Broadview, Illinois

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2011 and Independent Auditor's Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

President and Board of Trustees Village of Broadview 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Broadview's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund, which represent 50.6 percent, 52.1 percent and 40.2 percent, respectively, of the assets, net assets, and additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar, as it relates to the amounts included for the Police Pension Fund, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois as of April 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



President and Board of Trustees Village of Broadview

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Bahoz Tully Wichow Krawe, LLP
Oak Brook, Illinois
November 18, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

The discussion and analysis of Village of Broadview's (the "Village") financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended April 30, 2011. The management of the Village encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights - Government-wide Financial Statements

- > The Village of Broadview's net assets increased by \$4.8 million or 82.8% compared to the prior year. The Village ended the fiscal year with net assets of \$10.6 million.
- > During the year, revenues of \$20.8 million exceeded expenses of \$16.0 million increasing net assets by \$4.8 million. Net assets of business type activities increased by \$1.3 million or 18.8%, while assets of governmental activities increased by \$3.5 million or 318%.
- > General revenues accounted for \$15.0 million in revenue or 83% of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees, and grants accounted for \$3.1 million or 17% of total governmental revenues.
- > The governmental activities had \$14.5 million in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$3.2 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.
- > At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was in a deficit position of \$3.1 million.
- > The Village's total debt decreased by \$3.6 million during the current year to \$30.2 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- > Government-wide financial statements.
- > Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

(Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be divided into two types of activities: governmental and business-type. Governmental activities present the functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities present the functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Village's governmental activities include functions like general government, public safety, highways, and streets and sanitation. The Village's business-type activities include water and sewerage services.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's general government operations and the basic services it provides. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains five major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, 22nd / 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment, Roosevelt Road TIF, Debt Service and Capital Project all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report. The Village adopts an annual budget for each of the major funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business- type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village's proprietary fund presents the activities and balances in Water and Sewerage Fund, which is considered to be a major fund, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds reflect the private-sector type operation, where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation and maintenance including depreciation.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's contributions and funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, Firefighters' Pension Fund and Other Post-Employment Benefits; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund schedules of all non-major funds and Fiduciary Funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

		Gover	'nm	ental Ad	tivities	Busine	SS-	Type A	ctivities		_Total	
		2011		2010	Change	 2011		2010	Change	2011	2010	Change
Assets												
Current and other			_									
assets	\$	31.6	\$	32.5	(2.8)%	2.9	\$	2.2	31.8%		•	
Capital assets		8.7		8.6	1.2%	 5.5		5.0	10.0%	14.2	<u>13.</u>	<u>6</u> 4.4%
Total assets	L-MAN	40.3		41.1	(1.9)%	 8.4		7.2	16.7%	48.7	48.	<u>3</u> 0.8%
Liabilities												
Long-term liabilities		30.2		33.6	(10.1)%	-		0.2	(100.0)%	30.2	33.	8 (10.7)%
Other liabilities		7.7	_	8.6	(10.5)%	 0.2		0.1	100.0%	7.9	8.	
Total liabilities		37.9		42.2	(10.2)%	 0.2		0.3	(33.3)%	38.1	42.	<u>5</u> (10.4)%
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related												
debt		5.3		4.9	8.2%	5.5		4.8	14.6%	10.8	9.	7 11.39
Restricted		5.4		4.2	28.6%	-		-		5.4	4.	2 28.6%
Unrestricted		(8.3)	١	(10.2)	(18.6)%	2.7		2.1	28.6%	(5.6)	(8.	<u>1</u>) (30.9)%

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation.

<u>Net results of activities</u> – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing for capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Reduction of capital assets through depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

(Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Current Year Impacts

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, total net assets increased by \$4.8 million from \$5.8 million to \$10.6 million. The Village's total assets equal \$48.7 million while total liabilities equal \$38.1 million.

The governmental activities show net assets of \$2.4 million, which is reduced as the result of the Village sponsoring a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District in 1993, 22nd and 17th Avenue Redevelopment Village Square Shopping Center. As an inducement for developers to redevelop this site, the Village issued TIF bonds in 1993 which were refinanced in 1999 to achieve a better interest rate. The outstanding balance of these bonds as of April 30, 2011, is \$13.5 million. In addition, there was a \$5.0 million developer note issued with a stated interest rate of 5%. In the fiscal year ended April 30, 2007, one year of interest on the note was deferred and capitalized or \$250,000 was added to the principal balance of the developer note. This brings the total TIF related debt to \$18.7 million. These bonds and developer note did not produce a capital asset that is owned by the Village, and even though the Village is not obligated for the retirement of the bond debt as it is payable solely from the incremental taxes generated by the TIF, the bonds are nonetheless, required to be reported as a liability of the Village. If sufficient funds are not available in the TIF to pay the debt at the end of the useful life of the TIF in 2016, then the obligations would be cancelled and the Village would report a gain on the cancellation of said debt. Therefore, the deficit will be reduced and eliminated over the remaining life of the TIF. Since the TIF debt distorts the financial position in net assets, if the TIF debt was removed the net asset position would be a positive \$21.1 million at year end. However, all \$18.7 million of the net assets of the governmental activities would be restricted for debt service, capital projects and investment in capital assets and not available for funding current Village operations.

The Village's current and other assets decreased from the prior fiscal year by \$0.2 million. The increase was due in part to a \$1.2 million increase in restricted cash and investments that resulted from the collection of incremental tax revenues within three of the Village's four TIF Funds. The remaining increase was a result of the village's continuing efforts to reduce and/or contain cost within its ongoing operations.

Capital assets increased during the current year by \$0.6 million mainly due to the recording of the current year's depreciation expense offset by new capital improvements. Capital asset purchases were held to a minimum due to the Village's poor financial condition.

Total liabilities had decreased by \$4.4 million at the end of the current year when compared to that of the prior year.

The amounts due the Police and Fire Pension Plans are a result of the Village's failure to distribute real estate and replacement taxes collected on behalf of the respective pension plans. These funds were used to pay for operational expenditures within the General Corporate Fund during the period from approximately January 2002 to May 2004. The Broadview Firefighters Pension Plan entered into an informal agreement with the Village in July 2004, in which the amounts due will be fully satisfied by the year 2015. The Broadview Police Pension Plan signed a formal agreement with the Village in May 2007 for amounts due that will be paid in full by the year 2015.

The outstanding balances due to the Broadview Police and Fire Pension Plans at April 30, 2011, are \$718,465 and \$804,956, respectively. All taxes collected on behalf of the pension plans during the current fiscal year end have been remitted on a timely basis. In addition, all principal and interest payments have been made when due, in accordance with the agreements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

			'n'n	nental Ac			SS	-Type A			<u>Total</u>	
		<u> 2011 </u>		2010	Change	2011		2010	Change	2011	2010	Change
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	2.2	\$	2.1	4.8% \$	2.7	\$	2.6	3.8% \$	4.9	\$ 4.7	4.3%
Operating grants and contributions		0.2		0.2						0.0	0.0	
Capital grants and		0.2		0.2		_		-		0.2	0.2	
contributions		0.7		0.1	600.0%	_		_		0.7	0.1	600.0%
CONTRIBUTIONS		0.1		0.1	000.070					0.7	0.1	000.07
General revenues												
Property taxes		8.8		10.2	-13.7%	-		_		8.8	10.2	-13.7%
Other taxes		4.7		4.7		-		_		4.7	4.7	
Intergovernmental		1.3		1.2	8.3%	_		_		1.3	1.2	8.3%
Other general												
revenues	_	0.2	_	0.2						0.2	0.2	
Total revenues		18.1	_	18.7	-3.2%	2.7		2.6	3.8%	20.8	21.3	-2.3%
Expenses												
General government		1.8		2.1	-14.3%	~		•		1.8	2.1	-14.3%
Public safety		9.3		9.5	(2.1)%	-				9.3	9.5	(2.1)%
Highways and streets		1.3		1.2	8.3%	-		-		1.3	1.2	8.3%
Sanitation		0.6		0.5	20.0%	••				0.6	0.5	20.0%
Interest and fees		1.5		1.6	(6.3)%	-				1.5	1.6	(6.3)%
Water and sewerage	•••		_			1.5		1.6	(6.3)%	1.5	1.6	(6.3)%
Total expenses	_	14.5	-	14.9	(2.7)%	1.5	_	1.6	(6.3)%	16.0	16.5	(3.0)%
Change in net assets												
before transfers		3.6		3.8	-5.3%	1.2		1.0	20.0%	4.8	4.8	
Transfers		(0.1)	ı	3.0	-0.070	0.1		- 1.0	20.070	-7.0	***.U	
Change in net assets		3.5	•	3.8	(7.9)%	1.3	•	1.0	30.0%	4.8	4.8	
Net assets, beginning		,,		(4.5)								
of year		(1.1)	_	(4.9)	77.6%	6.9	-	5.9	16.9%	5.8	1.0	480.0%
Net assets end of year	\$	2.4	\$	<u>(1.1</u>)	318.2% \$	8.2	\$,	6.9	18.8% \$	10.6	\$ 5.8	82.8%

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

<u>Increase/decrease in Village approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the Village has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, etc.).

Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the Village's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> — within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, public works, and community development), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the Village to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the Village.

<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the Village to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

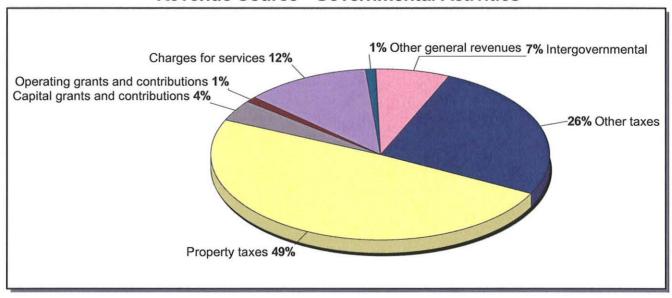
The Governmental Activities revenues decreased from prior year by \$0.6 million to \$18.1 million. A \$1.4 million decrease in property tax receipts was due to a reduction in incremental property taxes generated by the Village's TIFs. A portion of the decrease was offset by increases in Capital Grants and Contributions of \$0.6 million. Please refer to the table on page 8 for details of revenue categories.

Governmental Activities expenditures decreased by \$0.4 million in the current year as compared to that of the prior year, which was mainly attributable to lower expenditures in general government and public safety expenses (down \$0.3 and \$0.2 million respectively).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Governmental Activities

Revenue Source - Governmental Activities



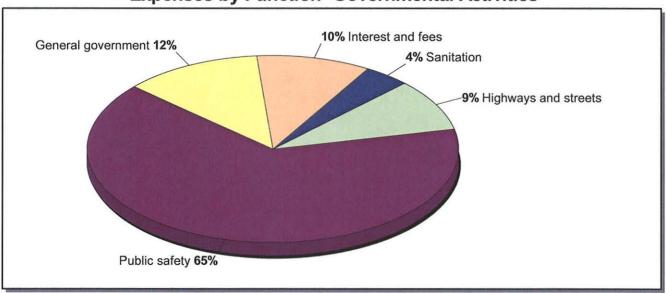
Revenues

A graphic summary of the FY 2011 Governmental Activities revenues by category for the Village of Broadview is shown above. Property Taxes and Other Taxes accounted for a combined 75% of the Village's revenue sources used to fund governmental activities. Annual receipts from property taxes decreased \$1.4 million, or 13.7% from the prior year. The decrease was due to the reduction in incremental property taxes generated by the Village's TIFs. A portion of the decrease was absorbed by an increase in Capital Grants and contributions compared to the prior year. Current year collections in Other Taxes, which include sales taxes, utility taxes, local use taxes and cablevision taxes, were comparable to the prior year. Total revenues from governmental activities decreased \$0.6 million, or 3% from the prior year.

Operating revenues of the Village's business type activities (not shown as part of graph) increased by 3.8% over the prior year due primarily to increase in water supplied. Pricing of water is based on fees determined by the supplier of water. Sales of water (revenues) can be affected by climate, at times, with warmer and drier summers bringing higher demand.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



The chart as shown above graphically depicts the major expense categories of the Village of Broadview. The public safety category which includes the Law Enforcement, Fire and Emergency and Building Departments is substantially tax supported while their program charges cover approximately 13% of their expenses.

Operating expenses of the business type activities of the Village that includes the Water and Sewerage Department (not shown as part of graph) decreased by \$0.01 million or 6.3% from the prior year primarily related to decreased water purchases.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Broadview's governmental funds reported a combined (major & non major) ending fund balance of \$20.9 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million over fiscal year 2010. A significant portion of the net decrease was attributable to decreased fund balance in the General Fund from a deficit \$2.9 million to a deficit \$3.1 million.

Other Financing Sources and Uses

Due to an operational deficit in the IMRF fund, an operating transfer of approximately \$150,000 was made from the General Corporate Fund to cover the operating deficit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village's budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenues by \$0.9 million, and that the net impact after other financing sources (uses) would result in an overall net increase of \$0.1 million to the fund balance. The actual result for the year, however, was a deficit of \$0.2 million, representing an unfavorable budget variance of \$0.3 million above the overall planned revenue and spending activity.

Annual revenues exceeded the budgeted amount by approximately \$0.2 million, or 1.6%. The favorable variance was primarily due to increases in replacement taxes and charges for services.

The actual General Fund expenditures exceeded the total budget expenditures, by approximately \$0.2 million. Unfavorable budget variances experienced by the various departments caused this increase.

For additional Details, please see the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund in this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Village of Broadview's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2011 was \$14.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$14.5 million). This investment in capital assets includes land, land for resale, buildings and improvements, distribution systems, vehicles, furniture and equipment and infrastructure. During the current fiscal year, there was very little activity in the purchasing of capital assets due to limited resources. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note III C. of the basic financial statements.

Gover	nm	ental Ad	ctivities	Rusine	-22	Type A	ctivities				Total	
			Change	2011			Change		2011		2010	Change
\$ 1.5	\$	1.5	\$	0.1	\$	0.1		\$	1.6	\$	1.6	
0.6		-	0.6%	-		-			0.6		_	
2.1		2.2	(4.5)%	-		~			2.1		2.2	(4.5)%
0.7		8.0	(12.5)%	-		-			0.7		0.8	(12.5)9
0.1		0.2	(50.0)%	0.3		0.3			0.4		0.5	(20.0)%
 3.7		3.9	(5.1)%	5.1		4.6	10.9%	_	8.8		8.5	3.5%
2	\$ 1.5 0.6 2.1 0.7 0.1	\$ 1.5 \$ 0.6 2.1 0.7 0.1	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 0.6 - 2.1 2.2 0.7 0.8 0.1 0.2	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ \$ 0.6 - 0.6% 2.1 2.2 (4.5)% 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% 0.1 0.2 (50.0)%	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 0.6 - 0.6% - 2.1 2.2 (4.5)% - 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% - 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.6 - 0.6% - 2.1 2.2 (4.5)% - 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% - 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.6 \$ - 0.6% 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% 0.1 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3 0.3	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.6 \$ - 0.6% 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% 0.1 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3 0.3	\$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% 0.1 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3 0.3	2011 2010 Change 2011 2010 Change 2011 \$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 1.6 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.8 \$ (12.5)% \$ 0.7 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.8 \$ (12.5)% \$ 0.3 \$ 0.3 \$ 0.3 \$ 0.4 \$ 0.4 \$ 0.5 \$ 0.5 \$ 0.5 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.5	2011 2010 Change 2011 2010 Change 2011 \$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.1 \$ 1.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.6 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.8 \$ (12.5)% \$ 0.7 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.7 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.2 \$ (50.0)% \$ 0.3 \$ 0.3 \$ 0.4 \$ 0.4 \$ 0.1 \$ 0.	2011 2010 Change 2011 2010 Change 2011 2010 \$ 1.5 \$ 1.5 \$ 0.1 0.1 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.6 0.6 - 0.6% - - 0.6 - 2.1 2.2 (4.5)% - - 2.1 2.2 0.7 0.8 (12.5)% - - 0.7 0.8 0.1 0.2 (50.0)% 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5

Debt Administration

At year end, the Village had total outstanding long term debt of \$30.2 million, as compared to \$33.8 million of the previous year. More detailed information about debt administration can be found in Note III E. of the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

Table 4 Long-Term Debt (in millions of dol	lars)											
		<u>Gover</u> 2011		ental Ad 2010	ctivities Change	<u>Busin</u> 2011		Type A 2010	<u>ctivities</u> Change	2011	<u>Total</u> 2010	Change
TIF Related Bonds Bonds Other	\$	18.8 10.8 <u>0.6</u>	\$	21.1 11.7 0.8	(10.9)% \$ (7.7)% (25.0)%		\$	- - 0.2	(100.0)%	\$ 18.8 10.8 0.6	11.7	(7.7)%
Total	\$_	30.2	\$_	33.6	(10.1)% \$. \$ <u></u>	0.2	(100.0)%	\$30.2	\$ 33.8	§ (10.7)%

Factors Bearing on the Village's Future

Even though the Village managed to achieve a near breakeven financial result for the year, the Village finds itself in a delicate balancing act with a deficit Corporate Fund balance position, ever increasing demand for services, and a terrible economic climate. The current fiscal year corporate fund operational results were less than what was expected primarily due to lower than anticipated revenues. The goal of achieving a reasonable degree of financial stability is an ongoing process that will take years of continued fiscal restraints on spending to conserve limited resources, while yet balancing the needs of the community with the ever present need to enhance revenue streams to meet continual service demands.

22nd & 17th Ave TIF Redevelopment Area

The old Target store located in the Broadview Village Square shopping center (TIF redevelopment area), a 125,000 square foot building was sold in 2010. The new owners each secured approximately 50% of the vacated store space. LA Fitness Athletic Center opened in September 2010 and Ashley Furniture Store opened in March 2011.

Roosevelt Road TIF Redevelopment Area

- > 1940 Roosevelt Road Dunkin Donuts / Baskin Robbins with drive-thru facilities has been in operation since December 2007. The Village entered into a redevelopment agreement with the owner to rebate actual TIF increment from the redevelopment and the Village share of sales tax up to a target amount.
- > The Village of Broadview is in the design and engineering phase of a major streetscape improvement project along most of Roosevelt Road. Improvements will include the widening of parking lanes and the replacement of street lights, sidewalks, and pedestrian crossways. The construction activities are anticipated to start in 2012 and be completed in 2013.
- > The Village is aggressively pursuing various redevelopment opportunities which may utilize Village owned properties along Roosevelt Road.

The Village Board of Trustees approved the 19th Street Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan, south of Roosevelt Road on 17th Avenue in May 2008. In the February 2010, Chase Bank, completed construction of a branch office facility and opened for business. The Village is currently soliciting developers to redevelop a site within the TIF district that was formerly occupied by the Broadview bowling alley.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2011

The Village Board of Trustees approved the 17th Avenue Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan, north of Roosevelt Road in September 2007. The Village has been seeking a developer for the Village owned property along 17th Avenue. Several developers have expressed some interest, and the Village plans to solicit proposals from multiple developers in the next fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Village's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like a copy of the financial statements for the Police Pension Fund or Firefighters' Pension Fund, contact the Village hall:

Jan Baptist, Finance Director Village of Broadview 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

	·		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,601,862	\$ 2,624,432	\$ 12,226,294
Receivables (net of allowance)			
Property taxes	4,819,069	-	4,819,069
Intergovernmental	1,164,459	-	1,164,459
Accounts	59,856	131,014	190,870
Other	681,993	-	681,993
Restricted cash and investments	11,944,245	-	11,944,245
Prepaid items	228,680	-	228,680
Internal balances	(100,000)	100,000	_
Issuance costs	214,350	-	214,350
Property held for resale	2,805,541	_	2,805,541
Net pension asset	177,884	_	177,884
Capital assets	, , , , , , ,		,
Land	1,491,927	68,195	1,560,122
Construction in progress	620,254	-	620,254
	8,433,934	9,954,016	18,387,950
Infrastructure			4,086,885
Buildings	4,070,000	16,885	• •
Machinery and equipment	934,197	635,700	1,569,897
Vehicles	3,230,366	-	3,230,366
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(10,042,746</u>)	<u>(5,139,344</u>)	<u>(15,182,090</u>)
Total Assets	40,335,871	8,390,898	48,726,769
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	825,529	145,762	971,291
Accrued payroll	32,472	-	32,472
Other liabilities	51,604	_	51,604
Accrued interest payable	522,073	5,613	527,686
Unearned revenue	4,428,547		4,428,547
	804,956	_	804,956
Firefighters' pension fund payable		-	
Police pension fund payable	718,465	-	718,465
Due to agency fund	300,000	-	300,000
Noncurrent liabilities	4 457 000	00.400	4 5 47 000
Due within one year	4,457,660	89,429	4,547,089
Due in more than one year	<u>25,787,121</u>		<u> 25,787,121</u>
Total Liabilities	37,928,427	240,804	<u>38,169,231</u>
NET ASSETS			
	5,322,354	5,446,023	10,768,377
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	0,022,004	5,440,025	10,700,377
Restricted for	760 000		760 000
Streets and highways	768,003	-	768,003
Economic Development	4,619,350	-	4,619,350
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,302,263)	2,704,071	(5,598,192)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ <u>2,407,444</u>	\$ <u>8,150,094</u>	\$ <u>10,557,538</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	BANNSANA	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
General government	\$	1,847,248	\$	266,967	\$	2,700	\$	<u></u>		
Public safety	*	9,305,419	•	1,221,477	•	5,136	•	_		
Highways and streets		1,325,493		229,002		244,952		710,254		
Sanitation		608,576		482,868		-		_ `		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,441,861	_	-		_				
Total Governmental Activities	_	14,528,597	_	2,200,314	•••	252,788		710,254		
Business-type activities										
Water and sewerage		1,555,320	_	2,721,188				-		
Total Business-type Activities	_	1,555,320	-	2,721,188		-	*****	-		
Total	\$	16,083,917	\$_	4,921,502	\$_	252,788	\$	710,254		

General Revenues

Property taxes

Other taxes

Sales taxes

Local use taxes

Utility taxes

Other taxes

Intergovernmental

State income tax

Personal property replacement tax

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in net assets

NET ASSETS (Deficit) - Beginning of Year

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals
\$	(1,577,581) (8,078,806) (141,285) (125,708) (1,441,861) (11,365,241)	\$	-	\$	(1,577,581) (8,078,806) (141,285) (125,708) (1,441,861) (11,365,241)
_		-	1,165,868 1,165,868	_	1,165,868 1,165,868
-	(11,365,241)	-	1,165,868		(10,199,373)
	8,772,722		-		8,772,722
	3,267,135 117,603 1,246,771 79,225		- - -		3,267,135 117,603 1,246,771 79,225
_	617,042 676,649 54,893 101,392		5,308		617,042 676,649 60,201 101,392
	(90,000) 14,843,432	-	90,000 95,308	-	<u>-</u> 14,938,740
	3,478,191		1,261,176		4,739,367
-	(1,070,747)	-	6,888,918		5,818,171
\$_	2,407,444	\$_	8,150,094	\$_	10,557,538

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2011

	General	22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund	Roosevelt Road TIF
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,503,010	\$ 33,463	\$ 4,504,152
Receivables (net of allowance)	,, , ,	,,	,,,,,,,,
Property taxes	2,355,013	1,346,771	488,603
Intergovernmental	1,105,334	1,040,771	400,003
-	1,100,334	-	-
Accounts	204.000	-	-
Other	681,993		-
Restricted cash and investments	-	11,079,664	-
Due from other funds	27,145		-
Prepaid items	228,680		-
Advances to other funds	<u>72,587</u>	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>6,973,762</u>	\$ <u>12,459,898</u>	\$ <u>4,992,755</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 333,424	\$ 150	\$ 348
Accrued payroll	32,472	~	-
Other liabilities	51,604	-	_
Firefighters' pension fund payable	804,956	-	_
Police pension fund payable	718,465	-	_
Due to other funds	, , , , , , ,	_	_
Deferred revenues	2,485,556	1,346,771	421 207
	·	1,340,771	421,207
Advances from other funds	5,600,000	-	
Total Liabilities	10,026,477	1,346,921	<u>421,555</u>
Fund Balances			
Reserved			
Reserved for prepaid items	228,680	_	_
Reserved for debt service	220,000	11,079,664	•
Reserved for advances to other funds	70 507	11,079,004	-
	72,587	-	-
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:	/A 050 000		
General fund (deficit)	(3,353,982)		-
Special revenue funds	-	33,313	4,571,200
Debt service funds	•	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	_	
Total Fund Balances (deficit)	<u>(3,052,715</u>)	11,112,977	4,571,200
TOTAL LIADUSTICS AND CUMP DALANCES	\$ 6,973,762	\$ <u>12,459,898</u>	\$ 4,992,755
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Ψ <u>υ,στυ,τυς</u>	Ψ <u>ΙΖ,ΨΟΘ,ΟΘΟ</u>	Ψ

De	ebt Service		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
\$	522,490	\$	437,214	\$	1,601,533	\$	9,601,862
	465,666 - - - - - -		- - - - 864,581 - - - 5,300,000	*****	163,016 59,125 59,856 - - - -		4,819,069 1,164,459 59,856 681,993 11,944,245 27,145 228,680 5,372,587
\$	988,156	\$ <u></u>	6,601,795	\$	1,883,530	\$_	33,899,896
\$	- - - - - 407,021 - 407,021	\$ 	700	\$	490,907 - - - 127,145 145,511 72,587 836,150	\$	825,529 32,472 51,604 804,956 718,465 127,145 4,806,066 5,672,587 13,038,824
	- -		- 864,581 5,300,000		 		228,680 11,944,245 5,372,587
	581,135 581,135		- - - 436,514 6,601,095	_	1,047,380	_	(3,353,982) 5,651,893 581,135 436,514 20,861,072
\$	988,156	\$ <u></u>	6,601,795	\$ <u></u>	1,883,530	\$	33,899,896



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 20,861,072
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note III C.	8,737,932
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	377,519
Property held for resale in the governmental fund are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	2,805,541
An asset is reported on the Statement of Net Assets due to the Village's overfunding of its annual required contribution to the Fire Pension.	177,884
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds and notes payable	(29,676,327)
Compensated absences	(298,925)
Accrued interest	(522,073)
Unamortized debt discount, premium, and issuance costs	141,201
Net OPEB Obligation	(158,269)
Net Pension Obligation	 `(38 <u>,111</u>)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,407,444

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Investment income Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	General 4,031,841 4,133,200 1,326,988 502,308 5,049 835,305 183,955 102,022 11,120,668	/	2nd and 17th Avenue TIF edevelopment Fund 2,484,883 600,000 - 146 - - - 3,085,029	- \$	Roosevelt Road TIF 1,021,953 - - - 9,420 - - - 1,031,373
EVDENDITIONS						
EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Streets Sanitation Employee benefits Debt Service Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees Cost of issuance Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures, before other		1,266,763 9,331,010 904,033 - 370,000 131,384 - 44,652 12.047,842		12,949 - - - 2,305,000 1,041,125 - - 3,359,074		30,119 - - - - - - - - - 30,119
financing sources and (uses)	_	(927,174)	_	(274,045)	-	1,001,254
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers (out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	- 3,204 906,478 (150,000) 759,682		(906,478) (906,478)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(167,492)		(1,180,523)		1,001,254
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year (Deficit)	_	(2,885,223)	•	12,293,500	-	3,569,946
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR (DEFICIT)	\$_	(3,052,715)	\$_	11,112,977	\$_	4,571,200

Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 906,699 - - - 35,585 - - - - 942,284	\$ - - 1,131 - - 54,200 55,331	\$ 327,346 - 955,206 - 3,562 613,048 9,477 - 1,908,639	\$ 8,772,722 4,733,200 2,282,194 502,308 54,893 1,448,353 193,432 156,222 18,143,324
- - - - 1,385,000 371,329 21,907	73,186 - - - - -	107,602 171,256 213,909 608,576 286,781	1,490,619 9,502,266 1,117,942 608,576 286,781 4,060,000 1,543,838 21,907
1,778,236	73,186	580,508 1,968,632	625,160 19,257,089
(835,952)	<u>(17,855</u>)	(59,993)	(1,113,765)
870,000 - - - 870,000	-	150,000 - 150,000	870,000 3,204 1,056,478 (1,056,478) 873,204
34,048	(17,855)	90,007	(240,561)
547,087	6,618,950	957,373	21,101,633
\$ <u>581,135</u>	\$ <u>6,601,095</u>	\$ <u>1,047,380</u>	\$20,861,072



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (240,561)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net assets the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements.	633,302 (456,270)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	(49,740)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Payment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Debt issued Debt principal paid	(870,000) 4,060,000
Some of the bonds issued in the current year are accretion bonds. Accretion of the bonds during the year increases the carrying value of the bonds and will be repaid using future year resources. The current year's accretion is charged to interest expense in the Statement of Activities.	(17,045)
Governmental funds report debt premiums, discounts and issuance costs as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net assets, these are deferred and reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Debt discount and issuance costs Amortization	(45,588) 12,161
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	40.000
Compensated absences Net OPEB Obligation Accrued interest on debt Net Pension Obligation	43,028 (45,640) 51,012 225,648
An increase in the expense of the pension contribution is recognized in the entity-wide Statement of Net Assets as an increase in the net pension asset.	 177,884
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,478,191

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND April 30, 2011

ASSETS	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
Current Assets Cash and investments	\$ 2,624,432
Receivables (net of allowance)	
Accounts Due from corbace fund	131,014
Due from garbage fund Total Current Assets	100,000 2,855,446
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets	
Land	68,195
Buildings and improvements	16,885
Machinery, equipment and furnishings	635,700
Infrastructure	9,954,016
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,139,344</u>)
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,535,452
Total Assets	8,390,898
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	4.45.700
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	145,762 5,613
Revenue bonds - current portion	89,429
Total Current Liabilities	240,804
Total Liabilities	240,804
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital asset, net of related debt	5,446,023
Unrestricted	2,704,071
TOTAL NET ACCETO	\$ <u>8,150,094</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	Ψ 0,100,094

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
OPERATING REVENUES	
Water sales	\$ 2,177,004
Sewer charges	384,282
Penalties	33,169
Miscellaneous	<u>126,733</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>2,721,188</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Source of supply	1,105,402
Transmission and distribution	81,115
Customer accounting and collections	13,242
Personnel services	87,156
Contractual services	1,000
Commodities	136
Depreciation	<u>261,728</u>
Total Operating Expenses	1,549,779
Operating Income	1,171,409
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	5,308
Interest expense	(5,541)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(5,541)
(Expenses)	(233)
(Expenses)	(200)
Income Before Contributions	
CONTRIBUTIONS	
Capital paid in by municipality	90,000
Total Contributions	90,000
Change in Net Assets	1,261,176
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	6,888,918
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>8,150,094</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
ACTIVITIES Received from customers	\$ 2,752,902
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,220,899)
Paid to employees for services	(62,121)
Net Cash Flows From Operating	,
Activities	1,469,882
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment income	5,308
Net Cash Flows From Investing	
Activities	5,308
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loaned to garbage fund Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(100,000) (100,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Debt retired	(86,302)
Interest paid	(5,541)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(749,616)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and	<u> </u>
Related Financing Activities	(841,459)
Net Change in Cash and Cash	
Equivalents	533,731
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	2,090,701
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>2,624,432</u>

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
ACTIVITIES Operating income	\$ 1,171,409
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	Ψ 1,171,409
Income to Net Cash Flows From	
Operating Activities	264 720
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities	261,728
Accounts receivable	31,714
Accounts payable	<u>5,031</u>
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u>1,469,882</u>
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES During the year the CDBG contributed \$90,000 in capital assets to the Water and Sewage Fund.	\$ <u>90,000</u>

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2011

	<u>Pen</u>	sion Trusts	Age	ncy Fund
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	743,917	\$	14,585
Investments				
Money markets		1,180,147		-
State and local obligations		1,047,346		-
U.S Government securities	•	17,766,577		-
Mutual funds	•	16,369,020		-
Stocks		1,906,575		-
Receivables - (net)				
Accrued interest		152,442		-
Assessment receivable		_		18,479
Prepaid items		12,788		_
Due from primary government		1,523,421		300,000
Reserve for uncollectibles		(1,523,421)		
Total Assets		39,178,812		333,064
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		7,254		-
For special assessment expenditures		- '		280,463
Special assessment bonds payable		_		52,601
Total Liabilities	\$	7,254	\$	333,064
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is presented in the required supplementary information)	\$ <u></u> ;	<u>39,171,558</u>	\$	_

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

ADDITIONS	Pension Trusts
Contributions Employer and other Plan members Refunds Total Contributions	\$ 2,674,080 353,660 17,880 3,045,620
Investment income Interest and dividends Net appreciation in fair value of investments Total Investment Income Less Investment expenses Net Investment Income Total Additions	927,884 3,097,377 4,025,261 (97,442) 3,927,819 6,973,439
DEDUCTIONS Administration Benefits Total Deductions	101,568 3,178,981 3,280,549
Change in Net Assets	3,692,890
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	35,478,668
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>39,171,558</u>



INDEX TO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Broadview, Illinois (the "Village") was incorporated in 1914. The Village is a non home-rule municipality, under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, located in Cook County, Illinois. The Village operates under a Mayor-Trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire protection), highways and streets, sanitation (water and sewer), health and social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of Broadview, Illinois conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village of Broadview. The reporting entity for the Village consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable for the organization. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) The primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements the village does not have any discretely presented component units to include within these financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Blended Component Units

The Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS) is established for the Village's police employees. PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two police employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many characteristics of a legally separate government, PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's police employees and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Police Pension Board 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, IL

The Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS) is established for the Village's firefighters. FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two fire employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's firefighters because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Firefighters' Pension Board 2400 South 25th Street Broadview, IL

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund - is used to account for incremental real estate and sales tax revenues received from Village Square Tax Increment Financing District that are to be used for the development of the Redevelopment Project Area at 22nd Street and 17th Avenue.

Roosevelt Road TIF Fund - is used to account for incremental real estate tax revenues received from Roosevelt Road Tax Increment Financing District that are to be used for the development of the Redevelopment Project Area at Roosevelt Road.

Debt Service Fund - accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt other than TIF or enterprise fund debt.

Capital Projects Fund - is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for major capital purchased for governmental operations.

The Village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewerage Fund - accounts for operations of the sewerage and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

The Village reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Garbage Motor Fuel Tax

Emergency Telephone System 27th / 23rd Street TIF Redevelopment

Illinois Municipal Retirement
Community Development Block Grant
(CDBG)
17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment

19th Avenue TIF Redevelopment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Pension trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans.

Police Pension Fund Firefighters' Pension Fund

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Special Assessment

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

The business-type activities follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for state income taxes. State income taxes received within 120 days will be considered as available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred revenues. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

The Village reports deferred revenues on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the Village has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The enterprise fund follows all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and has elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewerage Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Illinois Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool.

Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and the Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds meeting certain requirements, equity securities, and corporate bonds meeting certain requirements. Pension funds with net assets in excess of \$10,000,000 and an appointed investment adviser may invest an additional portion of its assets in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds, that meet certain requirements. The police pension fund's investment policy allows investments in all of the above listed accounts, but does exclude any repurchase agreements. The firefighters' pension fund allows funds to be invested in any type of security authorized by the Illinois Pension Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Certain deposits of the 22nd and 17th Avenue Tax Increment Financing District are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted based on the Redevelopment agreement for the Tax Increment Financing District.

The Village and Pensions have adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The Village and Pension's formal investment policy states the portfolio should provide a comparable rate of return during a market / economic environment of stable interest rates. Portfolio performance should be compared to benchmarks with similar maturity, liquidity and credit quality as the portfolio. The Village set an investment bank's 1-3 year Governmental Bond Index as its initial benchmark. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding two years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

The Pensions' investment policies seek to ensure preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance to safety of principal and liquidity. The Police Pension's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities. The Firefighters' Pension's policy does not limit investment maturities except as part of statutory requirements, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Over a full business cycle (3-5 years) it is the goal of the Firefighters' Pension to get a return on investments that meets or exceeds the rate of 8%. The portfolio will be managed with an average duration ranging from one to ten years. However, all of the policies require the Village's and pensions' investment portfolios to be sufficiently liquid to enable the Village and pensions to meet all operating requirements as they come due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Credit Risk

State Statutes limit the investments in commercial paper to the top three ratings of two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). The Village's and pension's investment policies authorize investments in any type of security allowed for in Illinois statutes regarding the investment of public funds. As of April 30, 2011, all of the Village and Pensions' applicable other investments had either "AAA" or "A-1+" ratings with their applicable rating agency. The Police Pension's investment policy prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return." The Police Pension Fund's investments in the securities of U.S. government agencies were all rated triple A by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services, except for two issues that were unrated. Unrated investments were Federal National Mortgage Association \$58,006 par value, 6% interest rate maturing May 1, 2024.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Village's and pensions' investment policies require diversification of the investment portfolio to minimize risk of loss resulting from over-concentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity.

The Police Pension does not have a formal written policy with regards to concentration credit risk for investments. At April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Fund has over 5% of net plan assets invested in various agency securities as indicated in the table in Note III A. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and as mentioned earlier are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation.

The Firefighter's investment policy has a preferred target that not less than 55 percent of its portfolio be in fixed income securities and up to 45 percent may be invested in qualified equity securities.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured with collateralization pledged by the applicable financial institution held at an independent - third party institution in the name of the municipality. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 100% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

With respect to investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The Firefighters' Pension's investment policy requires all investments to be registered in the name of the fund, however, it does not specifically address these risks.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is an investment pool managed by its Board of Trustees, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. IMET is not registered with the SEC as investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. It is subject to the State of Illinois' regulations. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

See Note III. A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes for levy year 2010 attaches as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2010, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December following the lien date (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). The tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2011, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December, and therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2011.

Tax bills for levy years (although in recent years the issuance has been significantly delayed) are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about March 1, and September 1, and are payable in two installments, on or about April 1, and October 1, or within 30 days of the tax bills being issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables (cont.)

The county collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2010 property tax levy is recognized as a receivable and deferral in fiscal 2011, net of amounts already collected and the allowance for uncollectible. As the taxes become available to finance current expenditures, they are recognized as revenues. At April 30, 2011, the property taxes receivable and deferred tax revenue consisted of the estimated amount collectible from the 2010 levy.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days (\$36,404) comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 1 percent (\$93,855) of outstanding property taxes at April 30, 2011. Other accounts receivable is shown net at \$117,583 for uncollectibles.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,500 for general capital assets and \$1,500 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	50	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)

6. Compensated Absences (cont.)

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

7. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year end for both premiums/discounts and gains/losses, as applicable, is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net assets.

8. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

9. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 9. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Reserved fund balance is that portion of fund balance that is not available for the subsequent year's budget due to legal restrictions or resources which are not available for current spending. Unreserved fund balance includes funds set aside by management for specific uses, which are labeled "designated". The balance of unreserved fund balance is labeled "undesignated", which indicates it is available for appropriation. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

10. Property Held for Resale

The Village's property held for resale includes land that is being held for sale for future development of the Village.

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the Board of Trustees. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to April 30, the Village finance director submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year of the general fund and special revenue funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION (cont.)

The Village is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the Village Board. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Village finance director is authorized to transfer budget amounts between department within any fund; however, the Village Board must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Funds		Budgeted expenditures	 Actual Expenditures	Excess Expenditures Over Budget			
General	\$	11,822,603	\$ 12,047,842	\$	225,239		
Garbage		401,492	608,576		207,084		
Community Development Block Grant							
(CDBG)		87,000	90,000		3,000		
Emergency Telephone System		157,117	171,256		14,139		
27th / 23rd TIF Redevelopment		4,500	106,834		102,334		
Debt Service		1,763,176	1,778,236		15,060		
Capital Projects		52,094	73,186		21,092		

The Village controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the Village's year-end budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of April 30, 2011, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason				
General	\$ 3,052,715	Current and prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing				
Garbage	5,349	Operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing				
Community Development Block Grant	18,145	Prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing				
19th Avenue TIF Redevelopment	72,685	Current and prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing				

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 23 years. General fund is anticipated to be funded with future contributions, general tax revenues, or long-term borrowing. The Community Development Block Grant deficit will be funded by future grant awards. The Garbage fund will be funded with future charges for services for revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village and Pensions' deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks			
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 2,150 12,856,210	\$ - 12,965,429	N/A Interest rate risk; Custodial Credit Risk -			
Other investments	50,340,346	50,340,452	Deposits Interest rate risk; Credit risk; Concentration of credit risk; Custodial Credit Risk - Investment			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ <u>63,198,706</u>	\$ <u>63,305,881</u>				
Reconciliation to financial statements						
Per statement of net assets Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net assets- fiduciary funds Pension - Cash Region - Managements	\$ 12,226,294 11,944,245 743,917					
Pension - Money markets Pension - State and local obligations Pension - U.S. Government securities Pension - Mutual funds Pension - Stocks Agency - Cash	1,180,147 1,047,346 17,766,577 16,369,020 1,906,575 14,585					
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ <u>63,198,706</u>					

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and unlimited amounts for noninterest bearing accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

The Village and Pensions do not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk (cont.)

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Village and Pensions do not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Village held investments in the following external pools which are not rated:

Illinois Funds IMET

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At April 30, 2011, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Net Assets
Police Pension LSV Value Equity Fund	Mutual Funds	11.69%
Vanguard 500 Index Fund T. Rowe Price Growth Stock Fund U.S. Government Agency U.S. Government Agency	Mutual Funds Mutual Funds Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Bank	8.11% 8.19% 9.24% 15.10%
Firefighters' Pension U.S. Government Agency U.S. Government Agency	Federal Farm Credit Bank Note Federal National Mortgage Association	7.04% 11.12%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of April 30, 2011, the primary government investments were as follows:

	Maturity (In Years)								
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 5 Years							
Money Market Mutual Funds Illinois Funds Illinois Metropolitan	\$ 11,079,664 42,670	\$ 11,079,664 42,670							
Investment Fund U.S. Treasury Notes	83,951 <u>864,687</u>	83,951 <u>864,687</u>							
Totals	\$ <u>12,070,972</u>	\$ <u>12,070,972</u>							

Firefighters' Pension Fund:

	Maturity (In Years)												
Investment Type		Fair Value		ess than 5.	5-10		M	lore than 10					
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	307,156	\$	307,156	\$	_	\$	_					
Federal Home Loan Bank		589,947		230,090		359,857		-					
Federal Farm Credit Bank		1,283,036		1,283,036		-		-					
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		873,807		79,028		391,446		403,333					
Federal National Mortgage Association Pool		1,172,036		163,088		1,008,948		<u>.</u>					
Federal National Mortgage Association		853,939		600,170		253,769							
Government National Mortgage Association		3,279,079		_		497,410		2,781,669					
U.S. TIPS		365,228	-	-	_	_	_	365,228					
Totals	\$_	8,724,228	\$_	2,662,568	\$_	2,511,430	\$_	3,550,230					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Police Pension Fund:

Maturity (In Years) Investment Type Fair Value 1-5 6-10 Less than 1 More Than 10 State & Local Obligations 1,047,346 \$ \$ 636,346 \$ 310,682 100,318 U.S. Treasury Notes 3,248,961 1,287,302 1,961,659 U.S. Treasury Strips 714,727 714,727 Governmental National Mortgage Association 78,902 76,719 2,183 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1,936,708 1,071,886 864,822 Federal Home Loan Bank 3,162,479 154,125 1,346,118 832,697 829,539 Federal National Mortgage Association 207,728 143,903 63,825 Money Market Mutual Funds 872,991 872,991 \$ 5,056,379 4,046,579 \$ 11,269,842 1,171,019 995,865 Totals

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund		7th / 17th TIF edevelopment		Roosevelt Road TIF		Debt Service				Water and Sewerage		Nonmajor Funds		Totals
Receivables																
Property taxes	\$	2,396,810	\$	1,377,382	\$	497,747	\$	474,692	\$		\$	166,295	\$	4,912,926		
Replacement taxes		90,459		-		-		-		-		-		90,459		
Income taxes		219,677		-		-		-		÷.		-		219,677		
Local use taxes		28,465		.		-		-				-		28,465		
Sales taxes		766,733		-		-		-		-		-		766,733		
Utility taxes		248,772		<u></u>		-		-		-		-		248,772		
Business licenses		8,967				-		-				-		8,967		
Fire protection		131,292		-		-		-		-		_		131,292		
Ambulance billings		321,271		<u></u>		_		-		_		<u>.</u>		321,271		
Motor fuel taxes		-		-		-		•		-		17,056		17,056		
Other		89,272		-		_		-		-		42,069		131,341		
Accounts	_	-	-		_		_			167,418		59,856		227,274		
Gross receivables		4,301,718		1,377,382		497,747		474,692		167,418		285,276		7,104,233		
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(159,378)		(30,611)	_	(9,144)	_	(9,026)		(36,404)	_	(3,279)	_	(247,842)		
Net Total Receivables	\$ <u>_</u>	4,142,340	\$_	1,346,771	\$_	488,603	\$_	465,666	\$	131,014	\$_	281,997	\$ <u></u>	6,856,391		

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned		Totals	
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year	\$	_	\$	4,428,547	\$	4,428,547	
Sales taxes receivable	•	273,848	·	-	•	273,848	
Local use taxes receivable		9,488		-		9,488	
Simplified telecommunication tax		54,396		-		54,396	
Utility taxes		39,787		-	,	39,787	
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	377,519	\$ <u></u>	4,428,547	\$_	4,806,066	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

Under the accrual method deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in the period earned. An exception in Illinois is real estate taxes, whereby the intent of the village is to finance the following year's operations with those monies. Therefore, these amounts will remain deferred revenue or unearned for the government-wide statements.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2011, was as follows:

		Beginning						
		Balance		Additions		Deletions	Er	iding Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,491,927	\$	-	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	1,491,927
Construction in Process	_	**	_	620,254	_		_	620,254
Total Capital Assets Not Being			_					
Depreciated		<u>1,491,927</u>	_	620,254	_		_	2,112,181
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		4,070,000		-		_		4,070,000
Vehicles		3,230,366		_		_		3,230,366
Equipment		921,149		13,048		_		934,197
Infrastructure		8,433,934		-		-		8,433,934
Total Capital Assets Being		0,100,001			-		••••	<u> </u>
Depreciated		16,655,449	٠	13,048	-			<u> 16,668,497</u>
Total Capital Assets	_	18,147,376	_	633,302		_		18,780,67 <u>8</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		(1,879,900)		(81,400)		<u>.</u>		(1,961,300)
Vehicles		(2,466,829)		(113,421)				(2,580,250)
Equipment		(742,816)		(64,104)		**		(806,920)
Infrastructure		(4,496,931)		(197,345)		₩		(4,694,276)
Total Accumulated		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	/	_		_	
Depreciation	•	<u>(9,586,476</u>)	_	(456,270)				(10,042,746)
Net Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		7,068,973		(443,222)		-		6,625,751
·		.,,,,,,,,,		/				
Total Governmental								
Activities Capital								
Assets, Net of								
Accumulated	\$	8,560,900	\$	177,032	\$	_	\$	8,737,932
Depreciation	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ=	111,002	Ψ_		Ψ=	0,101,002

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to fur	ections as follows:			
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets				\$ 68,000 143,958 244,312
Total Governmental Activities Depr	reciation Expense			\$ <u>456,270</u>
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ <u>68,195</u> 68,195	\$ <u> -</u> 	\$	\$ <u>68,195</u>
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	16,885 635,700 9,114,400 9,766,985	839,616 839,616		16,885 635,700 9,954,016 10,606,601
Total Capital Assets	9,835,180	839,616	-	<u> 10,674,796</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,885) (347,334) (4,513,397) (4,877,616)	(4,535) (257,193) (261,728)	- - -	(16,885) (351,869) (4,770,590) (5,139,344)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4,889,369	577,888	<u> </u>	5,467,257
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ <u>4,957,564</u>	\$577,888	\$	\$ <u>5,535,452</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities

Water and Sewerage

261,728

Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense

\$<u>261,728</u>

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Water and Sewerage	Nonmajor Garbage	\$ 27,145 100,000
Total - Fund Financial Statements		 127,145
Less: Fund eliminations		 (27,145)
Total Internal Balance Net Assets	s - Government-Wide Statement of	\$ 100,000

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is because of shortfall in respective funds thus creating short-term interfund loans.

For the statement of net assets, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Amount Not e Within One Year
Capital Projects Agency General	General General Nonmajor	\$ _	5,300,000 300,000 72,587	\$ 5,300,000 300,000 72,587
Total - Fund Financial Statements			5,672,587	
Less: Fund eliminations			(5,372,587)	
Less: Fiduciary fund elimina	tions (Due to agency fund)	_	(300,000)	
Total - Interfund Advance of Net Assets	es - Government-Wide Statement	\$	-	

The principal purpose of these interfunds is because of a shortfall in respective funds thus creating long-term interfund loans.

For the statement of net assets, interfund advances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	. ,	Amount	Principal Purpose
Nonmajor	General	\$	150,000	To fund operating deficits To reallocate incremental
General	22nd/17th TIF		906,478	sales taxes
Total - Fund Financial Statements			1,056,478	
Less: Fund eliminations	;		(1,056,478)	
Less: Capital contribution Activities to Business-ty		_	(90,000)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Transfers (cont.)

Total Transfers - Government-Wide Statement of Activities \$____(90,000)

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the statement of activities, interfund transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended April 30, 2011, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable										
General obligation debt Tax increment financing bonds	\$	11,700,328 21,030,000	\$	887,045 -	\$	1,755,000 2,305,000	\$	10,832,373 18,725,000	\$	1,790,000 2,425,000
Unamortized premium Sub-totals		85,310 32,815,638		- 887,045		12,161 4,072,161		73,149	_	-
-	_	32,010,030		007,045	*****	4,072,101	-	29,630,522		4,215,000
Other Liabilities Compensated absences IEPA Brownfields revolving		341,953		399,412		442,440		298,925		242,660
loan		118,954		-		-		118,954		-
Net OPEB Obligation		112,629		45,640				158,269		-
Net Pension Obligation	_	263,759	_	1,957,391	_	2,183,039		38,111	_	-
Total Other Liabilities		837,295		2,402,443		2,625,479	_	614,259		242,660
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	33,652,933	\$	3,289,488	\$	6,697,640	\$ <u></u>	30,244,781	\$	4,457,660
Business-type Activities Bonds and Notes Payable Revenue bonds Sub-totals	\$ <u>_</u>	175,731 175,731	\$	-	\$	86,302 86,302	\$_ _	89,429 89,429	\$	89,429 89,429
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	175,731	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	86,302	\$ <u></u>	89,429	\$	89,429

The governmental activities obligations for compensated absences, the OPEB obligation and the Net Pension Obligation will be repaid from the General Fund.

Amounts Due

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

The Village is subject to the Illinois Municipal Code, which limits the amount of certain indebtedness to 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the Village. As of April 30, 2011, the statutory debt limit for the Village was \$24,623,669, providing a debt margin of \$23,753,669.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

Governmental Activities	Date of	Final	Interest		Original		Balance
General Obligation Debt	lssue	Maturity	Rates	<u>In</u>	<u>debtedness</u>		04/30/11
Alternative Revenue General			5.00%-				
Obligation Bond	2005B	12/1/2015	5.50%	\$	2,140,000	\$	2,140,000
Alternative Revenue General			2.00%-				
Obligation Bond	2003B	12/1/2022	2.90%		8,200,000		7,490,000
Alternative Revenue General							
Obligation Bond (Capital			2.70%-				
Appreciation Bonds)	2003A	6/1/2022	5.50%		1,690,000		332,373
Limited Tax General							
Obligation Bond	2011	12/1/2011	3.75%		870,000		870,000
Total Governmental Activities	c - Ganaral	Obligation De	ht			\$	10,832,373
Total Covernmental Activities	o - Ocherai	Obligation De	υL			*-	

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (includes \$127,627 of accretion excluded in the above 2003A carrying amount):

	Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt						
<u>Years</u>	·····	Principal		Interest			
2012	\$	1,790,000	\$	468,885			
2013		960,000		397,010			
2014		1,000,000		354,948			
2015		1,045,000		310,398			
2016		1,090,000		265,098			
2017-2021		3,465,000		829,798			
2022-2023		<u>1,610,000</u>		115,500			
Totals	\$	10,960,000	\$	2,741,637			

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewerage fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

The Village has pledged future revenues, to repay \$1,295,000 million in revenue bonds issued in 1991. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Village's wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through the 2012 fiscal year. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 3% of revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$91,844. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$91,844 and \$2,721,188, respectively.

Revenue debt payable at April 30, 2011, consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

Water and Sewerage	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		Balance 04/30/11
Revenue Note Series of 1991	1991	12/31/2011	3.59%	\$	1,295,000	\$ 89,429
Total Business-type Activitie	s Revenue	Debt				\$ 89,429

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt						
<u>Years</u>		Principal	Interest				
2012	\$	89,429	\$	2,415			
Totals	\$	89,429	\$	2,415			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Tax Increment Financing Bonds

Tax increment financing bonds are payable from incremental taxes derived from a separately created tax increment financing district.

Tax Increment Financing Bonds at April 30, 2011, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 04/30/11		
Tax Increment Financing Bond Series of 1999 Tax Increment Financing Bond	1999	4/30/2016	4.00% - 5.375%	\$ 33,695,000	\$ 13,475,000		
Series of 2004 - Developer Note	2004	12/31/2017	5.00%	5,000,000	5,250,000		
Total Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds \$							

The Village has pledged future revenues, to repay \$38,695,000 in TIF Revenue bonds issued in 1999 and 2004. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Village's economic development. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through the 2018 fiscal year. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100 percent of revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$22,234,345. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total revenues were \$3,346,069 and \$3,085,029, respectively.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Acti Tax Increment Financi					
<u>Years</u>	P	rincipal		nterest			
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017-2018	\$	2,425,000 2,550,000 2,685,000 2,830,000 2,985,000 5,250,000	\$	916,906 786,313 647,216 499,000 342,722 317,188			
Totals	\$ <u>1</u>	8,725,000	\$	<u>3,509,345</u>			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. IEPA BROWNSFIELD REVOLVING LOAN

In 2007, the Village entered into an agreement with the IEPA to receive a \$300,000 revolving loan to fund cleanup activities at the former Broadview Quick Wash site.

According to the agreement, the Village has two years to use the funds.

There are a number of provisions and covenants contained in the loan agreement. If the site is sold, leased, traded, or developed within 15 years of the agreement (until 2022), the Village must repay between 0% and 80% of the proceeds. Otherwise, the Village has no obligation to repay the loan. The Village is in compliance with all significant provisions and covenants. However, as a conservative measure, the Village has recorded a liability on its Net Asset Statement for 80% of the proceeds received. This obligation will be repaid from the Roosevelt Road TIF Fund.

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Descriptions

The Village contributes to three defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefits levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan do issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after 8 years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months's earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings for each year thereafter. IMRF provides credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by Illinois Compiled Statutes. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the coverage of its own employees in IMRF, as specified by statute. For calendar year 2010, the Village's contribution rate was 8.62% of annual covered payroll. The Village's required contribution rate was 12.49 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2011, the Police Pension membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	30
Current employees:	30
Active Plan Members	25
Total	<u>55</u>

As provide for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Police Pension Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Tier 1 - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one half of the salary attached to the rank on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is lilmited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Police Pension (cont.)

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% by the year 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2011, the Village's contribution was 58.51% of covered payroll.

Firefighters' Pension

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2011, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees	
entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	38
Current employees:	
Active Plan Members	 20
Total	58
1-11	

As provide for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Firefighters' Pension Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Tier 1 - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Tier 2 - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is limited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

Participants contribute a fixed percentage of their base salary to the plans. At April 30, 2011, the contribution percentage was 9.455%. If a participant leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated participant contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% by the year 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2011, the Village's contribution was 74.92% of covered payroll.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans

Basis of Accounting. The financial statements of the pension fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. The Village's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximated fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Annual Pension Cost

The Village annual required contribution for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2010	April 30, 2010	April 30, 2010
Contribution rates:			
Employer	8.62%	58.51%	74.92%
Employee	4.50%	9.91%	9.46%
Annual required contribution	\$173,456	\$929,657	\$1,027,734
Contributions made	\$119,711	\$1,122,278	\$1,238,645
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal 5 year smoothed	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	Market	Market	Market
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization period	30 years, open	23 years, closed	23 years, closed
Actuarial assumptions:		•	•
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.00%	7.00%
	Compounded annually	Compounded annually	Compounded annually
Projected salary increases	0.4 to 10%	1.12 to 4.86%	1.12 to 4.86%
Inflation rate included	4.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.00%	3.50%	3.00%

Net Pension Obligation

The following is the net pension obligation calculation from the actuarial report:

Net Pension Obligation:		ois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Annual required contribution	\$	173,456 \$	929,657 \$	1,027,734
Interest on net pension obligation		-	<u>.</u>	•
Adjustment to annual required contribution				-
Annual pension cost		173,456	929,657	1,027,734
Contributions made		<u>(119,711)</u> _	(1,122,278)	(1,238,645)
Change in net pension obligation		53,745	(192,621)	(210,911)
Net pension obligation, beginning of year		_	230,732	33,027
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$	<u>53,745</u> \$_	<u>38,111</u> \$	<u>(177,884</u>)

The net pension obligation for IMRF is considered immaterial and has not been recorded as a liability by the Village in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

	Fiscal Year	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	
Annual required contribution					
(ARC)	2011	\$ 173,456	\$ 929,657	\$ 1,027,734	
	2010	57,256	1,014,115	1,130,019	
	2009	52,506	940,774	1,086,418	
Contributions made	2011	\$ 119,711	\$ 1,122,278	\$ 1,238,645	
	2010	57,256	783,383	1,096,992	
	2009	52,506	907,305	1,296,572	
Percentage of APC contributed	2011	69%	120.72%	120.52%	
	2010	100%	77.25%	97.08%	
	2009	100%	96.44%	119.34%	
Net pension obligation (asset)	2011	\$ 53,745	\$ 38,111	\$ (177,884)	
	2010	-	230,732	33,027	
	2009	-	n/a	n/a	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The Village's actuarial value of plan assets for the current year and related information is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement		Police Pension		Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	D	ecember 31, 2010	April 30, 2010		April 30, 2010
Actuarial Valuation of Assets (a)	\$	3,649,141	\$ 20,103,115	\$	17,242,447
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	\$	4,041,670	\$ 29,515,485	\$	29,330,806
Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	\$	392,529	\$ 9,412,370	\$	12,088,359
Funded Ratio (a/b)		90.29 %	68.11 %)	58.79 %
Covered Payroll (c)		1,388,756	1,918,065		1,653,276
UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)		28.26 %	490.72 %)	731.18 %

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

The schedules of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Public Entity Risk Pool

IMLRA

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRA). IMLRA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois, which has formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

Other Commitments

In 2006, the Village issued a municipal revenue obligation as part of a development agreement. The amount of the obligation was \$300,000, and is payable to the developer solely from property and sales tax increments collected from a specific portion of the development in Roosevelt Road TIF.

Payments are scheduled through the year 2022, or the maximum obligation, whichever comes first. The obligation does not constitute a charge upon any funds of the Village. In the event that future tax increments are not sufficient to pay off the obligation, the obligation terminates with no further liability to the Village. Since the amount of future payments is contingent on the collection of future TIF increments, the obligation is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. The balance of the commitment outstanding at year end was \$256,096.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees") The plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Village's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through personnel policy guidelines and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contribution requirements are established through personnel policy guidelines and may be amended by the action of the governing body. If an employee works for the Village for 20 years or more and is at least 50 years old at retirement, the employee is eligible to receive a \$267 monthly credit to remain on the Village's health insurance plan until age 65. The amount of the monthly insurance premium for the retiree above the \$267 credit is paid by the retiree. Additionally, the Village pays 100% of the insurance cost for disabled police and fire pension employees. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Village.

The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 216,766 - -
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	 216,766 (171,126) 45,640
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - Beginning of Year	 112,659
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - End of Year	\$ 158,269

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation:

	Fiscal Year Ended	Α	nnual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation
_	4/30/11 4/30/10 4/30/09	\$	216,766 216,766 216,766	78.95% 95.44% 52.60%	\$ 158,269 112,629 102,751

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The year ended April 30, 2009 was the first year of implementation of GASB 45, as such preceding year's information is not applicable.

The funded status of the plan as of May 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 3,239,420
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 3,239,420
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4,952,320
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	65%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the May 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 5 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6 percent. Both rates include a 3 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of Retiree Health Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2011, was 30 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to April 30, 2011, the investment markets have experienced significant volatility. It is highly likely that the values of the Village's investments have changed by material amounts since year end.

F. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The Village of Broadview has established several Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Areas (RPA's) to encourage redevelopment of certain sites for more market oriented commercial uses of the properties that will enhance their value and improve their contributions to the Village and its surrounding areas. As part of the redevelopment plans, the Village has made significant improvements to utilities, public parking, intersections, and traffic signalization, streets and landscaping. The redevelopment plans also include site preparation, land acquisition and assembly, and demolition/clearance.

Construction and development in the RPA's were the responsibility of developers and are substantially complete. To entice development of the areas, the Village created tax increment financing (TIF) districts to finance public improvements made within the RPA's.

Several funds have been established to record the revenues generated in the RPA's that relate directly to servicing the debt issued to make public improvements in the RPA's.

G. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, and Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2011

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Cost (AF	<u>(C)</u>	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net Pen Obligati	
	12/31/10 12/31/09 12/31/08	\$ 173,4 57,2 52,5	:56	69.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ 53, ⁻	745
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunde AAL (UAA		Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/10 12/31/09 12/31/08 12/31/07 12/31/06 12/31/05	\$ 3,649,141 3,508,843 3,335,820 5,021,357 4,438,500 5,082,656	\$ 4,041,670 3,872,717 4,113,473 4,203,536 3,748,367 4,682,039	\$ 392,52 363,83 777,63 (817,82 (690,13 (400,63	74 90.60% 53 81.09% 21) 119.46% 33) 118.41%	\$ 1,388,75 1,353,56 1,204,27 1,115,86 1,342,07 1,860,31	60 26.88% 71 64.57% 62 0.00% 72 0.00%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2010 is \$4,026,639. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 99.63%.

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	12/31/2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Projected salary increases	0.4% to 10%
Inflation factor	4.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2011

	Year Ended	Cost (A	RC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net Pensio Obligation	**
	04/30/2011 04/30/2010 04/30/2009	\$ 929, 1,014, 940,	,115	120.72% 77.25% 96.44%	\$ 38,1° 230,7° N	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
04/30/2010 04/30/2009 04/30/2008 04/30/2007 04/30/2006 04/30/2005	\$20,103,115 19,151,700 19,645,636 18,877,262 17,792,186 16,036,025	\$ 29,515,485 28,392,482 27,103,526 28,713,272 26,506,015 24,221,855	\$ 9,412,370 9,240,782 7,457,890 9,836,010 8,713,829 8,185,830	67.45% 72.48% 65.74% 67.13%	\$ 1,918,065 1,755,885 1,848,099 1,838,433 2,473,667 2,646,671	490.72% 526.27% 403.54% 535.02% 352.26% 309.29%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	4/30/2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	23 years
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Projected salary increases	1.12% to 4.86%
Inflation factor	2.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.5

Information for fiscal year 2010 and 2011 is per actuarial valuation performed by Tepfar Consulting Group, Ltd., other information provided from the Illinois Division of Insurance. Annual Required Contributions for fiscal year 2009 is as recommended by the Illinois Division of Insurance for annual tax levy purposes. This information does not represent the Annual Required Contributions as defined by GASB Statement No. 27.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2011

	Year Ended	Cost (AF		Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net Pensior Obligation	
	04/30/2011	\$ 1,027,7		120.52%	\$ 1,301,87	
	04/30/2010 04/30/2009	1,130,0 1,086,4		97.08% 119.34%	33,02 N/	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	+10	119.5470	IN/A	UAAL as a Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Entry Age	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
04/30/2010 04/30/2009 04/30/2008 04/30/2007 04/30/2006 04/30/2005	\$17,242,447 16,496,962 18,354,936 18,019,534 16,768,003 15,418,393	\$ 29,330,806 27,962,778 30,386,023 29,161,000 28,241,358 27,021,989	\$12,088,359 11,465,816 12,031,087 11,141,466 11,473,355 11,603,596	58.79% 59.00% 61.79% 59.37% 59.37% 57.06%	\$ 1,653,276 1,605,411 2,371,083 2,568,488 2,532,098 2,532,098	731.18% 714.20% 507.41% 433.78% 453.12% 458.26%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	4/30/2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	23 years
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Projected salary increases	1.12% to 4.86%
Inflation factor	2.00
Cost of living adjustments	3.5

Information for fiscal year 2010 and 2011 is per actuarial valuation performed by Tepfar Consulting Group, Ltd., other information provided from the Illinois Division of Insurance. Annual Required Contributions for fiscal year 2009 is as recommended by the Illinois Division of Insurance for annual tax levy purposes. This information does not represent the Annual Required Contributions as defined by GASB Statement No. 27.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS April 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit	Unfunded AL (UAAL)	Fund Rati		 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
5/1/2009	\$	- \$	3,239,420	\$ 3,239,420	1	0.00%	\$ 4,952,320	65.41%

Valuations must be performed every three years for OPEB plans with less than 200 members. The Village adopted GASB 45 for the year ended April 30, 2009, as such only one year of information is applicable.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	I IIIai Daaget		I mai budget
PROPERTY TAXES			
Property taxes	\$ 4,009,705	\$ <u>4,031,841</u>	\$ 22,136
r roporty taxoo	Ψ	Ψ <u>-4,001,041</u>	Ψ22,100
Total Property taxes	4,009,705	<u>4,031,841</u>	22,136
OTHER TAXES	0.050.000	2 22 4 22 5	
Sales	2,650,000	2,664,927	14,927
Local use	105,000	116,433	11,433
Utility taxes	1,410,000	1,242,003	(167,997)
Cablevision	80,000	79,225	(775)
Telecommunication taxes		30,612	<u>30,612</u>
Total Other taxes	4,245,000	4,133,200	(111,800)
			/
INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
State income tax	555,705	644,316	88,611
Personal property replacement tax	550,000	676,649	126,649
State grants	13,000	6,023	(6,977)
Total Intergovernmental	<u>1,118,705</u>	1,326,988	208,283
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FEES			
Vehicle license fees	145,000	131,973	(13,027)
Liquor and malt beverage licenses	25,000	27,720	2,720
Business and occupational licenses	125,000	109,434	(15,566)
Building permits	200,000	134,652	(65,348)
Electrical permits	18,000	17,292	(708)
Plumbing permits	12,000	17,006	5,006
Occupancy permits	30,000	20,414	(9,586)
Other permits	23,500	34,316	10,816
Zoning permits and fees	1,000	760	(240)
Other regulatory permits and fees	<u> </u>	8,741	8,741
Total Licenses, permits and fees	<u>579,500</u>	502,308	(77,192)
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Investment income	10,000	5,049	(4,951)
			<u> </u>
Total Investment income	10,000	<u>5,049</u>	<u>(4,951</u>)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Hospital billings Ambulance fees Towing and storage	\$	200,000 420,000 47,000	\$	204,500 509,474 77,329	\$	4,500 89,474 30,329	
Occupancy inspection Law enforcement fees Building transfer fees		3,045 6,500 6,800	····	6,536 17,766 19,700	******	3,491 11,266 12,900	
Total Charges for services		683,345		835,305		151,960	
FINES AND FORFEITURES Traffic fines Compliance and immobilization Building code violations Law and ordinance violations		100,000 36,300 25,000 11,500		98,050 56,815 23,245 5,845		(1,950) 20,515 (1,755) (5,655)	
Total Fines and forfeitures	_	172,800		183,955	•	11,155	
OTHER Rentals Reimbursement of Village costs Miscellaneous		20,000 100,000 11,000		2,700 53,108 46,214	_	(17,300) (46,892) 35,214	
Total Other Total Revenues	1	131,000 0,950,055	·····	102,022 11,120,668		(28,978) 170,613	
EXPENDITURES EXECUTIVE Personnel services President Trustees Liquor commissioner		24,000 21,600 3,000		24,583 21,600 3,000		(583) - -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Contractual services			
Legal and professional services	\$ 410,000	\$ 344,320	\$ 65,680
Dues and publications	9,000	8,765	235
Telephone	2,000		327
Seminars and conferences	3,000	1,000	2,000
Printing newsletters and notices	11,233	11,226	7
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles	-	101	(101)
Local civic events	4,000	870	3,130
Employee health care benefits	-	(27)	27
Retiree health care benefits	3,204	3,336	(132)
Postage	_	1,177	(1,177)
Travel	1,000	-	1,000
Liability insurance	3,323	3,898	(575)
Automobile insurance	510	565	(55)
Supplies and materials			, ,
Gas and oil	700	930	(230)
Office supplies	1,500	656	844
Miscellaneous	300	4,372	(4,072)
Other			
Contingency	170,000	<u> 155,000</u>	<u> 15,000</u>
Total Executive	668,370	<u>587,045</u>	<u>81,325</u>
FINANCE			
Personnel services		0.500	4.400
Treasurer	3,600		1,100
Collector	49,000		4.00=
Budget officer	14,800		4,607
Finance director	85,000		(654)
Administrative clerk	85,700	84,776	924
Contractual services	00.050	00.070	(40)
Employee health care benefits	68,358		(12)
Liability insurance	24,720		(2,097)
Workers' compensation insurance	1,119		(132)
Schools, seminars and meetings	1,000		950
Maintenance, office equipment	6,000		1,823
Audit services - finance	45,000		8,700
Printing and binding	9,500		9,500
Legal and professional services	45,800		1,319
Postage	7,000		2,020
Telephone	20,000		7,537
Travel	500		500
Dues and publications	500	•	(2,547)
Library - IL replacement tax payments	53,240		(10,714)
Other contractual Total contractual services	98 282,835		98 16,945
rotal contractual services		200,090	10,945

See auditor's report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

			······································
	Original and		V
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Supplies and materials	T mar badget	7101001	Tillial Daaget
Office supplies	\$ 7,500	\$ 24,445	\$ (16,945)
Capital Outlay		,	, , ,
Computer hardware/software/webpage	3,600	599	3,001
Office equipment	6,000	2,598	3,402
Total Finance	<u>538,035</u>	<u>525,655</u>	12,380
VILLAGE CLERK			
Personnel services			
Village clerk	12,000	12,000	_
Deputy clerk	4,100	2,750	1,350
Contractual services			
Legal and professional services		3,845	(3,845)
Postage	100	18	82
Telephone	400	482	(82)
Dues and publications Seminars and conferences	7,000 250	3,784	3,216 250
Employee healthcare plan	3,204	3,268	(64)
General liability insurance	1,720	1,900	(180)
Supplement to municipal contract	2,000	6,742	(4,742)
Supplies and materials	,	,	(, , ,
Election and office supplies	1,000	510	<u>490</u>
Total Village Clerk	31,774	35,299	(3,525)
BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS			
Contractual services			
Tests and administration	15,000	9,217	5,783
Dues and publications	375	932	(557)
Legal services Seminars and conferences	5,000 300	5,046	(46) 300
Supplies and materials	300	-	300
Office supplies	**	427	(427)
Total Boards and commissions	20,675	15,622	5,053
MUNICIPALS BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS			
Contractual services			
Custodial services	28,566	28,566	-
Liability insurance	1,975	3,846	(1,871)
Workers' compensation insurance	1,645	1,488	157
R & M, buildings	15,500	22,110	(6,610)
Maintenance, grounds	7,500	14,438	(6,938)
Employee health care plan Vehicle insurance	20,642 1,412	20,766 1,512	(124) (100)
venicie insurance	1,412	1,012	(100)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
¢ 0.500	Φ E040	\$ 3.681
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		(487) (12,292)
90,740	103,032	(12,292)
4,712	3,225	1,487
_	82	(82)
4,712	3,307	1,40 <u>5</u>
109,580	109,580	-
178,680	178,680	-
316,861	316,786	75
1,312,944	1,312,912	32
-	31,197	(31,197)
·	273,836	(4,300)
300	102	198
	117,716	(13,981)
		873
,		88,685
•	20,449	(11,809)
1,060,041	1,122,278	(62,237)
-	1	(1)
	Final Budget \$ 9,500	Final Budget Actual \$ 9,500 \$ 5,819 4,000 4,487 90,740 103,032 4,712 3,225 - 82 4,712 3,307 109,580 109,580 178,680 178,680 316,861 316,786 1,312,944 1,312,912 - 31,197 269,536 273,836 300 102 103,735 117,716 17,830 16,957 200,000 111,315 8,640 20,449

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

Contractual services	Original a Final Bud		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
R & M, radio equipment	\$	47,147	\$	31,200	\$	15,947
R & M, computer	Ψ	1,500	Ψ	01,200	Ψ	1,500
R & M, office equipment		1,000		215		785
R & M, other equipment		50,000		43,295		6,705
Professional/legal service		80,000		197,892		(117,892)
Telephone		25,000		37,225		
Lead service		12,350		9,820		(12,225)
		2,000		9,020		2,530
Social worker program Liability insurance				21.066		2,000
,		33,824		31,066		2,758
Vehicle insurance		22,799		20,670		2,129
Employee health care benefit plan		742,584		752,400		(9,816)
Retirees health care benefits		67,039		64,905		2,134
Workers' compensation insurance		75,334		78,613		(3,279)
Dues and publications		1,200		875		325
Training school expenditures		6,555		2,449		4,106
Seminars/conferences		1,485		775		710
Towing and storage		25,000		24,896		104
Other		24,240		13,004		11,236
Travel		-		25		(25)
Supplies and materials						
Uniforms		25,350		21,285		4,065
Tools and supplies		20,320		13,77 4		6,546
Crime prevention and relations		1,150		1,622		(472)
Gas and oil		52,500		69,771		(17,271)
Board of prisoners		2,000		1,785		215
R & M - buildings		2,500		2,304		196
Photography supplies		500		19		481
Capital outlay						
Office equipment - Public safety		12,350		11,510		840
Equipment		8,000		·	_	8,000
Total Police department		4,921,874		5,043,204		(121,330)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-	,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		iginal and al Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	

BUILDING CONTROL AND INSPECTION						
Personnel services	ф	00.000	Φ.	00.000	Φ	
Building commissioner	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	-
Electrical inspector		11,400		11,400		- (444)
Building inspector		66,780		67,224		(444)
Exterior house inspectors		22,500		20,725		1,775
Administrative clerk		44,906		46,121		(1,215)
Contractual services						(***
Telephone		1,000		1,681		(681)
Liability insurance		1,619		1,578		41
Workers' compensation insurance		9,651		9,456		195
Vehicle insurance		1,079		1,052		27
Dues and publications		300		100		200
Legal services		20,500		48,985		(28,485)
Repairs and maintenance		-		1,848		(1,848)
Employee health care plan		61,620		66,999		(5,379)
Retirees health care plan		3,204		3,202		2
Wellness examination		-		40		(40)
Seminars and conferences		1,500		-		1,500
Supplies and materials						
Gas and oil		4,500		6,645		(2,145)
Office supplies and printing		7,500	•	6,099		1,401
Total Building control and inspection	***************************************	348,059		383,155		(35,096)
FIRE DEPARTMENT						
Personnel services						
Chief		109,580		109,581		(1)
Deputy chief		95,213		95,395		(182)
Captains		267,784		267,508		276
Lieutenants		159,476		159,476		-
Firefighters		861,823		848,620		13,203
Training officer		3,000		3,000		-
Overtime		50,000		81,534		(31,534)
Mechanic		600		600		-
EMS coordinator		900		900		-
Contribution - pension fund	,	1,258,482		1,238,645		19,837
Holiday pay		71,820		51,852		19,968
Inspector		82,378		79,209		3,169
Education incentive		1,800		1,300		500
Clerical		20,000		26,976		(6,976)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -

GENERAL FUND

	Ori	ginal and			Var	iance with
		al Budget	Actual		Final Budge	
Contractual services			*********		**********	
Employee health care benefit plan	\$	515,523	\$	494,270	\$	21,253
Retiree health care plan	·	62,178		55,124	,	7,054
Liability insurance		22,199		27,338		(5,139)
Workers' compensation insurance		134,553		139,453		(4,900)
Vehicle insurance		20,350		24,190		(3,840)
Wellness medical exam - vaccinations		15,330		791		14,539
Maintenance - fire equipment		2,900		3,026		(126)
Maintenance - building and grounds		7,000		15,876		(8,876)
Maintenance - radio equipment		3,300		1,578		1,722
Maintenance - fuel tanks and pumps		2,000		3,158		(1,158)
Maintenance - breathing equipment		5,850		3,095		`2,755
Maintenance - paramedic equipment		1,600		636		964
Maintenance - computers and office equipment		700		464		236
Legal settlements		-		44,584		(44,584)
Legal services		20,000		49,587		(29,587)
Telephone		5,000		3,937		1,063
Assessment division 20		9,120		3,120		6,000
Dues and publications		1,855		8,074		(6,219)
Training school		3,190		8,642		(5,452)
Gas for heating		7,000		4,876		2,124
Other		850		6,160		(5,310)
Supplies and materials						
Gas and oil		12,500		18,606		(6,106)
Uniforms		8,000		4,899		3,101
Fire prevention		2,050		_		2,050
Photography		200		-		200
Tools and supplies		34,792		17,475		17,317
R & M - motor equipment		28,050		11,492		16,558
Postage		-		1,114		(1,114)
Capital outlay						
Machinery equipment - Public safety		9,818		185		9,633
Capital outlay		2,000		~	*********	2,000
Total Fire department		3,920,764		3,916,346		<u>4,418</u>
STREETS						
Personnel services						
Mechanic		58,242		69,264		(11,022)
Employee wages		118,687		97,751		20,936
Administrative clerk		33,696		33,696		-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Contractual services			
Legal and other professional services	\$ 111,000	\$ 125,903	\$ (14,903)
Uniform rental	7,000	14,145	(7,145)
Employee health care benefit plan	94,278	93,818	460
Retiree health care plan	6,408	6,536	(128)
Liability insurance	8,003	9,240	(1,237)
Workers' compensation insurance	11,646	16,822	(5,176)
Telephone	7,000	8,213	(1,213)
Maintenance, streets		23,153	(23,153)
Maintenance, street and traffic lights	2,500	28,088	(25,588)
Maintenance, radio system	1,200	138	1,062
Light and power, street lighting	<u>.</u>	99,095	(99,095)
Maintenance, building and grounds	6,500	25,582	(19,082)
Tree trimming	20,000	31,975	(11,975)
Rental of barricades		892	(892)
Schools, seminars and meetings	-	25	`(25)
Maintenance, office equipment	1,000	7,837	(6,837)
Dumping fees	55,000	24,088	30,912
Dues & publications	500	1,099	(599)
IEPA Brownsfield	1,500	-	1,500
Streets	5,000	8,072	(3,072)
Legal settlements	-	20,992	(20,992)
Supplies and materials		•	` ' '
Gas and oil	20,000	30,574	(10,574)
Tools and supplies	111,500	49,972	61,528
Maintenance, motor equipment	32,000	40,485	(8,485)
Maintenance, parkways	8,000	2,006	`5,994 [°]
Equipment, streets	3,000	19,744	(16,744)
Vehicle insurance	4,612	5,354	(742)
Medical exam - vaccinations	-	40	`(40)
Street decorations	2,500	2,459	`41
Other	48,140	6,975	41,165
Capital outlay		·	·
Street construction - public works		29,760	(29,760)
Total Streets	778,912	933,793	(154,881)
DEBT SERVICE			
Debt service - principal	370,000	370,000	
Debt service - interest and fees	<u> 128,688</u>	<u>131,384</u>	(2,696)
Total debt service	498,688	501,384	(2,696)
Total Expenditures	11,822,603	12,047,842	(225,239)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	<u>(872,548</u>)	<u>(927,174</u>)	(54,626)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget	•		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 1,150,000 (150,000) - - 1,000,000	\$ 906,478 (150,000) 3,204 759,682	\$ (243,522) - - 3,204 (240,318)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>127,452</u>	(167,492)	\$ <u>(294,944</u>)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(2,885,223)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		\$ <u>(3,052,715</u>)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 22ND AND 17TH AVENUE TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and			Variance with
	Final Budge		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Property taxes	\$ 4,074,23	5 \$	2,484,883	\$ (1,589,352)
Sales taxes	600,00	0	600,000	-
Investment income	12,00		146	(11, <u>854</u>)
Total Revenues	4,686,23	<u>5</u>	3,085,029	(1,601,206)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Trustee fees	5,50	0	8,040	(2,540)
Auditing fee	3,00		3,150	(150)
Legal and professional services	4,00		1,759	2,241
Total general government	12,50	<u>0</u> _	12,949	(449)
Debt service		_		
Debt service - principal	2,305,00		2,305,000	_
Debt service - interest and fees	1,049,06		1,041,125	7,944
Total debt service	3,354,06		3,346,125	7,944
Total Expenditures	3,366,56	9	3,359,074	7,495
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,319,66	<u>6</u> _	(274,045)	(1,593,711)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(1,150,00	0)	(906,478)	243,522
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,150,00		(906,478)	243,522
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 169,66</u>	<u>6</u>	(1,180,523)	<u>\$ (1,350,189</u>)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			12,293,500	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$</u>	11,112,977	

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROOSEVELT ROAD TIF - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and		Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 986,427	\$ 1,021,953	\$ 35,526
Investment income	<u>6,000</u>	9,420	3,420
Total Revenues	992,427	1,031,373	<u>38,946</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General government			
Legal and professional services	150,000	2,250	147,750
Utilities	-	5	(5)
Gas and oil	1,700	3,272	(1,572)
Other	25,000	21,442	3,558
Auditing fee	3,000	3,150	<u>(150</u>)
Total general government	17 <u>9,700</u>	30,119	149,581
Total Expenditures	<u> 179,700</u>	30,119	<u>149,581</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 812,727	1,001,254	\$ 188,527
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		3,569,946	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 4,571,200	



NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2011

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Excess expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

Finada	 Budget	Expenditures	Excess		
<u>Funds</u>					
General	\$ 11,822,603	\$ 12,047,842	\$ 225,23	39	



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2011

AGOSTEG		Garbage		Illinois Municipal etirement	N 	lotor Fuel Tax	·	CDBG	Т	mergency elephone System
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	53,019	\$	126,619	\$	734,274	\$	-	\$	212,433
Receivables (net) Property taxes Intergovernmental Accounts		- - 59,856	_	83,392 - -	_	50,125 -		9,000	de de la constante de la const	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	112,875	\$	210,011	\$	784,399	\$	9,000	\$_	212,433
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	\$	18,224 100,000 - - - 118,224	\$	- - 72,890 - - 72,890	\$ 	16,396 - - - - 16,396	\$	- 27,145 - - 27,145	\$	-
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated reported in Special revenue funds undesignated Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	**********	(5,34 <u>9</u>) (5,34 <u>9</u>)		137,121 137,121	geograph.	768,003 768,003		(18,145) (18,145)	_	212,433 212,433
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	<u>112,875</u>	\$	<u> 210,011</u>	\$ <u></u>	784,399	\$ <u></u>	9,000	\$	212,433

 th/23rd TIF development	Nort	Avenue h TIF elopment	19th Ave TIF Redevelopment			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds		
\$ 471,026	\$	4,162	\$	-	\$	1,601,533		
 54,794 - -		24,830 - -		-		163,016 59,125 59,856		
\$ 525,820	\$	28,992	\$	_	\$_	1,883,530		
\$ 456,189 - 54,794 - 510,983	\$	- 17,827 <u>-</u> 17,827	\$	98 - - 72,587 72,685	\$	490,907 127,145 145,511 72,587 836,150		
 14,837 14,837		<u>11,165</u> <u>11,165</u>		(72,685) (72,685)		1,047,380 1,047,380		
\$ 525,820	\$	<u> 28,992</u>	\$	-	\$_	1,883,530		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

DEVENUE O	Garbaç		Illinois Municipal Retirement	M	otor Fuel Tax	CDB	<u>G</u>	Tele	ergency ephone /stem
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment income Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 192	160,369 - 172	\$	- 865,206 1,926	\$ - 90	0,000, 8	\$	270
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Total Revenues	473, 9 483	477	160,541		- 867,132		800,0		139,657 - 139,927
EXPENDITURES Current									
General government Public safety Streets Sanitation Employee benefits	608	576	- - - - 286,781		- - 123,909 - -	- 90 - -	0,000		- 171,256 - - -
Capital outlay Total Expenditures	608,	<u>576</u>	- 286,781		580,508 704,417	90	000,0	_	- 171,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(125	<u>516</u>)	(126,240)		<u> 162,715</u>		8		(31,329)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in Total Other Financing		······································	150,000		••		<u>-</u>		
Sources (Uses)			150,000		-				<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(125,	516)	23,760		162,715		8		(31,329)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	120.	<u> 167</u>	113,361		605,288	(18	3 <u>,153</u>)	••••••	<u>243,762</u>
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$(5	<u>349</u>) \$	137,121	\$	768,003	\$(18	3 <u>,145</u>)	\$	212,433

	h/23rd TIF evelopment	17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment	19th Ave TIF Redevelopment	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	105,866 - 967	\$ 61,111 - 27	\$ - - - -	\$ 327,346 955,206 3,562 613,048			
	- 106,833	61,138	<u>-</u>	9,477 1,908,639			
	106,834 - - - -	670 	98 - - - -	107,602 171,256 213,909 608,576 286,781			
	<u>-</u> 106,834	670	98	580,508 1,968,632			
	<u>(1</u>)	60,468	(98)	(59,993)			
**********		<u> </u>		150,000 150,000			
	(1)	60,468	(98)	90,007			
	14,838	(49,303)	(72,587)	957,373			
\$	14,837	\$ <u>11,165</u>	\$ <u>(72,685</u>)	\$ <u>1,047,380</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GARBAGE FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		iginal and	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
DEVENUEA		al Budget	 Actual		nai buuget	
REVENUES Rubbish billings Trash and compost tags Fines, forfeitures and penalties Investment income Total Revenues	\$	400,000 36,400 10,000 200 446,600	\$ 447,789 25,602 9,477 192 483,060	\$	47,789 (10,798) (523) (8) 36,460	
EXPENDITURES						
Sanitation						
Salaries and wages		19,672	15,804		3,868	
Rubbish and garbage removal		258,000	240,211		17,789	
Trash and compost tags		38,820	147,568		(108,748)	
Dumping fees		85,000	 204,993		(119,993)	
Total sanitation		401,492	 608,576	••••	(207,084)	
Total Expenditures		401,492	 608,576		(207,084)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	45,108	(125,516)	<u>\$</u>	(170,624)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			 120,167			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ (5,349)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Property taxes	\$	172,278	\$ 160,369	\$	(11,909)
Investment income			 172	T	172
Total Revenues		172,278	 160,541		(11,737)
EXPENDITURES					
Employee Benefits					
Social security tax		84,865	81,565		3,300
IMRF contributions		120,494	109,142		11,352
Medicare		67,625	64,771		2,854
Unemployment contribution	<u></u>	47,374	 31,303		<u> 16,071</u>
Total employee benefits	······································	320,358	 286,781		33,577
Total Expenditures	<u></u>	320,358	 286,781		33,577
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(148 <u>,080</u>)	 (126,240)		21,840
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in		150,000	150,000		_
Total Other Financing Sources		150,000	150,000		_
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,920	23,760	\$	21,840
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year			 113,361		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 137,121		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES Motor fuel tax	\$	215,000	\$	244,952	\$	29,952	
Investment income	Ψ	1,750	Ψ	1,926	Ψ	176	
State grants		635,000		620,254		(14,746)	
Total Revenues		851,750		867,132		15,382	
EXPENDITURES							
Streets		72,000		45,671		26,329	
Employee wages		93,687		78,238		15,449	
Total streets		<u> 165,687</u>		123,909		41,778	
Capital Outlay - Streets		653,000		580,508		72,492	
Light and power, street lighting		80,000		-		80,000	
Maintenance, street and traffic lights		45,000	***************************************			45,000	
Total capital outlay		778,000		580,508		197,492	
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	943,687		704,417		239,270	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(91,937)		162,715	<u>\$</u>	254,652	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				605,288			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	768,003			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CDBG FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

REVENUES State grants Investment income Total Revenues		87,000	\$ Actual 90,000 <u>8</u> 90,008	 ance with al Budget 3,000 8 3,008
EXPENDITURES				
Streets Professional services Street Contruction Total streets Total Expenditures	***************************************	87,000 87,000 87,000	90,000 - 90,000 90,000	 (90,000) <u>87,000</u> (3,000) (3,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>		8	\$ 8
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year			 (18,153)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR			\$ (18,145)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

		iginal and nal Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
REVENUES Surcharge emergency 911	\$	165,000	\$	139,657	\$	(25,343)
Investment income	•	1,500	*	270	*	(1,230)
Total Revenues		166,500		139,927		(26,573)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Telecommunication officers		72,615		72,615		-
R & M, radio equipment		1,500		-		1,500
Radio and motor equipment installation		5,000		-		5,000
Uniforms		2,500		406		2,094
Equipment		50,000		70,994		(20,994)
Maintenance - computers and office equipment		3,500		6,951		(3,451)
Dues and publications		252				252
Tools and supplies		6,000		6,842		(842)
Professional services		750		500		250
Telecommunications office		13,500		11,420		2,080
Training school		1,500		1,306 222		194
Bank service charge		157,117				(222) (14,139)
Total public safety Total Expenditures		157,117		171,256 171,256		(14,139)
rotai Experioltures		101,111		171,230		(14,139)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	9,383		(31,329)	\$	(40,712)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				243,762		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	212,433		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 27TH/23RD TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 158,527 600 159,127	\$ 105,866 <u>967</u> 106,833	\$ (52,661) 367 (52,294)
EXPENDITURES		100,000	(02,254)
General government Legal and professional services Auditing fee TIF / Capital Projects Development Total general government Total Expenditures	1,500 3,000 	409 3,150 103,275 106,834 106,834	1,091 (150) (103,275) (102,334) (102,334)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 154,627</u>	(1)	<u>\$ (154,628</u>)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		14,838	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 14,837</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 17TH AVENUE NORTH TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

REVENUES Property taxes Investment income	Original and Final Budget \$ -	Actual \$ 61,111 27	Variance with Final Budget \$ 61,111
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	<u></u>	61,138	61,138
General government Legal and professional services Auditing fee Total general government Total Expenditures	1,000 2,000 3,000 3,000	670 	330 2,000 2,330 2,330
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (3,000)</u>	60,468	<u>\$ 63,468</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(49,303)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 11,165</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 19TH AVE TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

REVENUES Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
General government Legal and professional services	4,000	98	3,902
Total general government Total Expenditures	<u>4,000</u> <u>4,000</u>	98 98	3,902 3,902
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (4,000)</u>	(98)	\$ 3,902
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(72,587)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ (72,685)</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND - MAJOR For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and Final Budget	, , ,,,,,,,	Actual		riance with nal Budget
REVENUES Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	\$ 902,106 35,000 937,106	\$	906,699 35,585 942,284	\$	4,593 585 5,178
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees Cost of issuance Total debt service Total Expenditures	1,376,524 370,652 16,000 1,763,176 1,763,176		1,385,000 371,329 21,907 1,778,236 1,778,236		(8,476) (677) (5,907) (15,060) (15,060)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(826,070)	(835,952)		(9,882)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Bonds issued Total Other Financing Sources	870,000 870,000		870,000 870,000	,	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 43,930</u>		34,048	\$	(9,882)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		·······	547,087		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$	581,135		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MAJOR For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

REVENUES Investment income Rentals Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 1,100 67,800 68,900	Actual \$ 1,131 54,200 55,331	Variance with Final Budget \$ 31 (13,600) (13,569)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government Legal services (annexation) Property tax payments Total general government Total Expenditures	52,094 52,094 52,094	842 72,344 73,186 73,186	(842) (20,250) (21,092) (21,092)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 16,806</u>	(17,855)	<u>\$ (34,661)</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		6,618,950	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 6,601,095	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

OPERATING REVENUES	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services Water sales Sewer charges Penalties Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues	\$ 2,200,000 380,000 50,000 <u>86,500</u> 2,716,500	\$ 2,177,004 384,282 33,169 126,733 2,721,188	\$ (22,996) 4,282 (16,831) 40,233 4,688
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water department Source of supply Salaries and wages Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Social Security Professional services Cost of water purchased	28,112 - - - 1,111,500	62,121 29,234 25,300 988,747	(34,009) (29,234) (25,300) 122,753
Total source of supply	1,139,612	1,105,402	34,210
Transmission and distribution R&M, mains R&M, meters R&M, vehicles Purchase of water meters and hydrants Machinery and equipment Emergency water main Gas and oil - water	68,750 - - 25,002 - 276,250	28,398 660 2,783 4,259 504 - 20,300	40,352 (660) (2,783) 20,743 (504) 276,250 (20,300)
Rentals - equipment Small tools and supplies	- 500	100 762	(100) (262)
Schools and seminars	-	590	(590)
Risk management	23,634	22,759	875
Total transmission and distribution	<u>394,136</u>	<u>81,115</u>	313,021
Customer accounting and collections Postage	14,000	13,242	758
Total customer accounting and collections	14,000	13,242	<u>758</u>
Total water department	1,547,748	<u>1,199,759</u>	347,989
Sewer department Personnel services Other employees	87,570	<u>87,156</u>	414
Total personnel services	87,570	87,156	414
Contractual services			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND - MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND
For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Sewer system maintenance	\$	\$ <u>1,000</u>	\$1,000
Total contractual services	***	1,000	1,000
Commodities Maintenance, motor equipment		136	(136)
Total commodities		136	(136)
Capital services Depreciation		261,728	(261,728)
Total capital services		261,728	(261,728)
Total sewer department	87,570	350,020	(260,450)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,635,318</u>	1,549,779	<u>87,539</u>
Operating Income	<u>1,081,182</u>	1,171,409	92,227
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income Interest expense	3,000	5,308 <u>(5,541</u>)	2,308 (5,541)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	3,000	(233)	(3,233)
CONTRIBUTION AND TRANSFERS			
Capital contributions		90,000	90,000
Net Contribution And Transfers		90,000	90,000
Change in net assets	\$ <u>1,084,182</u>	1,261,176	\$ <u>178,994</u>
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year		6,888,918	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR		\$ <u>8,150,094</u>	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS April 30, 2011

	•	Police Pension	Fire Pension		••••	Total
ASSETS	\$	2,291	\$	741,626	\$	742.047
Cash Investments	Φ	2,291	Ф	741,020	Φ	743,917
Money markets		872,991		307,156		1,180,147
State and local obligations		1,047,346		~		1,047,346
U.S Government securities		9,349,505		8,417,072		17,766,577
Mutual funds		9,559,822		6,809,198		16,369,020
Stocks		-		1,906,575		1,906,575
Receivables - (net of allowances for uncollectibles)						
Accrued interest		107,985		44,457		152,442
Prepaid items		12,788		-		12,788
Due from primary government		718,465		804,956		1,523,421
Reserve for uncollectibles		<u>(718,465</u>)		<u>(804,956</u>)	-	(1,523,421)
Total Assets		20,952,728		18,226,084		<u> 39,178,812</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		3,515	·····	3,739		7,254
Total Liabilities		<u>3,515</u>		3,739	••••	7,254
NET ASSETS						
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ <u></u>	20,949,213	\$_	18,222,345	\$_	39,171,558

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

ADDITIONS	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions		··· 4	A COMITO
Employer and other	\$ 1,265,9		
Plan members	198,7	·	,
Refunds	-	17,880	<u>17,880</u>
Total Contributions	1,464,7	<u>1,580,908</u>	<u>3,045,620</u>
Investment income	_		
Interest and dividends	474,7		-
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	1,678,3		
Total Investment Income	2,153,1		
Less Investment expenses	(47,4		
Net Investment Income	2,105,6		3,927,819
Total Additions	3,570,3	<u>3,403,088</u>	6,973,439
DEDUCTIONS			
Administration	49,7	35 51,833	101,568
Benefits	1,436,50	•	3,178,981
Total Deductions	1,486,2		3,280,549
Change in Net Assets	2,084,1	08 1,608,782	3,692,890
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	18,865,1	05 16,613,563	35,478,668
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$20,949,2	<u>13</u> \$ <u>18,222,345</u>	\$ <u>39,171,558</u>



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2011

	E	Balances May 1	A	dditions	De	letions	Balances April 30
ASSETS	_		•				
Cash	\$	14,550	\$	35	\$	~	\$ 14,585
Assessment receivable		18,479				-	18,479
Due from other funds		300,000		-			 300,000
Total assets	\$	333,029	\$	35	\$	_	\$ 333,064
LIABILITIES							
Bond payable	\$	52,601	\$	-	\$		\$ 52,601
For special assessment expenditures		280,428		35	W.W.		 280,463
Total liabilities	\$	333,029	\$	35	\$	w	\$ 333,064

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

pmr à	(4)	Licenses	1.4			
Fiscal	(1)	and	Inter-	Investment		
<u>Year</u>	Taxes	Permits	Governmental	<u>Earnings</u>		
2011	\$ 13,505,922	\$ 502,308	\$ 2,282,194	\$ 54,893		
2010	14,875,272	573,921	1,514,439	66,317		
2009	14,994,761	422,894	1,608,881	253,029		
2008	14,080,091	344,427	2,109,518	610,591		
2007	13,748,667	406,914	1,835,897	724,817		
2006	13,164,317	242,240	1,946,627	324,046		
2005	12,358,257	340,622	395,338	202,774		
2004	11,863,056	297,249	386,051	94,034		
2003	12,240,621	231,933	250,679	206,315		
2002	10,707,597	265,044	1,551,881	447,625		
Fiscal	Property	Road and Bridge	Sales	#		
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Income Tax		
2011	\$ 8,772,722	\$ -	\$ 3,264,927	\$ -		
2010	10,171,403	-	3,228,346	-		
2009	9,547,352	-	3,774,333	-		
2008	8,846,462	**	3,503,382	-		
2007	8,681,626	-	3,434,062	-		
2006	8,493,181	-	2,860,718			
2005	7,588,903	=	2,105,906	559,470		
2004	7,213,199	-	2,171,055	499,443		
2004 2003	7,213,199 7,019,657	- - -	2,171,055 2,799,694	499,443 539,970		
2004	7,213,199	- - - 26,125	2,171,055	499,443		

[#] Revenue is considered an intergovernmental revenue beginning in fiscal year 2006 and is no longer included within tax revenue.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2002 - 2011 Annual Financial Statements.

The Income tax and Replacement tax are no longer considered taxes but intergovernmental revenues obtained from the state as an alltoment.

Mi	scellaneous	Tot	tal			
\$	1,798,007	\$ 18,1	43,324			
	1,695,657	18,7	25,606			
	1,581,242	•	60,807			
	1,549,544	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	94,171			
	1,581,380		97,675			
	1,825,945		03,175			
	1,499,894	14,7	96,885			
	1,092,445	13,7	32,835			
	1,018,529	13,9	48,077			
	502,252	13,4	74,399			
Α	musement Tax	# Replac Ta	ement	Utility Tax	Other Tax	(1) Total Taxes
\$	-	\$	~	\$ 1,242,003	\$ 226,270	\$ 13,505,922
\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,242,003	\$	\$ 13,505,922 14,875,272
\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$ 	\$ 226,270	\$
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237	\$ 226,270 199,286	\$ 14,875,272
\$	- - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237 1,470,199	\$ 226,270 199,286 202,877	\$ 14,875,272 14,994,761
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237 1,470,199 1,531,229	\$ 226,270 199,286 202,877 199,018	\$ 14,875,272 14,994,761 14,080,091
\$	- - - - -		79,052	\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237 1,470,199 1,531,229 1,447,113	\$ 226,270 199,286 202,877 199,018 185,866	\$ 14,875,272 14,994,761 14,080,091 13,748,667
\$	- - - - - -	4	- - - - 79,052 08,962	\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237 1,470,199 1,531,229 1,447,113 1,636,543	\$ 226,270 199,286 202,877 199,018 185,866 173,875	\$ 14,875,272 14,994,761 14,080,091 13,748,667 13,164,317
\$	- - - - - -	4 4		\$ 1,242,003 1,276,237 1,470,199 1,531,229 1,447,113 1,636,543 1,467,739	\$ 226,270 199,286 202,877 199,018 185,866 173,875 157,187	\$ 14,875,272 14,994,761 14,080,091 13,748,667 13,164,317 12,358,257

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	G	General overnment	 Public Safety	***************************************	Streets	 Sanitation
2011	\$	1,490,619	\$ 9,523,258	\$	1,096,950	\$ 608,576
2010		1,805,784	8,887,270		974,531	438,820
2009		1,522,635	8,606,249		1,500,579	388,206
2008		1,535,078	8,842,933		1,238,031	370,395
2007		1,358,524	8,310,473		777,965	398,393
2006		6,759,648*	9,832,808		981,890	547,431
2005		2,033,734	9,037,867		1,122,125	470,798
2004		4,407,281	8,049,009		1,563,808	447,544
2003		2,796,146	7,341,900		1,565,754	753,143
2002		3,193,261	6,124,017		958,786	578,089

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2002 - 2011 Annual Financial Statements.

^{*} Included in general government expenditures is a \$5 million developer note for redevelopment.

Employee Benefits (IMRF)		 Capital Outlay		Debt Service		Total		
\$	286,781	\$ 625,160	\$	5,625,745	\$	19,257,089		
	258,123	29,736		5,828,226		18,222,490		
	290,239	101,170		5,741,493		18,150,571		
	337,862	171,932		5,742,022		18,238,253		
	198,028	112,324		5,092,917		16,248,624		
	309,213	202,066		4,818,692		16,692,100		
	311,496	2,471,017		4,637,589		20,084,626		
	367,612	502,708		3,811,643		19,149,605		
	281,434	203,170		4,086,615		17,028,162		
	192,834	375,286		978,180		12,400,453		

PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Tax Levy Years

	2009	2008	2007	2006
RATES EXTENDED				
General	0.2946	0.3184	0.3369	0.3429
Fire Protection	0.2023	0.2191	0.2318	0.2359
Garbage	-	-	0.0098	0.0100
Street and Bridge	0.0188	0.0204	0.0339	0.0392
Liability Insurance	0.0086	0.0093	0.0098	0.0100
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0596	0.0618	0.0098	0.0100
Auditing	0.0167	0.0181	0.0192	0.0217
Police Protection	0.1012	0.1096	0.1159	0.1179
Debt Service	0.3309	0.2950	0.3259	0.1854
Police Pension	0.3409	0.2345	0.2661	0.2712
Firefighters' Pension	0.4047	0.3381	0.3736	0.3735
Purchase Agreement		-	-	0.1558
Total Rates Extended	1.7783	1.6243	1.7327	1.7735

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Cook County Agency Tax Rate Extension Reports for 2000 to 2009. NOTE: The Cook County Agency Tax Rate Extension Report for 2010 was not available at the time the financial statement was issued.

2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
0.3373	0.3745	0.4038	0.3700	0.4322	0.4321
0.2320	0.2575	0.2777	0.2545	0.2964	0.2963
0.0099	0.0110	0.0119	0.0109	0.0515	0.1489
0.0774	0.0859	0.0926	0.0848	0.0988	0.0993
0.0099	0.0110	0.0119	0.0109	0.0258	0.0580
0.0099	0.0110	0.0119	0.0109	0.0515	0.1286
0.0214	0.0264	0.0285	0.0261	0.0309	0.0251
0.1160	0.1288	0.1388	0.1272	0.1482	0.1491
0.1825	0.2056	0.2767	0.3023	0.2175	0.1504
0.2339	0.2458	0.2014	0.1901	0.1632	0.1466
0.3328	0.3498	0.3136	0.2744	0.2400	0.2363
0.1546	0.1725	0.1274	-	0.1425	0.2132
1.7176	1.8798	1.8962	1.6621	1.8985	2.0839



ASSESSED VALUATION, PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	Total Equalized Assessed Valuation	_	Total Tax Levy	Colle	current Tax ctions Through oril 30, 2010	Percentage of Levy Collected
2009	\$ 285,491,817	\$	5,076,948	\$	2,402,132	47.31%
2008	308,627,383		5,013,054		4,698,788	92.89%
2007	279,872,816		4,849,410		4,659,666	96.09%
2006	267,489,978		4,839,012		4,613,956	95.35%
2005	268,308,220		4,609,535		4,628,262	100.41%
2004	238,541,580		4,483,603		4,358,101	97.20%
2003	233,679,186		4,430,816		4,501,195	101.59%
2002	199,844,043		3,794,713		4,471,126	117.83%
2001	196,854,356		4,102,386		3,835,711	93.50%

PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Nine Tax Levy Years

Taxing Agency	2009	2008	2007	2006
Cook County	0.394	0.415	0.446	0.500
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.049	0.051	0.053	0.057
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	0.261	0.252	0.263	0.284
Des Plaines Valley Mosquito Abatement Dist.	0.011	0.012	0.012	0.012
Consolidated Elections	0.021	0.000	0.012	0.000
Proviso Township	0.057	0.057	0.059	0.062
General Assistance	0.033	0.033	0.034	0.036
Mental Health District	0.113	0.012	0.117	0.115
Suburban Cook County TB Sanitarium Dist	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005
Broadview Park District	0.274	0.252	0.269	0.276
Broadview Library District	0.295	0.280	0.296	0.306
Grade School District #92 (1)	4.010	3.722	3.957	4.091
High School District #209 (1)	1.759	1.752	1.839	1.878
Community College District #504 (1)	<u>0.214</u>	<u>0.212</u>	0.224	0.240
Total overlapping rate	7.491	7.050	7.581	7.862
Village of Broadview	1.778	1.625	1.733	<u>1.774</u>
Total rate	9.269	8.675	<u>9.314</u>	9.636

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Office of the County Clerk

At time of publication, the 2010 tax rate was unavailable.

⁽¹⁾ Other school districts contain a portion of the Village. These rates are the Village's largest districts and are representative of the other districts in the Village.

2004	2003	2002	2001
0.593	0.630	0.690	0.746
0.060	0.059	0.061	0.067
0.347	0.361	0.371	0.401
0.012	0.012	0.011	0.013
0.000	0.029	0.000	0.000
0.063	0.063	0.000	0.000
0.037	0.037	0.000	0.000
0.129	0.129	0.000	0.000
0.001	0.004	0.006	0.007
0.294	0.294	0.276	0.322
0.321	0.322	0.306	0.358
4.264	4.318	2.900	3.548
2.046	2.061	1.971	2.340
0.259	0.269	0.217	0.226
8.426	8.588	6.809	8.028
1.880	1.897	1.663	1.899

10.306	10.485	<u>8.472</u>	9.927
	0.593 0.060 0.347 0.012 0.000 0.063 0.037 0.129 0.001 0.294 0.321 4.264 2.046 0.259 8.426 1.880	0.593 0.630 0.060 0.059 0.347 0.361 0.012 0.012 0.000 0.029 0.063 0.063 0.037 0.037 0.129 0.129 0.001 0.004 0.294 0.294 0.321 0.322 4.264 4.318 2.046 2.061 0.259 0.269 8.426 8.588 1.880 1.897	0.593 0.630 0.690 0.060 0.059 0.061 0.347 0.361 0.371 0.012 0.012 0.011 0.000 0.029 0.000 0.063 0.063 0.000 0.037 0.037 0.000 0.129 0.129 0.000 0.001 0.004 0.006 0.294 0.294 0.276 0.321 0.322 0.306 4.264 4.318 2.900 2.046 2.061 1.971 0.259 0.269 0.217 8.426 8.588 6.809 1.880 1.897 1.663

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN April 30, 2011

Assessed valuation of taxable properties for the tax year 2010	\$	285,491,817
Rate	_	8.625%
Bonded debt limit		24,623,669
General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit Less Alternative Revenue General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit		10,832,373 (9,962,373)
Amount of General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit		870,000
Legal bond debt margin at April 30, 2011	\$	23,753,669

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS IN THE VILLAGE April 30, 2011

Principal Taxpayers	Type of Business	Assessed Value		
Target Corp Robert Bosch Cole MT Broadview IL HOME DEPOT USA INC Broadview Partners LLC Mullins Food Products GIS Ventures Grp Broadview LLC River Oak Partnership Josephs Food Products 1821 Gardner LLC ELKAY MFG CO Cadillac Print & Litho 2000 25Th LLC Public Storage	Retail Manufacturer Property Management Retail Property Management Food Manufacturer Property Management Property Management Property Management Property Management Food Manufacturer Property Management Manufacturer Printing Company Property Management Storage	\$	3,276,899 2,568,123 2,436,239 2,317,632 2,725,824 1,814,010 1,246,333 1,163,386 1,148,853 1,136,974 1,076,434 1,030,118 1,011,329 1,001,464 969,835	
		\$	24,923,453	

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Obtained in 2010 from Cook County Clerk's Office.

POLICE PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE April 30, 2011

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Rep	Revenu placement Tax	Ē	Source mployee entribution	nvestment come (Loss)	 Total
2011	\$ 1,236,157	\$	29,814	\$	198,741	\$ 2,153,106	\$ 3,617,818
2010	897,262		29,814		209,474	3,218,364	4,354,914
2009	877,491		29,814		193,103	(2,493,504)	(1,393,096)
2008	744,290		29,814		182,503	585,885	1,542,492
2007	716,490		29,814		178,489	1,701,162	2,625,955
2006	578,986		29,814		245,935	1,578,718	2,433,453
2005	476,294		29,814		249,428	996,531	1,752,067
2004	113,776		29,814		240,689	1,851,940	2,236,219
2003	240,491		29,814		197,644	259,162	727,111
2002	337,172		29,814		199,590	335,873	902,449

Fiscal	<u>Expen</u>					
Year	Benefits	E	xpenses	Total		
2011	\$ 1,436,508	\$	97,202	\$	1,533,710	
2010	1,415,298		98,357		1,513,655	
2009	1,429,451		81,889		1,511,340	
2008	1,363,018		101,860		1,464,878	
2007	1,168,001		225,341		1,393,342	
2006	970,750		77,193		1,047,943	
2005	787,285		71,369		858,654	
2004	780,922		80,396		861,318	
2003	614,017		32,451		646,468	
2002	560.757		20.010		580.767	

^{*}Includes Investment Fees.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2002 - 2011 Annual Financial Statements.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE April 30, 2011

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Rep	lacement Tax	mployee intribution	R	lefunds	nvestment come (Loss)	Total
2011	\$ 1,364,110	\$	43,999	\$ 154,919	\$	17,880	\$ 1,872,155	\$ 3,453,063
2010	1,095,358		43,999	155,683		-	2,315,966	3,611,006
2009	1,257,987		43,889	170,334			(2,850,312)	(1,378,102
2008	1,252,683		43,889	198,675		-	782,696	2,277,943
2007	1,226,082		43,889	171,767		-	1,162,795	2,604,533
2006	1,054,259		43,889	229,896			1,108,261	2,436,305
2005	740,041		43,889	220,525		_	111,804	1,116,259
2004	164,056		43,889	194,941		=	1,200,348	1,603,234
2003	474,936		43,889	178,123		-	148,487	845,435
2002	451,606		43,889	166,160		-	(278,846)	382,809

Fiscal	Expenses by Type Administrative*							
Year	Benefits			xpenses	Total			
2011	\$	1,742,473	\$	101.808	\$	1.844.281		
2010	·	1,861,497		133,188	-	1,994,685		
2009		1,540,257		253,506		1,793,763		
2008		1,431,399		120,991		1,552,390		
2007		1,328,185		172,416		1,500,601		
2006		1,295,482		83,754		1,379,236		
2005		1,260,399		66,660		1,327,059		
2004		1,139,678		66,332		1,206,010		
2003		824,723		8,392		833,115		
2002		744,038		2,862		746,900		

^{*}Includes Investment Fees.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: 2002 - 2011 Annual Financial Statements.

