motor equipment installation	8,500	-	8,500
Towing and storage	27,000	21,365	5,635
Other	50,650	12,317	38,333
Supplies and materials			
Uniforms	34,400	29,202	5,198
Tools and supplies	33,712	26,758	6,954
Crime prevention and relations	900	634	266
Gas and oil	52,500	56,157	(3,657)
Board of prisoners	2,500	2,019	481
R & M - buildings	500	1,164	(664)
Photography supplies	1,000	75	925

Capital outlay	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Office equipment - Public safety	\$ 15,627	\$ 12,976	\$ 2,651
Equipment	87,720	45,104	42,616
Total Police department	4,604,402	4,457,886	146,516
rotari ondo departirione	4,004,402	<u> </u>	140,010
BUILDING CONTROL AND INSPECTION			
Personnel services			
Building commissioner	83,381	83,317	64
Zoning coordinator	1,350	1,309	41
Plumbing inspector	11,400	7,600	3,800
Electrical inspector	11,400	11,400	-
Building inspector	55,420	57,684	(2,264)
Exterior house inspectors	20,000	2,744	17,256
Clerical	39,698	37,206	2,492
Contractual services	•	•	•
Telephone	1,000	566	434
Liability insurance	930	869	61
Workers' compensation insurance	6,520	6,055	465
Vehicle insurance	640	633	7
Dues and publications	300	831	(531)
Legal services	12,500	28,086	(15,586)
Repairs and maintenance	2,800	4,451	(1,651)
Employee health care plan	50,000	52,228	(2,228)
Retirees health care plan	6,500	796	`5,704 [°]
Seminars and conferences	600	181	419
Buildings Control and inspection	600	4,683	(4,083)
Supplies and materials		,	· · /
Gas and oil	17,000	20,323	(3,323)
Office supplies and printing	4,200	4,332	(132)
Total Building control and inspection	326,239	325,294	945

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	riginal and nal Budget	www	Actual	iance with al Budget
FIRE DEPARTMENT				
Personnel services				
Chief	\$ 109,495	\$	105,365	\$ 4,130
Deputy chief	95,213		93,748	1,465
Captains	267,783		280,765	(12,982)
Lieutenants	239,214		169,087	70,127
Firefighters	910,260		904,343	5,917
Paramedics	23,635		-	23,635
Training officer	3,000		6,000	(3,000)
Overtime	50,000		102,531	(52,531)
Mechanic	600		600	
EMS coordinator	900		900	
Contribution - pension fund	1,179,309		1,156,489	22,820
Holiday pay	75,267		61,939	13,328
Inspector	82,378		79,210	3,168
Education incentive	1,800		1,800	***
Clerical	20,000		15,369	4,631
Contractual services				
Employee health care benefit plan	425,000		300,736	124,264
Retiree health care plan	87,000		12,928	74,072
Liability insurance	21,000		20,320	680
Workers' compensation insurance	168,000		168,418	(418)
Vehicle insurance	21,000		20,730	270
Wellness medical exam - vaccinations	11,415		2,843	8,572
Maintenance - fire equipment	5,900		1,586	4,314
Maintenance - building and grounds	21,246		6,449	14,797
Maintenance - radio equipment	4,850		1,001	3,849
Maintenance - fuel tanks and pumps	1,500		187	1,313
Maintenance - breathing equipment	5,350		1,725	3,625
Maintenance - paramedic equipment	2,000		253	1,747
Maintenance - computers and office equipment	700		607	93
Legal services	20,000		107,620	(87,620)
Telephone	5,000		4,012	988
Assessment division 20	2,500		2,500	-
Dues and publications	7,500		7,706	(206)
Training school	7,750		3,213	4,537
Grant expenditures	10,000		***	10,000
Other	850		486	364

Supplies and materials Gas for heating	Original and Final Budget \$ 7,000	Actual \$ 8,674	Variance with Final Budget \$ (1,674)
Uniforms	10,000	3,731	6,269
Fire prevention	58,971	64	58,907
Photography	100	77	23
Tools and supplies	29,215	23,547	5,668
R & M - motor equipment	47,100	14,813	32,287
Postage	-	1,049	(1,049)
Capital outlay		,	(, ,
Machinery equipment - Public safety	44,243	-	44,243
Capital outlay	51,436		51,436
Total Fire department	4,135,480	3,693,421	442,059
STREETS			
Personnel services			
Director of public works	39,516	52,992	(13,476)
Mechanic	-	8,954	(8,954)
Employee wages	-	12,088	(12,088)
Administrative clerk	26,800	29,546	(2,746)
Contractual services			
Legal and other professional services	11,000	31,614	(20,614)
Uniform rental	1,500	423	1,077
Employee health care benefit plan	35,000	38,588	(3,588)
Retiree health care plan	16,100	5,582	10,518
Liability insurance	7,400	8,748	(1,348)
Workers' compensation insurance	4,500	4,399	101
Telephone	9,000	6,783	2,217
Maintenance, streets	182,250	395,252	(213,002)
Maintenance, street and traffic lights	34,800 2,250	46,988 2,594	(12,188) (344)
Maintenance, radio system Light and power, street lighting	75,000	2,594 88,442	(13,442)
Maintenance, building and grounds	5,250	19,776	(14,526)
Tree trimming	60,000	318,003	(258,003)
Tree replacement	5,000	4,775	225
Rental of barricades	3,250	2,956	294
Schools, seminars and meetings	250	250	
Maintenance, office equipment		144	(144)
Dumping fees	25,000	85,755	(60,755)
Dues & publications	500	-	500
IEPA Brownsfield	500	4,425	(3,925)
Streets	2,500	7,565	(5,065)
	,	•	. , ,

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Supplies and materials		4 4 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Gas and oil	\$ 20,000	\$ 24,067	\$ (4,067)
Tools and supplies	29,600	149,870	(120,270)
Maintenance, motor equipment	33,000	11,212	21,788
Maintenance, parkways	3,500	6,495	(2,995)
Equipment, streets	36,000	35,621	379
Vehicle insurance	4,100	4,002	98
Medical exam - vaccinations	-	43	(43)
Street decorations	2,500	147	2,353
Other	9,750	10,280	(530)
Capital outlay			
Street construction - public works	<u>117,000</u>	<u>75,005</u>	41,995
Total Streets	<u>802,816</u>	<u> 1,493,384</u>	(690,568)
DEBT SERVICE			
Debt service - principal	345,000	345,000	_
Debt service - interest and fees	157,741	156,826	915
Total debt service	502,741	501,826	915
Total Expenditures	11,436,909	11,593,700	(156,791)
Total Experialitates			(100,101)
5 / 1 f : `			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	202 557	(0.40.07.4)	/EE0 E04)
expenditures	303,557	(249,974)	<u>(553,531</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out	(186,500)	(186,500)	-
Sale of capital assets	_	<u>13,815</u>	<u>13,815</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(186,500)	<u>(172,685</u>)	<u>13,815</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>117,057</u>	(422,659)	\$(539,716)
		, ,,	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(1,529,999)	
TOND DALANCE (DELIGIT) - Deginning of Tear		(1,020,000)	
CUMB DALAMOR (BERIOT), PMB OF 1274		\$ (1,952,658)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		$\Psi_{-}(1,302,000)$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 22ND AND 17TH AVENUE TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 3,200,000 600,000 185,000 3,985,000	Actual \$ 3,895,830 600,000 90,408 4,586,238	Variance with Final Budget \$ 695,830 - (94,592) 601,238
EXPENDITURES			
General government Trustee fees Auditing fee Professional services Total general government Debt service Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees Total debt service Total Expenditures	8,000 4,000 —————————————————————————————	2,500 3,000 9,638 15,138 2,085,000 1,286,319 3,371,319 3,386,457	5,500 1,000 (9,638) (3,138) - (4,408) (4,408) (7,546)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 606,089	1,199,781	<u>\$ 593,692</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		9,785,457	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 10,985,238</u>	



NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2009

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Excess expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

<u>Funds</u>		Budget		Expenditures	 Excess	
General 22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment	\$	11,436,909 3,378,911	\$	11,593,700 3,386,457	\$ 156,791 7,546	



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2009

		Garbage	Illinois Iunicipal etirement	M	otor Fuel Tax		CDBG	mergency elephone System
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables (net) Property taxes	\$	78,758	\$ 56,391 108,572	\$	568,421	\$	-	\$ 306,122
Intergovernmental Accounts		44,329	 -		16,502		-	 P.0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	123,087	\$ 164,963	\$	584,923	\$	**	\$ 306,122
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	-	\$ 59,954 - 107,913	\$		\$	1,101 17,074	\$ ~
Deferred revenues Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	_		 167,867	_	P4		18,175	
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated reported in								
Special revenue funds undesignated		123,087	 (2,904)	_	584,923	*******	(18,175)	 306,122
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		123,087	 (2,904)		584,923	*****	(18,175)	 306,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES	\$	123,087	\$ 164,963	\$	584,923	\$	_	\$ 306,122

	Roosevelt Road TIF		th/23rd TIF North - T		17th Avenue North - TIF Redevelopment		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	2,619,589	\$	234,488	\$	~	\$	3,863,769
-	386,683 - -		77,724 - -			_	572,979 16,502 44,329
\$_	3,006,272	\$	312,212	\$		\$	4,497,579
\$	18,269 - 378,159 - 396,428	\$	219,650 - 77,724 - 297,374	\$	3,046 - - - 45,762 48,808	\$	302,020 17,074 563,796 45,762 928,652
	2,609,844 2,609,844	_	14,838 14,838	_	(48,808) (48,808)	_	3,568,927 3,568,927
\$.	3,006,272	\$	312,212	\$	-	\$	4,497,579

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Garbage	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Motor Fuel Tax	CDBG	Emergency Telephone System
REVENUES Property taxes	\$ 13,345	\$ 100,361	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	215,214	71,000	4,185
Investment income	496	87	6,383	62	2,405
Charges for services	423,615	-	₩	-	169,465
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	10,317	_		_	_
Total Revenues	447,773	100,448	221,597	71,062	176,055
EXPENDITURES					
Current General government	_	_	_	-	_
Public safety	-	-	-	-	142,624
Streets	-	-		82,200	-
Sanitation	388,206	-	-		-
Employee benefits	M	290,239		<u></u>	
Total Expenditures	388,206	290,239		82,200	142,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	59,567	(189,791)	221,597	(11,138)	33,431
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		186,500	-		₩
Transfers out	**		(190,045)	**	M1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	***	186,500	(190,045)		·-
Net Change in Fund					
Balances	59,567	(3,291)	31,552	(11,138)	33,431
	,	(1)	,	(, ,	,
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
- Beginning of Year	63,520	387	553,371	(7,037)	272,691
SUND DALANGES					
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF					
YEAR	\$ <u>123,087</u>	\$ <u>(2,904)</u>	\$ <u>584,923</u>	\$ <u>(18,175</u>)	\$ 306,122

•••	Roosevelt Road TIF	27th/23rd TIF Redevelopment	17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	778,332 - 21,413	\$ 157,773 - 1,016	\$ - - 11	\$ 1,049,811 290,399 31,873 593,080
		 158,789	11	10,317 1,975,480
	161,773 - - - - 161,773	158,789 	25,654 - - - - - 25,654	346,216 142,624 82,200 388,206 290,239
	637,972		(25,643)	725,995
	- - -			186,500 (190,045) (3,545)
	637,972		(25,643)	722,450
•	1,971,872	14,838	(23,165)	2,846,477
\$	2,609,844	\$14,838	\$(48,808)	\$ <u>3,568,927</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GARBAGE FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES	ginal and al Budget	 Actual	,	riance with al Budget
Property taxes Rubbish billings Trash and compost tags Fines, forfeitures and penalties Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 27,500 375,000 38,000 9,000 - 449,500	\$ 13,345 382,094 41,521 10,317 496 447,773	\$	(14,155) 7,094 3,521 1,317 496 (1,727)
EXPENDITURES				
Sanitation Salaries and wages Rubbish and garbage removal Rodent control Trash and compost tags Dumping fees Total sanitation Total Expenditures	8,500 252,500 5,000 31,500 105,000 402,500 402,500	 7,792 258,629 - 37,560 84,225 388,206 388,206		708 (6,129) 5,000 (6,060) 20,775 14,294 14,294
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 47,000	59,567	<u>\$</u>	12,567
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		 63,520		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 123,087		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES		Original and Final Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
Property taxes	\$	27,500	\$	100,361	\$	72,861
Investment income				87		87
Total Revenues		27,500		100,448		72,948
EXPENDITURES						
Employee Benefits						
Social security tax		63,000		109,123		(46,123)
IMRF contributions		51,000		70,484		(19,484)
Medicare		62,500		70,920		(8,420)
Unemployment contribution		37,500		39,712		(2,212)
Total employee benefits		214,000		290,239		(76,239)
Total Expenditures		214,000	-	290,239		(76,239)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	(186,500)		(189,791)		(3,291)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		186,500		186,500		ы,
Total Other Financing Sources		186,500		186,500		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		(3,291)	\$	(3,291)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				387		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR			\$	(2,904)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Motor fuel tax Investment income Total Revenues	\$	240,000 12,500 252,500	\$	215,214 6,383 221,597	\$ 	(24,786) (6,117) (30,903)	
EXPENDITURES							
Streets Total Expenditures		-				<u>-</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		252,500		221,597		(30,903)	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses	*************	(190,045) (190,045)		(190,045) (190,045)		<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>62,455</u>		31,552	\$	(30,903)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				553,371			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	584,923			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CDBG FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES State grants Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 71,000 71,000	Actual \$ 71,000 62 71,062	Variance with Final Budget \$ 62 62
EXPENDITURES	71,000		
Streets Professional services Street Contruction Total streets Total Expenditures	71,000 71,000 71,000	11,200 71,000 82,200 82,200	(11,200)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(11,138)	<u>\$ (11,138</u>)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(7,037)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		\$ (18,175)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

		iginal and al Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget
REVENUES Surcharge emergency 911 State grants Investment income	\$	172,000	\$	169,465 4,185 2,405	\$	(2,535) 4,185 (9,595)
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES		184,000		<u>176,055</u>		<u>(7,945</u>)
Public Safety Telecommunication officers R & M, radio equipment Radio and motor equipment installation Uniforms Equipment Maintenance - computers and office equipment Dues and publications Tools and supplies Professional services Telecommunications office Training school Bank service charge Total public safety Total Expenditures		72,615 3,000 10,000 3,500 30,000 12,000 250 7,500 3,000 17,000 3,500 		72,615 1,677 47,148 212 5,969 13,296 1,678 29 142,624 142,624		3,000 10,000 1,823 (17,148) 12,000 38 1,531 3,000 3,704 1,822 (29) 19,741 19,741
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	21,635		33,431	<u>\$</u>	11,796
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				272,691		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	306,122		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROOSEVELT ROAD TIF FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 525,000	Actual \$ 778,332 21,413 799,745	Variance with Final Budget \$ 253,332 (8,587) 244,745
EXPENDITURES			
General Government Professional services Other contractual Gas and oil Auditing fee Building improvements Total general government Total Expenditures	110,000 - - 4,000 - - 114,000	37,149 673 1,627 3,000 119,324 161,773	72,851 (673) (1,627) 1,000 (119,324) (47,773) (47,773)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 441,000	637,972	<u>\$ 196,972</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		1,971,872	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 2,609,844	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 27TH/23RD TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 155,000 7,000 162,000	\$ 157,773 1,016 158,789	\$ 2,773 (5,984) (3,211)	
EXPENDITURES				
General government Professional services Auditing fee TIF / Capital Projects Development Total general government Total Expenditures	5,000 - 157,000 162,000 162,000	1,500 1,500 <u>155,789</u> 158,789 158,789	3,500 (1,500) 1,211 3,211 3,211	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		14,838		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 14,838		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 17TH AVENUE NORTH TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES Investment income Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	Original and Final Budget	Actual \$ 11 11	Variance with Final Budget \$ 11 11
General government Professional services Auditing fee Total general government Total Expenditures	20,000 2,500 22,500 22,500	23,541 2,113 25,654 25,654	(3,541) 387 (3,154) (3,154)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (22,500)	(25,643)	<u>\$ (3,143)</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(23,165)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		\$ (48,808)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND - MAJOR - DEBT SERVICE FUND
For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

		riginal and		۸ - ۲ ۱		ance with
REVENUES	<u> Fir</u>	nal Budget		Actual	rina	al Budget
Property taxes	\$	895,000	\$	834,536	\$	(60,464)
Investment income	*	34,860	Ψ	38,173	Ψ	3,313
Total Revenues		929,860		872,709		(57,151)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service						
Debt service - principal		1,396,224		1,450,000		(53,776)
Debt service - interest and fees		452,634		402,348		50,286
Cost of issuance		16,000		16,000		(0.400)
Total debt service		1,864,858		1,868,348 1,868,348		(3,490) (3,490)
Total Expenditures		<u>1,864,858</u>		1,000,340		(3,490)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		<u>(934,998</u>)		<u>(995,639</u>)		<u>(60,641</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Bonds issued		780,000		780,000		-
Transfers in		190,045		190,045		_
Total Other Financing Sources		970,045		970,045		
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	35,047		(25,594)	\$	(60,641)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				495,552		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	469,958		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MAJOR - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

REVENUES Investment income Rentals	~	sinal and Il Budget 8,000 66,000	\$ Actual 25,454 57,200	 nce with Budget 17,454 (8,800)
Total Revenues	***************************************	74,000	<u>82,654</u>	 <u>8,654</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General Government Legal services (annexation) Property tax payments R&M for rental properties Total general government Total Expenditures		1,500 47,500 5,000 54,000 54,000	 3,393 47,255 1,933 52,581 52,581	 (1,893) 245 3,067 1,419 1,419
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	20,000	30,073	\$ 10,073
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			 6,621,779	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ <u>6,651,852</u>	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Original And		Variance with
	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services Water sales Sewer charges Penalties Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues	\$ 2,105,000 375,000 37,500 171,550 2,689,050	\$ 2,281,594 361,968 51,161 141,966 2,836,689	\$ 176,594 (13,032) 13,661 (29,584) 147,639
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water department Source of supply Salaries and wages Employee health care benefits Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Social Security Professional services Cost of water purchased Machinery and equipment Contractual services	152,525 29,000 18,010 9,700 1,213,982 4,000 30,500	119,116 9,100 20,897 28,436 1,005,434 308 28,501	33,409 19,900 (2,887) (18,736) 208,548 3,692 1,999
Total source of supply	1,457,717	<u>1,211,792</u>	<u>245,925</u>
Transmission and distribution R&M, mains R&M, meters R&M, vehicles Purchase of water meters and hydrants Machinery and equipment Emergency water main Improvement - water main Gas and oil - water Rentals - equipment Dumping fees - contractor Small tools and supplies Schools and seminars Risk management Total transmission and distribution Customer accounting and collections Postage	121,500 4,500 2,000 12,125 12,000 325,000 13,750 500 55,000 4,000 500 25,450 901,325	134,845 1,552 3,924 25,974 29,466 174,019 17,130 91,313 8,254 682 25,209 512,368	(13,345) 2,948 (1,924) (13,849) (17,466) 150,981 325,000 (3,380) 500 (36,313) (4,254) (182) 241 388,957
Computer hardware and software	1,200	1,320	(3,202) (120)
Total customer accounting and collections	12,200	15,602	(3,402)
Total water department	2,371,242	1,739,762	631,480
Joint Water Commission			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Source of supply Office supplies	\$ <u>1,000</u>	\$ <u>995</u>	\$5
Total source of supply	1,000	995	5
Total joint water commission	1,000	995	5
Sewer department Personnel services Other employees	80,028	<u>85,477</u>	(5,449)
Total personnel services	80,028	<u>85,477</u>	(5,449)
Contractual services Sewer system maintenance Janitorial services	1,000 10,800	1,000 10,800	_
Total contractual services	11,800	11,800	
Commodities Maintenance, motor equipment	10,500	7,858	2,642
Total commodities	10,500	7,858	2,642
Capital services Depreciation	227,500	236,440	(8,940)
Total capital services	227,500	236,440	(8,940)
Total sewer department	329,828	<u>341,575</u>	(11,747)
Total Operating Expenses	2,702,070	2,082,332	619,738
Operating Income	(13,020)	754,357	<u>767,377</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income Interest expense	20,000 (11,470)	9,984 <u>(11,469</u>)	(10,016) 1
Total Non-Operating Revenues	<u>8,530</u>	(1,485)	(10,015)
Change in net assets	\$(4,490)	752,872	\$ 757,362
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year		5,100,798	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR		\$ <u>5,853,670</u>	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS April 30, 2009

		Police Pension	Fire Pension		····	Total
ASSETS	\$	1,216	\$	787,600	\$	788,816
Cash Investments	Ψ	1,210	Ψ	101,000	Ψ	100,010
Money markets		694,559		-		694,559
State and local obligations		1,123,685		-		1,123,685
U.S Government securities		7,437,273		9,672,600		17,109,873
Mutual funds		6,639,444		3,164,837		9,804,281
Stocks Respire the second of allowances for		-		1,265,422		1,265,422
Receivables - (net of allowances for uncollectibles)						
Accrued interest		125,571		107,424		232,995
Employee contributions		~ ´		821		821
Prepaid items		6,935		-		6,935
Due from primary government		1,005,851		1,016,786		2,022,637
Reserve for uncollectibles		<u>(1,005,851</u>)		(1,016,786)		(2,022,637)
Total Assets		16,028,683	_	14,998,704	_	31,027,387
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		4,837	_	1,462	_	6,299
Total Liabilities		4,837	_	1,462	_	6,299
NET ASSETS						
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	16,023,846	\$	14,997,242	\$_	31,021,088

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

ADDITIONS	,	Police Pension	Fire	Pension	Total
Contributions					
Employer	\$	907,305	\$	1,301,876 \$	2,209,181
Plan members	4	193,103	*	170,334	363,437
Total Contributions		1,100,408		1,472,210	 2,572,618
Investment income		111001100	······	<u> </u>	 <u></u>
Interest and dividends		688,377		539,317	1,227,694
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		(3,181,881)	((3,389,629)	(6,571,510)
Total Investment Income	•	(2,493,504)		(2,850,312)	 (5,343,816)
Less Investment expenses		35,352	'	46,992	82,344
Net Investment Income		(2,528,856)	((2,897,304)	 (5,426,160)
Total Additions		(1,428,448)		(1,425,094)	 (2,853,542)
		,		,	
DEDUCTIONS		40 507		~~ ~~~	00.500
Administration		46,537		50,052	96,589
Benefits		1,429,451		1,540,257	2,969,708
Refunds of contributions	_			156,462	 <u> 156,462</u>
Total Deductions	_	1,475,988		<u>1,746,771</u>	 3,222,759
Change in Net Assets		(2,904,436)	((3,171,865)	(6,076,301)
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year		18,928,282	1	8,169,107	 37,097,389
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	16,023,846	\$1	14,997,242 \$	 31,021,088



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2009

	B	alances May 1	Ad	ditions	Del	etions	alances April 30
ASSETS Cash Assessment receivable Due from other funds	\$	14,379 18,479 300,000	\$	138 - -	\$	-	\$ 14,517 18,479 300,000
Total assets	\$	332,858	\$	138	\$	•	\$ 332,996
LIABILITIES Bond payable For special assessment expenditures	\$	52,601 280,257	\$	- 138	\$	- -	\$ 52,601 280,395
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	332,858	\$	138	\$	-	\$ 332,996

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	Inter- Governmental	Investment Earnings
2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 2002 2001 2000*	\$ 14,994,761 14,080,091 13,748,667 13,164,317 12,358,257 11,863,056 12,240,621 10,707,597 9,440,705 9,385,664	\$ 422,894 344,427 406,914 242,240 340,622 297,249 231,933 265,044 343,711 289,578	\$ 1,608,881 2,109,518 1,835,897 1,946,627 395,338 386,051 250,679 1,551,881 57,743 58,299	\$ 253,029 610,591 724,817 324,046 202,774 94,034 206,315 447,625 827,617 887,703
Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Road and Bridge Tax	Sales Tax	# Income Tax
2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 2002 2001 2000*	\$ 9,547,352 8,846,462 8,681,626 8,493,181 7,588,903 7,213,199 7,019,657 4,171,491 3,408,584 4,051,709	\$ - - - - - 26,125 27,277 24,637	\$ 3,774,333 3,503,382 3,434,062 2,860,718 2,105,906 2,171,055 2,799,694 5,390,991 4,993,488 4,508,540	\$ - - 559,470 499,443 539,970 131,811 148,920 141,492

^{*} District changed basis of accounting from cash basis to modified accrual basis.

The Income tax and Replacement tax are no longer considered taxes but intergovernmental revenues obtained from the state as an alltoment.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2000 - 2009 Annual Financial Statements.

[#] Revenue is considered an intergovernmental revenue beginning in fiscal year 2006 and is no longer included within tax revenue.

M	scellaneous		Total
\$	1,581,242	\$	18,860,807
Ψ	1,549,544	Ψ	18,694,171
	1,581,380		18,297,675
	1,825,945		17,503,175
	1,499,894		14,796,885
	1,092,445		13,732,835
	1,018,529		13,948,077
	502,252		13,474,399
	1,211,434		11,881,210
	747,284		11,368,528

Ar	musement Tax	•	# acement Tax	***************************************	Utility Tax	 Other Tax	 Total
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,470,199	\$ 202,877	\$ 14,994,761
	-		-		1,531,229	199,018	14,080,091
	-		-		1,447,113	185,866	13,748,667
	<u></u>		-		1,636,543	173,875	13,164,317
	-		479,052		1,467,739	157,187	12,358,257
	-		408,962		1,430,132	140,265	11,863,056
	~		405,693		1,411,062	64,545	12,240,621
	275,365		70,293		559,930	81,591	10,707,597
	236,693		88,151		520,806	16,786	9,440,705
	202,520		100,715		328,808	27,243	9,385,664

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_ <u>G</u>	General overnment	 Public Safety	 Streets	 Sanitation
2009	\$	1,522,635	\$ 8,606,249	\$ 1,500,579	\$ 388,206
2008		1,535,078	8,842,933	1,238,031	370,395
2007		1,358,524	8,310,473	777,965	398,393
2006		6,759,648*	9,832,808	981,890	547,431
2005		2,033,734	9,037,867	1,122,125	470,798
2004		4,407,281	8,049,009	1,563,808	447,544
2003		2,796,146	7,341,900	1,565,754	753,143
2002		3,193,261	6,124,017	958,786	578,089
2001		2,626,194	5,859,693	1,155,144	482,185
2000		2,578,801	5,512,133	952,511	495,525

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2000 - 20098 Annual Financial Statements.

^{*} Included in general government expenditures is a \$5 million developer note for redevelopment.

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds.

mployee efits (IMRF)	***********	Capital Outlay	PARTAMENT	Debt Service	********	Total
\$ 290,239	\$	101,170	\$	5,741,493	\$	18,150,571
337,862		171,932		5,742,022		18,238,253
198,028		112,324		5,092,917		16,248,624
309,213		202,066		4,818,692		16,692,100
311,496		2,471,017		4,637,589		20,084,626
367,612		502,708		3,811,643		19,149,605
281,434		203,170		4,086,615		17,028,162
192,834		375,286		978,180		12,400,453
170,238		269,521		809,652		11,372,627
274,320		~		799,298		10,612,588

PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Tax Levy Years

	2007	2006	2005	2004
RATES EXTENDED *				
General	0.3369	0.3429	0.3373	0.3745
Fire Protection	0.2318	0.2359	0.2320	0.2575
Garbage	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
Street and Bridge	0.0339	0.0392	0.0774	0.0859
Liability Insurance	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
Auditing	0.0192	0.0217	0.0214	0.0264
Police Protection	0.1159	0.1179	0.1160	0.1288
Debt Service	0.3259	0.1854	0.1825	0.2056
Police Pension	0.2661	0.2712	0.2339	0.2458
Firefighters' Pension	0.3736	0.3735	0.3328	0.3498
Purchase Agreement		0.1558	0.1546	0.1725
Total Rates Extended	1.7327	1.7735	1.7176	1.8798

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Cook County Agency Tax Rate Extension Reports for 1998 to 2007.

NOTE: The Cook County Agency Tax Rate Extension Report for 2008 was not available at the time the financial statement was issued.

		····			
2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
	***************************************			-	
0.4038	0.3700	0.4322	0.4321	0.4036	0.4322
0.2777	0.2545	0.2964	0.2963	0.2768	0.2964
0.0119	0.0109	0.0515	0.1489	0.1431	0.1524
0.0926	0.0848	0.0988	0.0993	0.0923	0.0988
0.0119	0.0109	0.0258	0.0580	0.1029	0.1129
0.0119	0.0109	0.0515	0.1286	0.1389	0.1524
0.0285	0.0261	0.0309	0.0251	0.0233	0.0248
0.1388	0.1272	0.1482	0.1491	0.1384	0.1482
0.2767	0.3023	0.2175	0.1504	0.0482	0.0515
0.2014	0.1901	0.1632	0.1466	0.1565	0,1667
0.3136	0.2744	0.2400	0.2363	0.1542	0.1642
0.1274		0.1425	0.2132	0.2091	0,2286
1.8962	1.6621	1.8985	2.0839	1.8873	2.0291



ASSESSED VALUATION, PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	Total Equalized Assessed Valuation	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections Through April 30, 2009	Percentage of Levy Collected
2008	N/A* \$	4,849,410** \$	2,173,864	43.48%
2007	279,872,816	4,849,410	4,701,707	96.95%
2006	267,489,978	4,839,012	4,613,956	95.35%
2005	268,308,220	4,609,535	4,628,262	100.41%
2004	238,541,580	4,483,603	4,358,101	97.20%
2003	233,679,186	4,430,816	4,501,195	101.59%
2002	199,844,043	3,794,713	4,471,126	117.83%
2001	196,854,356	4,102,386	3,835,711	93.50%
2000	200,193,309	3,778,096	3,760,691	99.54%
1999	182,471,201	3,702,489	3,596,379	97.13%

^{*} The 2008 Agency Tax Rate Report was not available at the time the financial statement was issued.

^{**} Used the Village's 2007 Levy as the 2008 Agency Tax Rate Report was not available.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Seven Tax Levy Years

Taxing Agency	2007	2006	2005	2004
Cook County	0.4460	0.5000	0.5330	0.5930
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.0530	0.0570	0.0600	0.0600
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	0.2630	0.2840	0.3150	0.3470
Des Plaines Valley Mosquito Abatement Dist.	0.0120	0.0120	0.0110	0.0120
Consolidated Elections	0.0120	-	0.0140	-
Proviso Township	0.0590	0.0620	0.0560	0.0630
General Assistance	0.0340	0.0360	0.0330	0.0370
Mental Health District	0.1170	0.1150	0.1140	0.1290
Suburban Cook County TB Sanitarium Dist	0.0000	0.0050	0.0050	0.0010
Broadview Park District	0.2690	0.2760	0.2680	0.2940
Broadview Library District	0.2960	0.3060	0.2950	0.3210
Grade School District #92 (1)	3.9570	4.0910	3.9730	4.2640
High School District #209 (1)	1.8390	1.8780	1.8100	2.0460
Community College District #504 (1)	0.2240	0.2400	0.2330	0.2590
Total overlapping rate	7.5810	7.8620	7.7200	8.4260
Village of Broadview	1.7330	1.7740	1.7180	1.8800
Total rate	9.3140	9.6360	9.4380	10.3060

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Office of the County Clerk

At time of publication, the 2008 tax rate was unavailable.

⁽¹⁾ Other school districts contain a portion of the Village. These rates are the Village's largest districts and are representative of the other districts in the Village.

2003	2002	2001	2000
0.6300	0.6900	0.7460	0.8240
0.0590	0.0610	0.0670	0.0690
0.3610	0.3710	0.4010	0.4150
0.0120	0.0110	0.0130	0.0130
0.0290	-	-	-
0.0630	-	-	-
0.0370		-	-
0.1290	-	_	•
0.0040	0.0060	0.0070	0.0080
0.2940	0.2760	0.3220	0.3190
0.3220	0.3060	0.3580	0.3500
4.3180	2.9000	3.5480	3.4000
2.0610	1.9710	2.3400	2.3390
0.2690	0.2170	0.2260	0.2370
8.5880	6.8090	8.0280	7.9740
1.8970	1.6630	1.8990	2.0840
10.4850	8.4720	9.9270	10.0580

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN April 30, 2009

Assessed valuation of taxable properties for the tax year 2007*	\$	279,872,816
Rate	_	8.625%
Bonded debt limit		24,139,030
General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit Less Alternative Revenue General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit	_	12,708,823 (11,843,823)
Amount of General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit	_	865,000
Legal bond debt margin at April 30, 2009	\$	23,274,030

^{*}The 2008 Agency Tax Rate Report was not available at the time the financial statement was issued.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS IN THE VILLAGE April 30, 2009

Principal Taxpayers	Type of Business	 Assessed Value
Cole MT Broadview, LLC. Target Corp Robert Bosch Broadview Partners, LLC. Mullins Food Products Joseph Food Products River Oak Partnership GRP Broadview, LLC. Public Storage 1821 Gardner LLC	Property Management Retail Manufacturer Property Management Food Manufacturing Food Manufacturing Property Management Property Management Storage Property Management	\$ 9,069,299 4,980,890 3,698,102 3,660,460 1,952,993 1,637,246 1,510,416 1,509,950 1,471,559 1,294,739
		\$ 30,785,654

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Obtained in 2009 from Cook County Clerk's Office.

POLICE PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE April 30, 2009

	Revenues by Source									
Fiscal Year		Property Tax	Rer	Replacement Tax		mployee ontribution	Investment Income			Total
2009	\$	877,491	\$	29,814	\$	193,103	\$	(2,493,504)	\$	(1,393,096)
2008	•	744,290		29,814		182,503		585,885		1,542,492
2007		716,490		29,814		178,489		1,701,162		2,625,955
2006		578,986		29,814		245,935		1,578,718		2,433,453
2005		476,294		29,814		249,428		996,531		1,752,067
2004		113,776		29,814		240,689		1,851,940		2,236,219
2003		240,491		29,814		197,644		259,162		727,111
2002		337,172		29,814		199,590		335,873		902,449
2001		249,828		29,814		169,975		726,503		1,176,120
2000		300,756		29,814		172,424		939,746		1,442,740

		Expens	ses by	Type		
Fiscal			Adm	iinistrative*		
Year	Benefits		Benefits Expenses			Total
2009	\$ 1	,429,451	\$	81,889	\$	1,511,340
2008	1	,363,018		101,860		1,464,878
2007	1	,168,001		225,341		1,393,342
2006		970,750		77,193		1,047,943
2005		787,285		71,369		858,654
2004		780,922		80,396		861,318
2003		614,017		32,451		646,468
2002		560,757		20,010		580,767
2001		502,364		42,209		544,573
2000		491,104		38,534		529,638

^{*}Includes Investment Fees.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2000 - 2009 Annual Financial Statements.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE April 30, 2009

Fiscal Year	Property Tax		, , , _		Employee Contribution		Investment Income (Loss)		Total	
2009	\$	1,257,987	\$	43,889	\$ 170,334	\$	(2,850,312)	\$	(1,378,102	
2008		1,252,683		43,889	198,675		782,696		2,277,943	
2007		1,226,082		43,889	171,767		1,162,795		2,604,533	
2006		1,054,259		43,889	229,896		1,108,261		2,436,305	
2005		740,041		43,889	220,525		111,804		1,116,259	
2004		164,056		43,889	194,941		1,200,348		1,603,234	
2003		474,936		43,889	178,123		148,487		845,435	
2002		451,606		43,889	166,160		(278,846)		382,809	
2001		250,698		43,889	159,828		246,831		701,246	
2000		296,318		43,889	147,412		1,271,623		1,759,242	

Fiscal		Expens		<u>Type</u> ninistrative*		
Year			Expenses			Total
2009	\$	1,540,257	\$	253,506	\$	1,793,7
2008		1,431,399		120,991		1,552,3
2007		1,328,185		172,416		1,500,6

2009	\$ 1,540,257	\$ 253,506	\$ 1,793,763
2008	1,431,399	120,991	1,552,390
2007	1,328,185	172,416	1,500,601
2006	1,295,482	83,754	1,379,236
2005	1,260,399	66,660	1,327,059
2004	1,139,678	66,332	1,206,010
2003	824,723	8,392	833,115
2002	744,038	2,862	746,900
2001	664,599	54,957	719,556
2000	633,811	53,018	686,829

^{*}Includes Investment Fees.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2000 - 2009 Annual Financial Statements.

