Broadview, Illinois

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

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Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP 1301 W 22nd St, Ste 400 Oak Brook, IL 60523-3389 tel 630 990 3131 fax 630 990 0039 bakertilly.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the President and Village Board Village of Broadview Broadview, Illinois

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund, which represent 52 percent, 54 percent and 41 percent, respectively, of the assets/deferred outflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Police Pension Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



To the President and Village Board Village of Broadview

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the Village of Broadview's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Broadview's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Broadview, Illinois, as of April 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note I, the Village of Broadview adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, effective May 1, 2013. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# To the President and Village Board Village of Broadview

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Broadview's basic financial statements. The other information as listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2014 on our consideration of the Village of Broadview's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Broadview's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tilly Vicohar Kiraun, LCP

Oak Brook, Illinois October 28, 2014

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

The discussion and analysis of Village of Broadview's (the "Village") financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended April 30, 2014. The management of the Village encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

### Financial Highlights - Government-wide Financial Statements

- > The Village of Broadview's net position increased by \$4.7 million or 23.0% compared to the prior year. The Village ended the fiscal year with net position of \$25.2 million.
- > During the year, revenues of \$22.4 million exceeded expenses of \$17.7 million, resulting in an increase in net position of \$4.7 million. Net position of business type activities increased by \$0.6 million or 6.1%, while net position of governmental activities increased by \$4.1 million or 38.3%.
- > General revenues accounted for \$15.7 million in revenue or 81% of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees, and grants accounted for \$3.7 million or 19% of total governmental revenues.
- > The governmental activities had \$15.3 million in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$3.7 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.
- > At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was in a deficit position of \$1.1 million.
- > The Village's total debt decreased by \$3.4 million during the current year to \$20.3 million.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- > Government-wide financial statements,
- > Fund financial statements, and
- > Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be divided into two types of activities: governmental and business-type. Governmental activities present the functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities present the functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Village's governmental activities include functions like general government, public safety, highways, and streets and sanitation. The Village's business-type activities include water and sewerage services.

### Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's general government operations and the basic services it provides. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources; as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

The Village maintains five major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, 22nd / 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment, Roosevelt Road TIF, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report. The Village adopts an annual budget for each of the major funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

### Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business- type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village's proprietary fund presents the activities and balances in Water and Sewerage Fund, which is considered to be a major fund, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds reflect the private-sector type operation, where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation and maintenance including depreciation.

### Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

### Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's contributions and funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, Firefighters' Pension Fund and Other Post-Employment Benefits; as well as, budget to actual comparisons of the funds. Supplementary schedules include combining and individual fund schedules of all non-major funds and Fiduciary Funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

					ctivities					<u>ctivities</u>			<u>Total</u>	
		2014	2	013*	Chan	ge	2014	2	013*	Chang	е	2014	2013*	Change
Assets and Current and other														
assets Capital assets	\$	33.4 9.1	\$	33.1 <u>8.9</u>		9%\$ 2%	4.3 6.5		3.9 6.2	10.3 4.8		37.7 <u>15.6</u>	\$ 37.0 <u>15.1</u>	1.9% 3.3%
Total assets	_	42.5		42.0	1.	2%	10.8	_	10.1	6.9	% -	53.3	52.1	2.3%
Liabilities														
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	_	20.3 2.5		23.7 7.6	(14.3 (67.1	,	- 0.4	_	- 0.3	33.3	% _	20.3 2.9	23.7 <u>7.9</u>	· · ·
Total liabilities		22.8		31.3	(27.2	)%	0.4		0.3	33.3	%	23.2	31.6	(26.6)%
Deferred Inflows of	Reso	urces												
Deferred inflows of resources	_	4.9				-	_	_			-	4.9		
Net position Net investment in														
capital assets		5.7		5.2		6%	6.5		6.2	4.8	%	12.2	11.4	
Restricted Unrestricted		6.6 2.5		7.1 ( <u>1.6</u> )		,	- 3.9		- 3.6	8.3	%	6.6 6.4	7.1	7.0%- 220.0%
Restricted	_	6.6		7.1	(7.0 (256.3	)% )%	- 3.9 10.4	_	- 3.6	_		6.6	7.1	-7.

### Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

<u>Net results of activities</u> – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) increase capital assets and long-term debt, which will not change the net position net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets; and, (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<u>Principal payment on debt</u> – which will: (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt; and, (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Reduction of capital assets through depreciation</u> – which will reduce capital assets and net position net investment in capital assets.

### **Current Year Impacts**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, total net position increased by \$4.7 million from \$20.5 million to \$25.2 million. The Village's total assets equal \$53.3 million while total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal \$28.1 million.

The governmental activities show net position of \$14.8 million, which is reduced as the result of the Village sponsoring a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District in 1993, 22nd and 17th Avenue Redevelopment Village Square Shopping Center. As an inducement for developers to redevelop this site, the Village issued TIF bonds in 1993 which were refinanced in 1999 to achieve a better interest rate. The outstanding balance of these bonds as of April 30, 2014, is \$5.8 million. In addition, there was a \$5.0 million developer note issued with a stated interest rate of 5%. In the fiscal year ended April 30, 2007, one year of interest on the note was deferred and capitalized or \$250,000 was added to the principal balance of the developer note. This brings the total TIF related debt to \$11.1 million. These bonds and developer note did not produce a capital asset that is owned by the Village, and even though the Village is not obligated for the retirement of the bond debt as it is payable solely from the incremental taxes generated by the TIF, the bonds are nonetheless, required to be reported as a liability of the Village. If sufficient funds are not available in the TIF to pay the debt at the end of the useful life of the TIF in 2016, then the obligations would be cancelled and the Village would report a gain on the cancellation of said debt. Therefore, the deficit will be reduced and eliminated over the remaining life of the TIF. Since the TIF debt distorts the financial position in net position, if the TIF debt was removed the net position would be a positive \$25.9 million at year end. However, all \$11.1 million of the net position of the governmental activities would be restricted for debt service, capital projects and investment in capital assets and not available for funding current Village operations.

The Village's current and other assets increased from the prior fiscal year by \$0.3 million. The increase was due in part to a \$0.4 million increase in cash and investments. The increase in cash and investments resulted from the Village's continuing efforts to reduce and/or contain cost within its ongoing operations.

Capital assets remained consistent with prior year mainly due to the recording of the current year's depreciation expense offset by new capital improvements. Capital asset purchases were held to a minimum due to the Village's poor financial condition.

Total liabilities/deferred inflows of resources had decreased by \$3.6 million at the end of the current year when compared to that of the prior year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

The amounts due the Police and Fire Pension Plans are a result of the Village's failure to distribute real estate and replacement taxes collected on behalf of the respective pension plans. These funds were used to pay for operational expenditures within the General Corporate Fund during the period from approximately January 2002 to May 2004. The Broadview Firefighters Pension Plan entered into an informal agreement with the Village in July 2004, in which the amounts due will be fully satisfied by the year 2015. The Broadview Police Pension Plan signed a formal agreement with the Village in full be paid in full by the year 2015.

The outstanding balances due to the Broadview Police and Fire Pension Plans at April 30, 2014, are \$287,386 and \$296,563, respectively. All taxes collected on behalf of the pension plans during the current fiscal year end have been remitted on a timely basis. In addition, all principal and interest payments have been made when due, in accordance with the agreements.

Table 2 Condensed Statem (in millions of dolla		ts of Ad	ctiv	ities							
				ental Ac		<u>Busines</u>		<u>ctivities</u>		Total	
		2014		2013	Change	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Revenues											
Program revenues											
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	2.8	\$	2.6	7.7% \$	3.0 \$	3.1	-3.2% \$	5.8	\$ 5.7	1.8%
contributions Capital grants and		0.8		0.3	166.7%	-	-		0.8	0.3	166.7%
contributions General revenues		0.1		0.4	-75.0%	-	-		0.1	0.4	(75.0)%
Property taxes		8.8		9.9	-11.1%	-	-		8.8	9.9	-11.1%
Other taxes		5.0		5.1	-2.0%	-	-		5.0	5.1	-2.0%
Intergovernmental Other general		1.5		1.3	15.4%	-	-		1.5	1.3	15.4%
revenues	_	0.4	_	0.9	(55.6)%	_			0.4	0.9	(55.6)%
Total revenues <b>Expenses</b>	-	19.4	_	20.5	-5.4%	3.0	3.1	-3.2%	22.4	23.6	-5.1%
General government		1.6		2.4	-33.3%	-	-		1.6	2.4	-33.3%
Public safety		10.1		9.2	9.8%	-	-		10.1	9.2	9.8%
Highways and streets		1.8		1.6	12.5%	-	-		1.8	1.6	12.5%
Sanitation		0.7		0.7		-	-		0.7	0.7	
Interest and fees		1.1		1.2	(8.3)%	-	-		1.1	1.2	(8.3)%
Water and sewerage	_	-	_	-	-	2.4	2.3	4.3%	2.4	2.3	4.3%
Total expenses Excess of revenues	_	15.3	_	15.1	1.3%	2.4	2.3	4.3%	17.7	17.4	1.7%
over expenses	_	4.1	_	5.4	-24.1%	0.6	0.8	-25.0%	4.7	6.2	-24.2%
Change in net position		4.1		5.4	(24.1)%	0.6	0.8	-25.0%	4.7	6.2	(24.2)%
Net position, beginning of year	_	10.7	_	5.3	101.9%	9.8	9.0	8.9%	20.5	14.3	43.4%
Net position end of year	\$	14.8	\$	10.7	38.3% \$	<u>    10.4</u> \$	9.8	6.1% \$	25.2	\$ <u>20.5</u>	22.9%

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### Normal Impacts

There are eight basic (normal) impacts that will affect the comparability of the revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities summary presentation.

### Revenues

<u>Economic condition</u> – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment, and has substantial impact on state sales, replacement and hotel/motel tax revenue; as well as, public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees, and volumes of consumption.

<u>Increase/decrease in Village approved rates</u> – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the Village has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, home rule sales tax, etc.).

<u>Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring)</u> – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u> – the Village's investments may be affected by market conditions causing investment income to increase/decrease.

### Expenses

<u>Introduction of new programs</u> – within the functional expense categories (general government, public safety, public works, and community development), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

<u>Change in authorized personnel</u> – changes in service demand may cause the Village to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent the largest operating cost of the Village.

<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u> – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the Village to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

<u>Inflation</u> – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

### **Current Year Impacts**

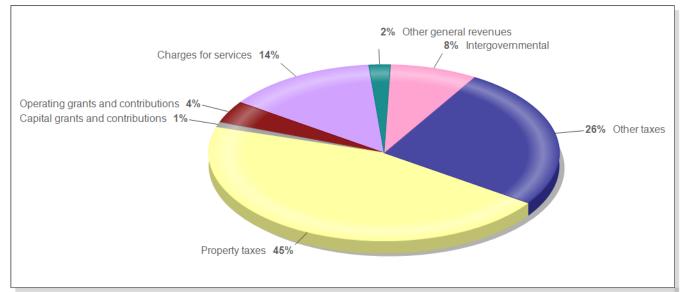
The Governmental Activities revenues decreased from prior year by \$1.1 million to \$19.4 million. A \$1.1 million decrease in property tax receipts was due primarily to a decrease in incremental property taxes generated by the Village's TIFs. Please refer to the table on page 8 for details of revenue categories.

Governmental Activities expenditures increased by \$0.2 million in the current year as compared to that of the prior year, which was mainly attributable to various offsetting increases and decreases in the various expenditure categories.

(Unaudited)

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### **Governmental Activities**



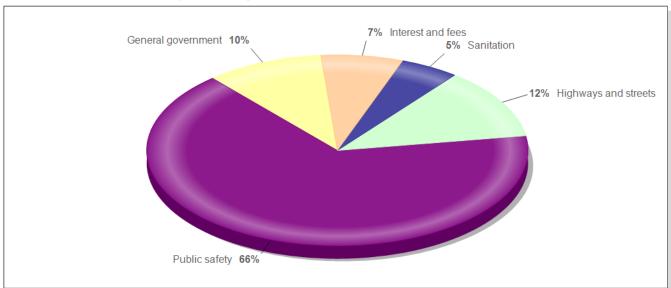
### **Revenue Source - Governmental Activities**

### Revenues

A graphic summary of the FY 2014 Governmental Activities revenues by category for the Village of Broadview is shown above. Property Taxes and Other Taxes accounted for a combined 71% of the Village's revenue sources used to fund governmental activities. Annual receipts from property taxes decreased \$1.1 million, or 11.1% from the prior year. The decrease was due to the decrease in equalized assessed value of the TIF property which consequently decreased incremental property taxes generated by the Village's TIFs. Current year collections in Other Taxes, which include sales taxes, utility taxes, local use taxes and cablevision taxes, were comparable to the prior year. Total revenues from governmental activities decreased \$1.1 million, or 5.4% from the prior year.

Operating revenues of the Village's business type activities (not shown as part of graph) decreased by 3.2% over the prior year due primarily to decrease in water supplied. Pricing of water is based on fees determined by the supplier of water. Sales of water (revenues) can be affected by climate, at times, with warmer and drier summers bringing higher demand.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014



### Expenses by Function -Governmental Activities

The chart as shown above graphically depicts the major expense categories of the Village of Broadview. The public safety category which includes the Law Enforcement, Fire and Emergency and Building Departments is substantially tax supported while their program charges cover approximately 18.9% of their expenses.

Operating expenses of the business type activities of the Village that includes the Water and Sewerage Department (not shown as part of graph) increased by \$0.1 million or 4.3% from the prior year primarily related to increased water prices and purchases.

### Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village of Broadview's governmental funds reported a combined (major & non major) ending fund balance of \$23.7 million, an increase of \$1.2 million over fiscal year 2013. A significant portion of the net increase was attributable to higher intergovernmental, service charges, and miscellaneous revenue receipts within the General (Corporate) Fund, which improved its fund balance deficit from \$2.0 million to \$1.1 million.

### **Other Financing Sources and Uses**

An operating transfer of approximately \$215,000 was made from the General Corporate Fund to the IMRF Fund to cover Social Security Tax Expenses. An operating transfer of approximately \$130,000 was made from the General Corporate Fund to the Debt Service Fund to cover an interest payment on one of the Village's outstanding bonds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village's budget for the General Fund anticipated that revenues would exceed expenditures by \$0.8 million, and that the net impact after other financing sources (uses) would result in an overall net increase of \$1.7 million to the fund balance. The actual result was an increase of \$0.9 million, a unfavorable variance of \$0.8 million.

Annual revenues were less than the budgeted amount by approximately \$0.1 million, or 0.1%. Unfavorable budget variances experienced by the various revenue categories caused this decrease.

The General Fund total actual expenditures exceeded the budgeted expenditures by approximately \$0.3 million. Unfavorable budget variances experienced by the various departments caused this increase.

For additional Details, please see the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund in this report.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital assets

The Village of Broadview's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2014 was \$15.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$17.6 million). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, distribution systems, vehicles, furniture and equipment and infrastructure. During the current fiscal year, there was controlled activity in the purchasing of capital assets due to limited resources. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note III C. of the basic financial statements.

		Gover	nm	nental Ad	ctivities	Busine	ess	-Type A	<u>ctivities</u>			_	Total	
		2014		2013	Change	2014		2013	Change	2	2014		2013	Change
Land	\$	1.6	\$	1.6	\$	0.1	\$	0.1		\$	1.7	\$	1.7	
Const. in Process		0.2		-	100.0%	-		-			0.2		-	100.0%
Buildings		1.9		2.0	(5.0)%	-		-			1.9		2.0	(5.0)%
Vehicles		1.2		0.9	33.3%	-		-			1.2		0.9	33.3%
Equipment		0.1		0.2	(50.0)%	0.3		0.3			0.4		0.5	(20.0)%
Infrastructure	_	4.1	_	4.2	(2.4)%	6.1	_	5.8	5.2%		10.2		10.0	2.0%

### Debt Administration

At year end, the Village had total outstanding long term debt of \$20.3 million, as compared to \$23.7 million of the previous year. More detailed information about debt administration can be found in Note III E. of the basic financial statements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Table 4 Long-Term Debt (in millions of doll	lars,	)												
		Gover	nm	ental Ad	<u>ctivities</u>	Busin	ess-	Type A	<i>ctivities</i>			_	Total	
		2014		2013	Change	2014		2013	Change		2014		2013	Change
TIF Related Bonds Bonds Other	\$	11.1 8.1 <u>1.1</u>	\$	13.8 9.0 <u>0.9</u>	(19.6)% \$ (10.0)% 22.2%	- - -	\$	- - -		\$	11.1 8.1 <u>1.1</u>	\$	13.8 9.0 <u>0.9</u>	(19.6)% (10.0)% 22.2%
Total	\$	20.3	\$_	23.7	(14.3)% \$	-	\$	_		\$_	20.3	\$_	23.7	(14.3)%

### Factors Bearing on the Village's Future

The Village's diligent efforts to contain spending, while maintaining our level of village services, has resulted in a positive shift to reduce the deficit General Fund balance position. However, the Village continues a delicate balancing act in our goal of restoring financial stability in the slowly recovering economy. This ongoing process will take years of continued fiscal restraints on spending to conserve limited resources, while yet balancing the needs of the community with the ever present need to enhance revenue streams to meet continual service demands.

22nd & 17th Ave TIF Redevelopment Area:

The Broadview Village Square shopping center (TIF redevelopment area) is near full occupancy. The incremental property tax revenues generated by the TIF area are currently adequate to fully meet the long-term debt obligation associated with the acquisition of the redevelopment area. This situation enables the Village to recoup and allocate sales tax revenues toward public safety and other governmental activities.

Roosevelt Road TIF Redevelopment Area:

- > 1940 Roosevelt Road Dunkin Donuts / Baskin Robbins with drive-thru facilities has been in operation since December 2007. The Village entered into a redevelopment agreement with the owner to rebate actual TIF increment from the redevelopment and the Village share of sales tax up to a target amount.
- > The Village of Broadview received IDOT approval on the design of a major streetscape improvement project along most of Roosevelt Road. Improvements will include the widening of parking lanes and the replacement of street lights, sidewalks, and pedestrian crossways. Construction activities have begun with completion anticipated in Fiscal Year 2015.
- > 1617-1625 Roosevelt Road Checker. In January 2014, the Village entered into a redevelopment agreement with developers to assist in improvement of property with use of TIF funds up to a targeted amount. Completion of the new restaurant facility is anticipated to be in September 2014.
- > The Village continues to aggressively pursue redevelopment opportunities which may utilize Village owned properties along Roosevelt Road.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

19th Street TIF Redevelopment Area:

The Village Board of Trustees approved the 19th Street Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan, south of Roosevelt Road on 17th Avenue in May 2008. In the February 2010, Chase Bank, completed construction of a branch office facility and opened for business. In September 2013, a new building development, which includes an O'Reilly Automotive Store, was opened at a site within the TIF district that was formerly occupied by the Broadview bowling alley.

17th Street North TIF Redevelopment Area:

The Village Board of Trustees approved the 17th Avenue Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District redevelopment plan, north of Roosevelt Road in September 2007. The Village continues to seek a developer for the Village owned property along 17th Avenue. Several developers have expressed some interest, and the Village plans to solicit proposals from multiple developers in the upcoming fiscal years.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the Village's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like a copy of the financial statements for the Police Pension Fund or Firefighters' Pension Fund, contact the Village hall:

Jan Baptist, Finance Director Village of Broadview 2350 South 25th Avenue Broadview, Illinois 60155

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of April 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 11,686,247	\$ 4,002,025	\$ 15,688,272
Receivables (net)	<i>•</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	+ ,,	+,
Property taxes	4,911,978	-	4,911,978
Intergovernmental	1,190,759	-	1,190,759
Accounts	70,016	185,029	255,045
Other	854,734	-	854,734
Accrued interest	34,861	-	34,861
Restricted cash and investments	12,214,332	-	12,214,332
Deposits	130,000	-	130,000
Prepaid items	180,840	-	180,840
Internal balances	(100,000)	100,000	-
Property held for resale	1,647,176	-	1,647,176
Net pension asset	546,642	-	546,642
Capital Assets	010,012		010,012
Land	1,625,162	68,195	1,693,357
Construction in progress	164,461	-	164,461
Infrastructure	9,524,284	11,711,257	21,235,541
Buildings	4,070,000	16,885	4,086,885
Machinery and equipment	1,107,869	742,209	1,850,078
Vehicles	4,218,752	-	4,218,752
Less: accumulated depreciation	(11,579,852)	(6,022,112)	(17,601,964)
Total Assets	42,498,261	10,803,488	53,301,749
LIABILITIES	42,400,201	10,000,400	
Accounts payable	1,105,630	348,452	1,454,082
Accrued payroll	39,311	-	39,311
Other liabilities	229,693	-	229,693
Accrued interest payable	328,335	-	328,335
Firefighters' pension fund payable	296,563	-	296,563
Police pension fund payable	287,386	-	287,386
Due to agency fund	300,000	-	300,000
Noncurrent Liabilities	300,000	-	300,000
Due within one year	4,914,971		4,914,971
Due in more than one year	15,349,468	-	15,349,468
Total Liabilities	22,851,357	348,452	23,199,809
	22,001,007	340,452	23,199,009
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4 004 000		4 004 000
Property taxes levied for future periods	4,894,902		4,894,902
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,894,902		4,894,902
NET POSITION		0 540 404	40.040.450
Net investment in capital assets	5,731,725	6,516,434	12,248,159
Restricted for	4 470 004		4 470 004
Highways and streets	1,179,391	-	1,179,391
Economic development	4,717,707	-	4,717,707
Debt service	499,190	-	499,190
Public safety	110,277	-	110,277
Retirement	64,407	-	64,407
Unrestricted	2,449,305	3,938,602	6,387,907
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>14,752,002</u>	\$ <u>10,455,036</u>	\$ <u>25,207,038</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

			Program Revenue	S
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities General government Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation Culture, education and recreation Interest and fiscal charges Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,584,481 10,149,739 1,763,630 679,616 226 <u>1,132,070</u> 15,309,762	\$ 316,967 1,360,818 431,214 677,939 - - 2,786,938	\$ - 555,621 265,354 - - - - 820,975	\$ - - 113,820 - - - - 113,820
Business-type activities Water and sewerage Conservation and development Total Business-type Activities Total	2,335,557 31,533 2,367,090 \$	2,962,203 	- - - \$ <u>820,975</u>	- - - \$ <u>113,820</u>
	Investment inc Miscellaneous	s axes s ental imental ne tax roperty replacem come	nent tax	
		nge in net posit		
		POSITION - Be		

-			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
\$	(1,267,514) (8,233,300) (953,242) (1,677) (226) (1,132,070) (11,588,029)	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (1,267,514) (8,233,300) (953,242) (1,677) (226) (11,132,070) (11,588,029)
-	- - -	626,646 (31,533) 595,113	626,646 (31,533) 595,113
_	(11,588,029)	595,113	(10,992,916)
	8,838,549		8,838,549
	3,480,875 140,120 1,315,084 83,237	- - -	3,480,875 140,120 1,315,084 83,237
	2,444 772,943 661,966 46,426 316,507	- - - 3,351	2,444 772,943 661,966 49,777 316,507
-	15,658,151	3,351	15,661,502
_	4,070,122	598,464	4,668,586
_	10,681,880	9,856,572	20,538,452
\$_	14,752,002	\$ <u>10,455,036</u>	\$ <u>25,207,038</u>

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of April 30, 2014

		General	_	2nd and 17th Avenue TIF edevelopment Fund		Roosevelt Road TIF	D	ebt Service
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	4,018,366	\$	16,721	\$	4,509,277	\$	655,405
Receivables (net)								
Property taxes		2,429,793		1,738,236		91,458		522,184
Intergovernmental		1,107,179		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Other		854,734		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		34,861
Restricted cash and investments		-		11,349,751		-		-
Deposits		-		-		130,000		-
Due from other funds		36,476		-		-		-
Prepaid items		180,840		-		-		-
Advances to other funds	_		-		-		_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	8,627,388	\$_	13,104,708	\$_	4,730,735	\$_	1,212,450

	Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
\$	260,524	\$	2,225,954	\$	11,686,247
_	- - - 864,581 - - 5,300,000	_	130,307 83,580 70,016 - - - - - - - - - - - -		$\begin{array}{r} 4,911,978\\ 1,190,759\\ 70,016\\ 854,734\\ 34,861\\ 12,214,332\\ 130,000\\ 36,476\\ 180,840\\ 5,300,000\\ \end{array}$
\$_	6,425,105	\$_	2,509,857	\$_	36,610,243

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of April 30, 2014

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities		General		2nd and 17th Avenue TIF development Fund		Roosevelt Road TIF	D	ebt Service
Accounts payable	\$	507,091	\$	_	\$	56,411	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	39,311	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Other liabilities		229,693		_		_		_
Firefighters' pension fund payable		296,563		_		_		_
Police pension fund payable		287,386		-		_		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Advance to agency fund		300,000		_		-		_
Advances from other funds		5,300,000		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	_	6,960,044	_	-		56,411		-
	-		-		•			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0 440 050		4 700 000		04.450		540 504
Property taxes levies for future periods		2,416,856		1,738,236		91,458		518,564
Unavailable other taxes receivable	_	367,429	_	-		- 04 450	_	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	2,784,285	-	1,738,236		91,458	_	518,564
Fund Balances (Deficit)								
Nonspendable for prepaid items		180,840		-		-		-
Nonspendable for advances		-		-		-		-
Restricted for debt service purposes		-		11,349,751		-		499,190
Restricted for highways and streets		-		-		-		-
Restricted for economic development		-		16,721		4,582,866		-
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		_		-
Restricted for public safety		-		-		-		-
Restricted for retirement		-		-		-		-
Committed for refuse collection		-		-		-		-
Assigned for debt service		-		-		-		194,696
Assigned for retirement		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	_	(1,297,781)	_			_	_	_
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	_	(1,116,941)	_	11,366,472		4,582,866	_	693,886
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND	\$	8,627,388	¢	13,104,708	¢	4,730,735	\$	1,212,450
BALANCES	Ψ=	0,021,000	Ψ=	10,104,700	Ψ	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	Ψ_	1,212,400

	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	Totals			
\$	700 - - - - - - - - - - 700	\$ 541,428 - - - - 36,476 - - 100,000 677,904	39,311 229,693 296,563 287,386 36,476 300,000 5,400,000			
_	- - -	129,788  129,788	367,429			
_	5,300,000 864,581 - 259,824 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,179,391 118,120 - 110,277 64,407 7,033 - 259,251 <u>(36,314</u> 1,702,165	) 4,717,707 259,824 7 110,277 7 64,407 8 7,033 194,696 1 259,251 <u>4</u> ) (1,334,095)			

\$_	6,425,105	\$_	2,509,857	\$	36,610,243
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### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of April 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 23,652,853
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note III.C.	9,130,676
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	367,429
Property held for reslale in the governmental funds are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	1,647,176
An asset is reported on the Statement of Net Position due to the Village's overfunding of its annual required contribution to the Police and Firefighters' Pensions.	546,642
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Unamortized debt discount	(19,278,674) (93,713) (328,335) (42,077) (849,975)
Net OPEB obligation <b>NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>	\$ (849,975) 14,752,002

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

		General		2nd and 17th Avenue TIF edevelopment Fund	Ro	oosevelt Road TIF	D	ebt Service
REVENUES	¢	4 004 500	¢	2 220 000	¢	220.007	¢	001 012
Property taxes	\$	4,031,503	\$	3,320,988	\$	238,807	\$	991,013
Other taxes		4,413,199		600,000		-		-
Intergovernmental		2,054,163		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		579,183		-		-		-
Investment income		3,080		21		5,506		35,310
Charges for services		1,072,976		-		-		-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		277,878		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	_	<u>650,920</u>	_		_		_	_
Total Revenues	_	13,082,902	_	3,921,009	_	244,313		1,026,323
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		1,204,170		14,018		249,259		-
Public safety		9,301,273		-		-		-
Highways and streets		1,195,456		-		-		-
Sanitation		-		-		-		-
Employee benefits		-		-		-		-
Debt Service								
Debt service - principal		425,000		2,685,000		-		1,510,000
Debt service - interest and fees		73,535		647,218		-		314,288
Cost of issuance		-		-		-		20,313
Capital Outlay		471,326		-		-		_
Total Expenditures	_	12,670,760		3,346,236		249,259	_	1,844,601
		12,010,100	_	0,010,200	_	210,200		1,011,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	_	412,142	_	<u>574,773</u>	_	(4,946)		<u>(818,278</u> )
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		000 00 /						700.000
Bonds issued		228,901		-		-		736,099
Sale of capital assets		2,507		-		-		-
Transfers in		600,000		-		-		129,986
Transfers (out)	_	(345,342)	_	(600,000)	_	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	486,066	-	(600,000)	_	-	_	866,085
Net Change in Fund Balances		898,208		(25,227)		(4,946)		47,807
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of								
Year	_	(2,015,149)	_	11,391,699	_	4,587,812		646,079
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>(1,116,941</u> )	\$_	<u>11,366,472</u>	\$_	4,582,866	\$	693,886

<u>Capital Projects</u> \$ 241 - 50,400 50,641	Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ 256,238 - 379,174 - 2,268 791,472 14,018 2,902 1,446,072	Totals           \$ 8,838,549           5,013,199           2,433,337           579,183           46,426           1,864,448           291,896           704,222           19,771,260
73,723 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	6,067 135,639 91,662 679,616 315,309 - - - - 101,517 1,329,810	$\begin{array}{r} 1,547,237\\ 9,436,912\\ 1,287,118\\ 679,616\\ 315,309\\ 4,620,000\\ 1,035,041\\ 20,313\\ \underline{595,623}\\ 19,537,169\\ \end{array}$
(45,862)	116,262	234,091
- - - - -	- 215,356  215,356	965,000 2,507 945,342 <u>(945,342)</u> 967,507
(45,862)	331,618	1,201,598
6,470,267	1,370,547	22,451,255
\$ <u>6,424,405</u>	\$ <u>1,702,165</u>	\$ <u>23,652,853</u>

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,201,598
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements	739,337 (526,809)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	(393,883)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued Principal repaid	(965,000) 4,620,000
Some of the bonds issued in the current year are accretion bonds. Accretion of the bonds during the year increases the carrying value of the bonds and will be repaid using future year resources. The current year's accretion is charged to interest expense in the Statement of Activities.	(15,043)
Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, these are reported as other assets or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Issuance costs Premiums	(136,025) 9,365
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Accrued interest on debt	48,361 (280,277) 72,987
A decrease in the expense of the pension contribution is recognized in the entity-wide Statement of Net Position as a decrease in the net pension asset.	 (304,489)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,070,122

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND As of April 30, 2014

ASSETS	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
Current Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,002,025
Receivables (net)	
Accounts	185,029
Advances to other funds Total Current Assets	<u> </u>
Total Current Assets	4,207,004
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Land	68,195
Buildings and improvements	16,885
Machinery, equipment and furnishings	742,209
Infrastructure	11,711,257
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(6,022,112)
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,516,434
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>
Total Assets	10,803,488
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	348,452
Total Current Liabilities	348,452
Total Liabilities	348,452
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,516,434
Unrestricted	3,938,602
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>10,455,036</u>

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
OPERATING REVENUES	
Water sales	\$ 2,403,910
Sewer charges	365,986
Penalties	45,968
Miscellaneous	<u>146,339</u>
Total Operating Revenues	2,962,203
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Source of supply	1,844,479
Transmission and distribution	93,241
Customer accounting and collections	12,400
Personnel services	102,806
Contractual services	1,000
Depreciation	<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	2,367,090
Operating Income	595,113
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	3,351
Total Nonoperating Revenues	3,351
Change in Net Position	598,464
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	9,856,572
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>10,455,036</u>

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewerage
Received from customers	\$ 2,953,182
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,835,721)
Paid to employees for services	(175,663)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	941,798
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment income	<u>3,351</u>
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	3,351
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(578,793)</u> (578,793)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	366,356
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	3,635,669
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$4,002,025

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	A E W	siness-type ctivities - nterprise Fund /ater and sewerage
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		595,113
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		313,164
Accounts receivable Accounts payable		(9,021) 42,542
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	941,798

### NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES None

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS As of April 30, 2014

	Pe	ension Trusts	Age	ncy Fund
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	708,200	\$	14,668
Investments				
Money markets		717,957		-
State and local obligations		1,733,741		-
U.S Government and agency securities		14,156,073		-
Mutual funds		20,016,575		-
Stocks		3,395,875		-
Corporate notes		2,296,915		-
Receivables - (net)				
Assessment receivable		-		18,479
Accrued interest		129,971		-
Property taxes		3,727		-
Prepaid items		14,895		-
Due from primary government		583,949		300,000
Allowance for uncollectibles		(583,949)		_
Other assets		995		-
Total Assets	_	43,174,924		333,147
	-			
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		2,775		-
Special assessments				280,546
Special assessment bonds payable		_		52,601
Total Liabilities		2,775		333,147
Total Elabilities	_	2,115		000,147
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is				
presented in the required supplementary information)	\$	43,172,149	\$	_
presented in the required supplementary information)	Ψ=	40,172,140	Ψ <b></b>	_

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Pension Trusts
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer and other	\$ 1,955,178
Plan members	473,233
Total Contributions	2,428,411
Investment income	
Interest and dividends	1,286,946
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	<u>    1,972,802</u>
Total Investment Income	3,259,748
Less Investment expenses	112,629
Net Investment Income	<u> </u>
Total Additions	<u> </u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Administration	111,525
Benefits	3,811,328
Refunds of contributions	<u> </u>
Total Deductions	3,926,834
Change in Net Position	1,648,696
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	41,523,453
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>43,172,149</u>

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### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# **NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Village of Broadview, Illinois (the "Village") was incorporated in 1914. The Village is a non home-rule municipality, under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, located in Cook County, Illinois. The Village operates under a President-Trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire protection), highways and streets, sanitation (water and sewer), health and social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of Broadview, Illinois conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

## A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending, Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

## A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

#### **Component Units**

The Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS) is established for the Village's police employees. PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership, and two police employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many characteristics of a legally separate government, PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's police employees and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund and the data for the component unit is included in the government's fiduciary fund financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Police Pension Board 2350 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

The Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS) is established for the Village's firefighters. FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one pension beneficiary elected by the membership; and two fire employees elected by the membership constitute the pension board. The Village and the FPERS participants are obligated to fund all FPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it possesses many of the characteristics of a legally separate government, FPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's firefighters because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund and the data for the component unit is included in the government's fiduciary fund financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Firefighters' Pension Board 2400 South 25th Street Broadview, Illinois

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

## B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In November 2010, the GASB issued statement No. 61 - *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. This statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. This standard was implemented effective May 1, 2013.

In March 2012, the GASB issued statement No. 65 - *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This standard was implemented effective May 1, 2013.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

## Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.
  22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment Fund is used to account for incremental real estate and sales tax revenues received from Village Square Tax Increment Financing District that are to be used for the development of the Redevelopment Project Area at 22nd Street and 17th Avenue.
- Roosevelt Road TIF Fund is used to account for incremental real estate tax revenues received from Roosevelt Road Tax Increment Financing District that are to be used for the development of the Redevelopment Project Area at Roosevelt Road.
- Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt other than TIF or enterprise fund debt.
- Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for major capital purchased for governmental operations.

The Village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewerage Fund - accounts for operations of the sewerage and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

## B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

## Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Garbage Motor Fuel Tax

Emergency Telephone System 17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment Illinois Municipal Retirement Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) 27th / 23rd Street TIF Redevelopment

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are used to account for and report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans.

Police Pension Fund Firefighters' Pension Fund

Agency funds are used to account for and report assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Special Assessment

## C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (cont.)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

## Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for state income taxes. State income taxes received within 120 days will be considered as available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewerage Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

## All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Illinois Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool.

Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, and the Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds meeting certain requirements, equity securities, and corporate bonds meeting certain requirements. Pension funds with net position in excess of \$10,000,000 and an appointed investment advisor may invest an additional portion of its assets in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds, that meet certain requirements. The police pension fund's investment policy allows investments in all of the above listed accounts, but does exclude any repurchase agreements. The firefighters' pension fund allows funds to be invested in any type of security authorized by the Illinois Pension Code.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Certain deposits of the 22nd and 17th Avenue Tax Increment Financing District are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted based on the Redevelopment Agreement for the Tax Increment Financing District.

The Village and pensions have adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
  - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Village and pension's formal investment policy states the portfolio should provide a comparable rate of return during a market/economic environment of stable interest rates. Portfolio performance should be compared to benchmarks with similar maturity, liquidity and credit quality as the portfolio. The Village set an investment bank's 1-3 year Governmental Bond Index as its initial benchmark. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding two years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

The pensions' investment policies seek to ensure preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance to safety of principal and liquidity. The Police Pension's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities. The Firefighters' Pension's policy does not limit investment maturities except as part of statutory requirements, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Over a full business cycle (3-5 years) it is the goal of the Firefighters' Pension to get a return on investments that meets or exceeds the rate of 8%. The portfolio will be managed with an average duration ranging from one to ten years. However, all of the policies require the Village's and pensions' investment portfolios to be sufficiently liquid to enable the village and pensions to meet all operating requirements as they come due.

## **Credit Risk**

State Statutes limit the investments in commercial paper to the top three ratings of two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). The Village's and pension's investment policies authorize investments in any type of security allowed for in Illinois statutes regarding the investment of public funds. The Police Pension's investment policy prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
  - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Village's and pensions' investment policies require diversification of the investment portfolio to minimize risk of loss resulting from over-concentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity.

The Police Pension does not have a formal written policy with regards to concentration credit risk for investments. At April 30, 2014, the Police Pension Fund has over 5% of net plan assets invested in various agency securities as indicated in the table in Note III A. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and as mentioned earlier are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation.

The Firefighter's investment policy has a preferred target that not less than 55 percent of its portfolio be in fixed income securities and up to 45 percent may be invested in qualified equity securities.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

The Village's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured with collateralization pledged by the applicable financial institution to the extent of 100% of the value of the deposit. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 100% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance.

## **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

With respect to investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The Firefighters' Pension's investment policy requires all investments to be registered in the name of the fund, however, it does not specifically address these risks.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

### D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

## 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold.

Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

See Note III. A. for further information.

## 2. Receivables

Property taxes for levy year 2013 attaches as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2013, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December following the lien date (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). The 2014 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1, 2014, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2014, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December 2014, and therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2014.

Tax bills for levy year 2013 are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1, 2014 and July 1, 2014 and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2014 and August 1, 2014 or within 30 days of the tax bills being issued.

The county collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2013 property tax levy is recognized as a receivable and deferred inflows of resources in fiscal 2014, net the allowance for uncollectible. As the taxes become available to finance current expenditures, they are recognized as revenues. At April 30, 2014, the property taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources consisted of the estimated amount collectible from the 2013 levy.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days (\$36,404) comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 1 percent (\$98,214) of outstanding property taxes at April 30, 2014.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

## 2. Receivables (cont.)

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

## 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## 4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

## 5. Capital Assets

## Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,500 for general capital assets and \$1,500 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
  - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

## Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	50	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years

## Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

## 6. Property Held for Resale

The Village's property held for resale includes land that is being held for sale for future development of the Village. The Village reevaluates the value of the property held for resale on an annual basis. Based on current market conditions, the Village determined that no adjustment to the value was necessary as of April 30, 2014.

## 7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

### D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

## 7. Compensated Absences (cont.)

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

## 8. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year end for premiums/discounts is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position. The balance at year end for gains/losses is shown as a deferred outflow/inflow in the statement of net position.

## 9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

## 10. Equity Classifications

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance) of the Village. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village that originally created the commitment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
  - 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned through the following; 1) Formal action of the Village Board 2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The Village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

# NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Funds		Budgeted Expenditures	 Actual Expenditures	Excess Expenditures Over Budget			
General	\$	12,404,715	\$ 12,670,760	\$	266,045		
Emergency Telephone System Debt Service		133,200 1,844,298	135,639 1,844,601		2,439 303		
Capital Projects		68,000	96,503		28,503		

The Village controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the Village's year-end budget to actual report.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

### **B.** DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of April 30, 2014, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason
General	\$ 1,116,941	Prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing
CDBG	36,314	Prior operating expenditures exceeded available revenues or financing

The General Fund is anticipated to be funded with future contributions or general tax revenues. The Community Development Block Grant deficit will be funded by future grant awards.

## C. LIMITATIONS ON THE VILLAGE'S TAX LEVY

Tax rate ceilings are established by Illinois state law under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Act (PTELA) and are subject to change only by the approval of the voters of the Village. The tax rate ceilings are applied at the fund level.

The PTELA limitation is applied in the aggregate to the total levy (excluding certain levies for the repayment of debt). PTELA limits the increase in total taxes billed to the lessor of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the preceding year. The amount can be exceeded to the extent there is "new growth" in the Village's tax base. The new growth consists of new construction, annexations and tax increment finance district property becoming eligible for taxation. The CPI rates applicable to the April 30, 2014 and April 30, 2013 tax levies were 2.0% and 0.1%, respectively.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$        2,700 16,166,785	\$- 16,101,998	N/A Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits
Other investments	<u>54,773,123</u>	54,856,563	Interest rate risk; Credit risk; Concentration of credit risk; Custodial Credit Risk - Investments
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ <u>70,942,608</u>	\$ <u>70,958,561</u>	
Reconciliation to financial statements			
Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net position- fiduciary funds Pension - Cash	\$ 15,688,272 12,214,332 708,200		
Pension - Money markets Pension - State and local obligations	717,957 1,733,741		
Pension - U.S. Government and agency securities	14,156,073		
Pension - Mutual funds	20,016,575		
Pension - Stocks Pension - Corporate notes	3,395,875 2,296,915		
Agency - Cash	14,668		
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ <u>70,942,608</u>		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held at an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

## Custodial Credit Risk

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

The Village and pensions do not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of April 30, 2014, the Village's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+ AA+	Aaa Aaa
Corporate Notes	AA to A-	Aa2 to A3
State and Local Obligations	AA or Better	N/A
Illinois Funds	AAAm	N/A
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund Dreyfus Cash Management Investor	AA+	N/A
Shares Money Market Fund	AAAm	Aaa-mf

# **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At April 30, 2014, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

lssuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Net Position
<i>Police Pension Fund</i> U.S. Government Agency U.S. Government Agency	Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Bank	5.27% 17.46%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

# A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of April 30, 2014, the Village's investments were as follows:

			Ma	turity (In Years)
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value		Less than 1
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	908,078	\$	908,078
Totals	\$	908,078	\$	908,078

Firefighters' Pension Fund:

			Maturity (In Years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1		1-5		6-10	More than 10		
Corporate Notes Municipal Bonds U.S. Treasury Note Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Federal National Mortgage Association Note Federal National Mortgage Association Note Government National Mortgage Association	\$	2,296,915 200,243 160,659 727,773 451,532 1,457,114 1,133,158 39,751 1,351,497	\$	- 56,300 - 254,657 - - - -	\$	1,841,550 100,835 160,659 680,108 76,058 346,606 318,191 39,751 62,749	\$	455,365 43,108 - 47,665 120,817 640,732 243,576 - 115,927	\$	- - - 469,776 571,391 - 1,172,821	
Totals	\$_	7,818,642	\$	310,957	\$_	3,626,507	\$_	1,667,190	\$_	2,213,988	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

### Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

Police Pension Fund:

			_			Maturity	(In ۱	Years)			
Investment Type		Fair Value		ess than 1		1-5		6-10	More than 10		
State & local obligations U.S. Treasury Notes Governmental National	\$	1,533,498 1,864,311	\$	187,692 140,241	\$	691,369 1,086,335	\$	598,467 637,735	\$	55,970 -	
Mortgage Association		36,944		-		35,485		-		1,459	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		1,270,576		254,800		379,835		635,941		-	
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage		4,209,539		-		1,946,468		2,263,071		-	
Corporation Federal National Mortgage		565,456		-		199,456		366,000		-	
Association		887,763		55,350		659,669		141,270		31,474	
Money market mutual funds	-	552,193	_	552,193	_					-	
Totals	\$_	10,920,280	\$_	1,190,276	\$_	4,998,617	\$_	4,642,484	\$	88,903	

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### **B.** RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund	 22nd / 17th TIF Redevelopment		Roosevelt Road TIF		Debt Service		Water and Sewerage		Nonmajor Funds		Totals
Receivables													
Property taxes	\$	2,474,091	\$ 1,776,422	\$	94,165	\$	532,501	\$	-	\$	133,013	\$	5,010,192
Replacement taxes		109,239	-		-		-		-		-		109,239
Income taxes		122,452	-		-		-		-		-		122,452
Local use taxes		33,852	-		-		-		-		-		33,852
Sales taxes		841,636	-		-		-		-		-		841,636
Utility taxes		237,441	-		-		-		-		-		237,441
Fire protection		128,300	-		-		-		-		-		128,300
Ambulance billings		212,800	-		-		-		-		-		212,800
Motor fuel taxes		-	-		-		-		-		83,580		83,580
Interest		-	_		-		34,861		-		_		34,861
Other		381,987	_		-		-		-		-		381,987
Accounts	_	-	 -	_	-	_	-		221,433	_	70,016	_	291,449
Gross receivables		4,541,798	1,776,422		94,165		567,362		221,433		286,609		7,487,789
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	-	(150,092)	 (38,186)	_	(2,707)	_	<u>(10,317</u> )		<u>(36,404</u> )	_	(2,706)	_	(240,412)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	4,391,706	\$ 1,738,236	\$_	91,458	\$_	557,045	\$	185,029	\$_	283,903	\$_	7,247,377

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned Unavailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Sales taxes receivable Local use taxes receivable Other	\$ 4,894,902
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ <u>4,894,902</u> \$ <u>367,429</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,625,162	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,625,162
Construction in process	-	164,461		164,461
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/ Amortized	1,625,162	164,461		1,789,623
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	4,070,000	-	-	4,070,000
Vehicles	3,784,634	434,118	-	4,218,752
Equipment	1,090,379	17,490	-	1,107,869
Infrastructure	9,401,016	123,268		9,524,284
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	18,346,029	574,876		18,920,905
Total Capital Assets	19,971,191	739,337		20,710,528
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(2,124,100)	(81,400)	-	(2,205,500)
Vehicles	(2,842,885)	(160,717)	-	(3,003,602)
Equipment	(932,478)	(46,199)	-	(978,677)
Infrastructure	(5,153,580)	(238,493)	-	(5,392,073)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(11,053,043</u> )	(526,809)		<u>(11,579,852</u> )
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	7,292,986	48,067		7,341,053
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ <u>8,918,148</u>	\$ <u>212,528</u>	\$	\$ <u>9,130,676</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 68,000
Public safety	170,313
Highways and streets	288,496
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ <u>526,809</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## C. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ <u>68,195</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>68,195</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/ Amortized	68,195			68,195
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being	16,885 712,128 <u>11,162,545</u>	- 30,081 <u>548,712</u>	- - -	16,885 742,209 <u>11,711,257</u>
Depreciated/Amortized	11,891,558	578,793		12,470,351
Total Capital Assets	11,959,753	578,793		12,538,546
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(16,885) (360,371) <u>(5,331,692</u> ) <u>(5,708,948</u> )	- (8,188) <u>(304,976</u> ) <u>(313,164</u> )	- - - -	(16,885) (368,559) (5,636,668) (6,022,112)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	6,182,610	265,629		6,448,239
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ <u>6,250,805</u>	\$ <u>265,629</u>	\$	\$ <u>6,516,434</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to function	s as follows:			
Business-type Activities Water			\$	<u>313,164</u>
Total Business-type Activities Deprecia	tion Expense		\$	313,164

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General	Nonmajor	\$	36,476
Total - Fund Financial Statem		36,476	
Less: Fund eliminations		(36,476)	
Total Internal Balances - G Net Position	Sovernment-Wide Statement of	\$	-

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is because of shortfalls in respective funds thus creating short-term interfund loans.

For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

## Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

				-	Amount Not e Within One	
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Year		
Capital Projects Agency Water	General General Nonmajor	\$	5,300,000 300,000 100,000	\$	5,300,000 300,000 100,000	
Total - Fund Financial Stater	nents		5,700,000			
Less: Fund eliminations			(5,300,000)			
Less: Fiduciary fund eliminations (Due to agency fund)			(300,000)			
Total - Interfund Advance of Net Position	s - Government-Wide Statement	\$	100,000			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

## Advances (cont.)

The principal purpose of these interfunds is because of a shortfall in respective funds thus creating long-term interfund loans.

For the statement of net position, interfund advances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

## Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	_	Amount	Principal Purpose
Nonmajor	General	\$	215,356	To reimburse for expenditures paid in the current year
Debt Service	General		129,986	To fund interest payment on debt
General	22nd and 17th Avenue TIF Redevelopment	_	600,000	To reallocate incremental sales taxes
Total - Fund Financial S	statements		945,342	
Less: Fund eliminations	6	_	(945,342)	
Total Transfers - Go of Activities	vernment-Wide Statement	\$_		

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the statement of activities, interfund transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended April 30, 2014, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		mounts Due Nithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable General obligation debt Tax increment financing bonds Unamortized premium Sub-totals	\$	9,049,677 13,750,000 51,442 22,851,119	\$	980,043 - - 980,043	\$	1,935,000 2,685,000 9,365 4,629,365	\$	8,094,720 11,065,000 42,077 19,201,797	\$	2,010,000 2,830,000 - 4,840,000
Other Liabilities Compensated absences IEPA Brownfields revolving Ioan Net OPEB Obligation Total Other Liabilities	_	142,074 118,954 <u>569,698</u> 830,726	-	380,225 - <u>280,277</u> <u>660,502</u>	-	428,586 - - 428,586	-	93,713 118,954 <u>849,975</u> 1,062,642	_	74,971 - - 74,971
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	23,681,845	\$	1,640,545	\$	5,057,951	\$_	20,264,439	\$_	4,914,971

The compensated absences are paid out of the fund that has the associated salary. The OPEB obligation is paid out of the General Fund.

The Village is subject to the Illinois Municipal Code, which limits the amount of certain indebtedness to 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the Village. As of April 30, 2014, the statutory debt limit for the Village was \$17,026,877, providing a debt margin of \$16,061,877.

## **General Obligation Debt**

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

## General Obligation Debt (cont.)

## **Governmental Activities**

General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates		Original lebtedness	Ap	Balance oril 30, 2014
Alternative Revenue				_			
General Obligation			5.00%-				
Bond	2005B	12/1/2015	5.50%	\$	2,140,000	\$	925,000
Alternative Revenue							
General Obligation			2.00%-				
Bond	2003B	12/1/2022	2.90%		8,200,000		5,930,000
Alternative Revenue							
General Obligation							
Bond (Capital			2.70%-				
Appreciation Bonds)	2003A	6/1/2022	5.50%		1,690,000		274,720
Limited Tax General							
Obligation Bond	2013	12/01/2014	1.80%		965,000		965,000
Total Governmental Ac	ctivities - Gen	eral Obligation D	ebt			\$_	8,094,720

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (includes \$80,280 of accretion excluded in the above 2003A carrying amount):

		Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt					
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest			
2015	\$	2,010,000	\$	327,961			
2016		1,090,000		265,098			
2017		640,000		216,835			
2018		665,000		192,938			
2019		690,000		167,625			
2020-2023	_	3,080,000	_	367,900			
Totals	\$_	8,175,000	\$_	1,538,357			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

## Tax Increment Financing Bonds

Tax increment financing bonds are payable from incremental taxes derived from a separately created tax increment financing district.

Tax Increment Financing Bonds at April 30, 2014, consists of the following:

## **Governmental Activities**

Tax Increment Financing Bonds	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance April 30, 2014
Tax Increment Financing Bond Series of 1999 Tax Increment Financing	1999	4/30/2016	4.00% - 5.375%	\$ 33,695,000	\$ 5,815,000
Bond Series of 2004 - Developer Note	2004	12/31/2017	5.00%	5,250,000	5,250,000
Total Governmental Activ	vities Tax Inc	rement Financi	na Bonds		\$ <u>11,065,000</u>

Total Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds

The Village has pledged future revenues to repay \$38,695,000 in TIF Revenue bonds issued in 1999 and 2004. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Village's economic development. The bonds are payable solely from revenues and are payable through the 2018 fiscal year. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100 percent of revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$12,223,909. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total revenues were \$3,332,216 and \$3,921,009, respectively.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	_Ta	Governmental Activities Tax Increment Financing Bonds					
Years		Principal		Interest			
2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	2,830,000 2,985,000 - 5,250,000	\$	499,000 342,722 262,500 54,688			
Totals	\$	11,065,000	\$	1,158,910			

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## F. IEPA BROWNSFIELD REVOLVING LOAN

In 2007, the Village entered into an agreement with the IEPA to receive a \$300,000 revolving loan to fund cleanup activities at the former Broadview Quick Wash site.

According to the agreement, the Village has two years to use the funds.

There are a number of provisions and covenants contained in the loan agreement. If the site is sold, leased, traded, or developed within 15 years of the agreement (until 2022), the Village must repay between 0% and 80% of the proceeds. Otherwise, the Village has no obligation to repay the loan. The Village is in compliance with all significant provisions and covenants. However, as a conservative measure, the Village has recorded a liability on its Statement of Net Position for 80% of the proceeds received. This obligation will be repaid from the Roosevelt Road TIF Fund.

## NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Descriptions**

The Village contributes to three defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefits levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan do issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

#### **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund**

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Public Act 96-0889 created a second tier for IMRF's Regular Plan. Effective January 1, 2011, IMRF assigns a benefit tier to a member when he or she is enrolled in IMRF. The tier is determined by the member's first IMRF participation date. If the member first participated in IMRF before January 1, 2011, they participate in *Regular Tier 1*. If the member first participated in IMRF on or after January 1, 2011, they participate in *Regular Tier 2*.

For *Regular Tier 1*, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings for each year of credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. For *Regular Tier 2*, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 67 with 10 years of service, or age 62 with 35 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit as described above. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village's contribution rate for 2014 was 9.71% of annual covered payroll which was equal to the annual required contribution rate.

#### **Police Pension**

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit singleemployer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At April 30, 2014, the Police Pension membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	30
Current employees:	
Vested	20
Non vested	7
Total	57

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

## A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

## Police Pension (cont.)

As provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Police Pension Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

*Tier 1* - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one half of the salary attached to the rank on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

*Tier 2* - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is limited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded by the year 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2014, the Village's contribution was 25.11% of covered payroll. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrual liability for benefits.

## **Firefighters' Pension**

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit singleemployer pension plan. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

#### Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

At April 30, 2014, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	42
Current employees: Vested Non vested	15 3
Total	60

As provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Firefighters' Pension Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to employees grouped into two tiers. Tier 1 is for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 and Tier 2 is for employees hired after that date. The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Fund as provided for in Illinois Compiled Statutes.

*Tier 1* - Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least the age 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

*Tier 2* - Covered employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly pension of 2.5% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service. The salary is initially capped at \$106,800 but increases annually thereafter and is limited to 75% of final average salary. Employees with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter shall be increased annually on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60 or the first anniversary of the pension start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the CPI, whichever is less.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

# **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

## A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

## Firefighters' Pension (cont.)

Participants contribute a fixed percentage of their base salary to the plans. At April 30, 2014, the contribution percentage was 9.455%. If a participant leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated participant contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plans as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is 90% funded by the year 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2014, the Village's contribution was 65.18% of covered payroll. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrual liability for benefits.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

## Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans

*Basis of Accounting.* The financial statements of the pension fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. The Village's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

*Method Used to Value Investments.* Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximated fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

## **Annual Pension Cost**

The Village's annual required contribution for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2013	May 1, 2013	May 1, 2013
Contribution rates:		-	-
Employer	9.71%	25.11%	65.18%
Employee	4.50%	9.91%	9.46%
Annual required contribution	\$139,350	\$870,614	\$1,067,151
Contributions made	\$139,350	\$551,045	\$1,090,977
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
	5 year smoothed	5 year smoothed	5 year smoothed
Asset valuation method	market	market	market
Amortization method	Level percentage of		Level percentage of
	payroll, open	Level dollar, closed	payroll, closed
Amortization period	30 years	27 years	24 years
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.00%	6.75%
	Compounded annually		
Projected salary increases	0.4 to 10%	4.25% - 14.25%	1.12% to 4.86%
Inflation rate included	4.00%	3.00%	2.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

#### **Net Pension Obligation**

The following are the net pension obligation (asset) calculations from the actuarial reports:

Net Pension Obligation (Asset):	nois Municipal Retirement		Police Pension	 Firefighters' Pension
Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 139,350 - -	\$	870,614 -	\$ 1,067,151 83,510 (74,764)
Annual pension cost Contributions made Change in net pension obligation	 139,350 (139,350) -	_	870,614 (551,045) 319,569	 1,075,897 (1,090,977) (15,080)
Net pension obligation (asset), beginning of year Net pension obligation (asset), end of year	\$ <u>53,745</u> 53,745	\$	(420,993) (101,424)	(430,138) (445,218)

The net pension obligation for IMRF is considered immaterial and has not been recorded as a liability by the Village.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

## NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

## A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

## **Trend Information**

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

	Fiscal Year	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	
Annual pension cost (APC)	2014 2013 2012	\$ 139,350 148,708 141,042	\$ 870,614 680,569 777,238	\$ 1,067,151 992,336 990,316	
Contributions made	2014 2013 2012	\$ 139,350 148,708 141,042	\$	\$ 1,090,977 799,632 1,435,274	
Percentage of APC contributed	2014 2013 2012	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	63.29% 90.72% 167.20%	102.23% 80.58% 144.93%	
Net pension obligation (asset)	2014 2013 2012	\$ 53,745 53,745 53,745 53,745	\$ (101,424) (420,993) (484,176)		

## **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The Village's actuarial value of plan assets for the current year and related information is as follows:

	Illinois Municipal Retirement		Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	D	ecember 31, 2013	May 1, 2013	May 1, 2013
Actuarial Valuation of Assets (a)	\$	4,263,113 \$	23,210,632	\$ 19,188,699
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	\$	4,116,170 \$	33,964,193	\$ 32,670,159
Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	\$	(146,943) \$	10,753,561	\$ 13,481,460
Funded Ratio (a/b)		104 %	68 %	59 %
Covered Payroll (c)		1,435,118	2,194,789	1,673,905
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b- a)/c)		- %	490 %	805 %

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

#### **Public Entity Risk Pool**

#### IMLRA

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRA). IMLRA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois, which has formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

#### C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

#### **Other Commitments**

In 2006, the Village issued a municipal revenue obligation as part of a development agreement. The amount of the obligation was \$300,000, and is payable to the developer solely from property and sales tax increments collected from a specific portion of the development in Roosevelt Road TIF.

Payments are scheduled through the year 2022, or the maximum obligation, whichever comes first. The obligation does not constitute a charge upon any funds of the village. In the event that future tax increments are not sufficient to pay off the obligation, the obligation terminates with no further liability to the village. Since the amount of future payments is contingent on the collection of future TIF increments, the obligation is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. The balance of the commitment outstanding at year end was \$200,531.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees"). The plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Village's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through personnel policy guidelines and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contribution requirements are established through personnel policy guidelines and may be amended by the action of the governing body. If an employee works for the Village for 20 years or more and is at least 50 years old at retirement, the employee is eligible to receive a \$267 monthly credit to remain on the Village's health insurance plan until age 65. The amount of the monthly insurance premium for the retiree above the \$267 credit is paid by the retiree. Additionally, the Village pays 100% of the insurance cost for disabled police and fire pension employees. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Village.

The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 378,950 7,913 (5,276)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	 381,587 <u>(101,310</u> ) 280,277
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	 569,698
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ <u>849,975</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

#### **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of Annual OPEB				
	An	nual OPEB	Cost	Ν	let OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended		Cost	Contributed	(	Obligation
4/30/14	\$	381,587	26.55%	\$	849,975
4/30/13		381,587	18.97%		569,698
4/30/12		216,237	52.73%		260,491

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 5,380,604 -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 5,380,604
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	-%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,061,922
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	106%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

### **NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

In the April 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 5% investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6%. Both rates include a 3% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of Retiree Health Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period at April 30, 2014, was 30 years.

#### E. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The Village of Broadview has established several Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Areas (RPA's) to encourage redevelopment of certain sites for more market oriented commercial uses of the properties that will enhance their value and improve their contributions to the village and its surrounding areas. As part of the redevelopment plans, the village has made significant improvements to utilities, public parking, intersections, and traffic signalization, streets and landscaping. The redevelopment plans also include site preparation, land acquisition and assembly, and demolition/clearance.

Construction and development in the RPA's were the responsibility of developers and are substantially complete. To entice development of the areas, the village created tax increment financing (TIF) districts to finance public improvements made within the RPA's.

Several funds have been established to record the revenues generated in the RPA's that relate directly to servicing the debt issued to make public improvements in the RPA's.

#### F. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25
- Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27
- > Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*
- Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annua Require Contribut (ARC)	ed Pe ion	ercentage of ARC ontributed	Net Pension Obligation	
	12/31/13 12/31/12 12/31/11	\$ 139,3 148,7 141,0	'08	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ 53,745 53,745 53,745	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/13 12/31/12 12/31/11 12/31/10 12/31/09 12/31/08	\$ 4,263,113 3,435,953 4,058,107 3,649,141 3,508,843 3,335,820	\$ 4,116,170 3,858,535 4,268,467 4,041,670 3,872,717 4,113,473	\$ (146,943) 422,582 210,360 392,529 363,874 777,653	103.57% 89.05% 95.07% 90.29% 90.60% 81.09%	\$ 1,435,118 1,456,497 1,397,844 1,388,756 1,353,560 1,204,271	-% 29.01% 15.05% 28.26% 26.88% 64.57%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2013 is \$5,368,260. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 130.42%.

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	12/31/2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Projected salary increases	0.4% - 10%
Inflation factor	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

#### POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Year Ended	_Cost (AF		Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net Pensior Obligation (Asset)	ı 
	04/30/2014 04/30/2013 04/30/2012	\$ 870,6 680,5 777,2	569	63.30% 90.72% 167.20%	\$ (101,424 (420,999) (484,170	3)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
04/30/2013 04/30/2012 04/30/2011 04/30/2010 04/30/2009 04/30/2008	\$23,210,632 22,415,194 21,443,100 20,103,115 19,151,700 19,645,636	\$33,964,193 30,850,265 29,641,029 29,515,485 28,392,482 27,103,526	\$10,753,561 8,435,071 8,197,929 9,412,370 9,240,782 7,457,890	68.11% 67.45%	<pre>\$ 2,194,789 1,968,530 2,003,893 1,918,065 1,755,885 1,848,433</pre>	489.96% 428.50% 409.10% 490.72% 526.27% 403.47%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Valuation date	5/1/2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	27 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation factor Cost of living adjustments	7.00% 4.25% - 14.25% 3.00% 3.00%

Information for fiscal year 2010 through 2012 is per actuarial valuation performed by Tepfer Consulting Group, Ltd., information for fiscal year 2013 through 2014 is per actuarial valuation performed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP, and other information provided from the Illinois Division of Insurance.

#### FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Year Ended	_Cost (AR		ercentage of ARC ontributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	-
	04/30/2014 04/30/2013 04/30/2012	\$ 1,067,1 992,3 990,3	36	118.11% 80.58% 144.52%	\$ (445,218 (430,138 (622,842	)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
04/30/2013 04/30/2012 04/30/2011	\$ 19,188,699 19,091,653 18,222,345	\$ 32,670,159 31,419,700 30,781,333	\$ 13,481,460 12,328,047 12,558,988	58.73% 60.76% 59.20%	\$ 1,673,905 1,597,869 1,598,870	805.39% 771.53% 785.49%

The information presented in the above required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

12,088,359

11,465,816

12,031,087

1,653,276

1,605,411

2,371,083

58.79%

59.00%

60.41%

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	5/1/2013 Entry-age normal Level percentage of pay, closed 24 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Projected salary increases	1.12% to 4.86%
Inflation factor	2.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

29,330,806

27,962,778

30,386,023

17,242,447

16,496,962

18,354,936

04/30/2010

04/30/2009

04/30/2008

Information for fiscal year 2010 through 2013 is per actuarial valuation performed by Tepfer Consulting Group, Ltd., other information provided from the Illinois Division of Insurance.

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

731.18%

714.20%

507.41%

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS As of April 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	Unfunded AL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2012 4/30/2009	\$	- -	\$ 5,380,604 3,239,420	\$ 5,380,604 3,239,420	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 5,061,922 4,952,320	106.30% 65.41%

Valuations must be performed every three years for OPEB plans with less than 200 members. The year ended April 30, 2009 was the first year of implementation of GASB 45. As such, only the information for the two actuarial valuations completed is applicable. During 2012, certain actuarial assumptions were changed from the prior valuation. The implicit benefit percentage was increased from 20% to 40%, the current premiums were increased 12.6%, and the explicit benefit has been extended for the lifetime of the retiree rather than to age 65.

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

REVENUES PROPERTY TAXES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Property taxes	\$ <u>4,441,936</u>	\$ <u>4,031,503</u>	\$ <u>(410,433</u> )
Total Property taxes	4,441,936	4,031,503	(410,433)
OTHER TAXES Sales Local use Utility taxes Cablevision Telecommunication taxes Other	2,918,000 116,725 1,294,495 79,856 37,801 -	2,871,319 139,851 1,270,830 83,218 47,962 19	(46,681) 23,126 (23,665) 3,362 10,161 19
Total Other taxes	4,446,877	4,413,199	(33,678)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL State income tax Personal property replacement tax Federal grants State grants Other	756,908 581,250 433,760 85,500 -	772,943 661,966 480,263 136,547 2,444	16,035 80,716 46,503 51,047 2,444
Total Intergovernmental	1,857,418	2,054,163	196,745
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FEES Vehicle license fees Liquor and malt beverage licenses Business and occupational licenses Building permits Electrical permits Plumbing permits Occupancy permits Other permits Zoning permits and fees Other regulatory permits and fees	$\begin{array}{c} 134,000\\ 26,300\\ 115,000\\ 115,000\\ 20,000\\ 45,000\\ 50,000\\ 42,600\\ 2,500\\ 8,600\end{array}$	108,923 26,300 97,065 173,315 26,950 27,126 80,328 35,300 705 3,171	(25,077) - (17,935) 58,315 6,950 (17,874) 30,328 (7,300) (1,795) (5,429)
Total Licenses, permits and fees	559,000	579,183	20,183
INVESTMENT INCOME Investment income	5,100	3,080	(2,020)
Total Investment income	5,100	3,080	(2,020)

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Hospital billings Ambulance fees Towing and storage Occupancy inspection Law enforcement fees Building transfer fees	\$ 210,479 492,618 175,000 6,400 50,000 20,000	3 ) )	207,590 473,121 287,341 6,711 63,263 34,950	\$ (2,889) (19,497) 112,341 311 13,263 14,950
Total Charges for services	954,497		1,072,976	118,479
FINES AND FORFEITURES Traffic fines Compliance and immobilization Building code violations Law and ordinance violations	205,000 50,000 60,000 50	) )	221,178 6,950 49,750 -	16,178 (43,050) (10,250) (50)
Total Fines and forfeitures	315,050	<u>)</u>	277,878	<u>(37,172</u> )
OTHER Rentals Reimbursement of Village costs Miscellaneous Other miscellaneous	2,700 100,000 464,100 10,000	) )	- 220,030 419,060 11,830	(2,700) 120,030 (45,040) <u>1,830</u>
Total Other Total Revenues	<u> </u>		<u>650,920</u> 13,082,902	<u>74,120</u> (73,776)
EXPENDITURES EXECUTIVE Personnel services President Trustees	55,000 21,600		55,000 21,600	-
Liquor commissioner	3,000		3,000	-

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
Contractual services	•		•		•	
Legal and professional services	\$	230,300	\$	423,061	\$	(192,761)
Dues and publications		11,000		2,225		8,775
Telephone		-		3,896		(3,896)
Seminars and conferences		3,600		1,770		1,830
Printing newsletters and notices		12,500		21,856		(9,356)
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles		100		-		100
Local civic events		1,000		8,853		(7,853)
Employee health care benefits		-		24		(24)
Retiree health care benefits		3,204		3,393		(189)
Workers' compensation insurance		-		2,547		(2,547)
Travel		500		140		360
Liability insurance		9,287		5,269		4,018
Automobile insurance		3,359		4,875		(1,516)
Supplies and materials		0,000		4,070		(1,010)
Gas and oil		1,250		1,240		10
Office supplies		3,000		910		2,090
				329		
Miscellaneous		10,500		529		10,171
		135,600	-	-		135,600
Total Executive		504,800	_	559,988		<u>(55,188</u> )
FINANCE						
Personnel services						
Treasurer		5,000		4,999		1
Collector		24,500		23,939		561
Budget officer		9,785		9,785		-
Finance director		95,000		95,001		(1)
Administrative clerk		60,800		60,800		- ( )
Contractual services		,		,		
Employee health care benefits		32,120		32,789		(669)
Retiree health care benefits		-		(466)		466
Liability insurance		2,784		2,782		2
Workers' compensation insurance		1,921		4,244		(2,323)
Schools, seminars and meetings		1,000				1,000
Audit services - finance		48,315		47,850		465
		1,500		47,000		
Printing and binding		37,000		- 27,596		1,500
Legal and professional services		,		,		9,404
Postage		4,000		5,807		(1,807)
Telephone		21,605		27,258		(5,653)
Travel		750		-		750
Dues and publications		5,400		3,601		1,799
Library - IL replacement tax payments		60,000		65,757		(5,757)
Supplies and materials						
Office supplies		20,000		16,915		3,085
Capital Outlay						
Computer hardware/software/webpage		3,100		-		3,100
Office equipment		7,185		6,157		1,028
See independent auditors' report and accompany	vina noto	a to required	0.10	nlomontori in	formo	tion

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Other Litigation settlement Total Finance	Original and Final Budget \$ 441,765	Actual \$459,590	Variance with Final Budget (24,776) (17,825)
VILLAGE CLERK			
Personnel services Village clerk Deputy clerk Contractual services	12,000 4,000	12,000 4,000	-
Legal and professional services Telephone Dues and publications Seminars and conferences	2,500 500 5,600	16,317 229 3,096 295	(13,817) 271 2,504 (295)
Employee healthcare plan General liability insurance Supplement to municipal contract Travel	3,204 2,784 7,500	3,298 2,782 - 9	(94) 2 7,500 (9)
Office equipment Supplies and materials	-	149	(149)
Election and office supplies Total Village Clerk	<u> </u>	702 42,877	<u>(452)</u> (4,539)
BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS			
Personnel services Zoning and planning commission Contractual services	7,945	1,755	6,190
Tests and administration Dues and publications Printing and binding	15,000 2,550 -	17,525 375 168	(2,525) 2,175 (168)
Legal services Seminars and conferences Supplies and materials	10,850 -	- 290	10,850 (290)
Office supplies Total Boards and commissions	<u>200</u> 36,545	20,113	<u> </u>
MUNICIPALS BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS			
Contractual services Custodial services Liability insurance Workers' compensation insurance R & M, buildings Maintenance, grounds Employee health care plan	29,137 3,425 1,701 37,500 21,243 16,469	29,097 4,998 2,174 30,671 29,713 16,838	40 (1,573) (473) 6,829 (8,470) (369)
Vehicle insurance	2,363	1,782	581

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Supplies and materials	<b>*</b> • • • • • •	<b>* * * * * * * * * *</b>	¢ (4.070)
Fuel for heating	\$ 9,000	\$ 10,072	\$ (1,072)
Janitorial services	4,200	2,414	1,786
Total Municipals buildings and grounds	125,038	127,759	(2,721)
DEBT SERVICE	105 000	105 000	
Debt service - principal	425,000	425,000	-
Debt service - interest and fees	73,625	73,535	90
Total Debt Service	498,625	498,535	90
POLICE DEPARTMENT			
Personnel services			
Chief	122,500	122,499	1
Deputy chief	100,000	99,999	1
Lieutenants	182,254	182,253	1
Sergeants	483,940	472,092	11,848
Patrolmen	1,357,762	1,379,002	(21,240)
Telecommunication officers	287,657	287,435	(21,240)
Administrative clerk	55,000	55,000	
Matron	300	55,000	- 300
	121,874	- 112,227	9,647
Holiday pay		,	9,047
Crossing guards	17,830	17,008	
Overtime Official componentary	185,000	257,117	(72,117)
Officer's compensatory	7,600	17,780	(10,180)
Contribution to pension	688,141	551,045	137,096
Contractual services	50 500	50 540	(4.040)
R & M, radio equipment	52,500	56,518	(4,018)
R & M, computer	3,000	2,768	232
R & M, office equipment	2,000	1,219	781
R & M, other equipment	23,700	29,887	(6,187)
Professional/legal service	63,500	65,718	(2,218)
Telephone	5,000	75,837	(70,837)
Lead service	12,350	15,389	(3,039)
Social worker program	2,000	-	2,000
Liability insurance	31,613	46,765	(15,152)
Vehicle insurance	20,946	31,089	(10,143)
Employee health care benefit plan	617,887	643,124	(25,237)
Retirees health care benefits	42,288	36,661	5,627
Workers' compensation insurance	100,035	163,838	(63,803)
Dues and publications	1,500	5,800	(4,300)
Training school expenditures	10,000	13,132	(3,132)
Seminars/conferences	5,000	1,443	3,557
Radio and motor equipment installation	5,000	1,384	3,616
Towing and storage	25,000	77,775	(52,775)
Other	21,500	63,209	(41,709)
Travel	2,000	4,125	(2,125)

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Supplies and materials		nal and Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
•••	\$	45,000	\$	49,008	\$	(4,008)
Medical exam - vaccination	Ψ	-3,000	Ψ	+9,000 80	Ψ	(4,000) (80)
Tools and supplies		28,300		19,704		8,596
Crime prevention and relations		5,500		4,387		1,113
Gas and oil		55,000		62,007		(7,007)
Board of prisoners		2,000		1,846		(1,007)
R & M - buildings		2,500		3,799		(1,299)
Photography supplies		2,500		5,755		500
Capital outlay		500		-		500
Office equipment - Public safety		32,000		36,502		(4,502)
Equipment		34,200		31,886		2,314
Total Police department		861,677		5,098,357		(236,680)
	<u> </u>	001,077		3,080,337		(230,000)
BUILDING CONTROL AND INSPECTION Personnel services						
Building commissioner		90,000		90,000		_
Electrical inspector		12,000		4,750		7,250
Building inspector		91,770		63,425		28,345
Exterior house inspectors		9,500		732		8,768
Administrative clerk		9,300 40,448		43,898		(3,450)
Contractual services		40,440		45,050		(3,430)
Telephone		1,500		1,204		296
Liability insurance		1,955		2,774		(819)
Workers' compensation insurance		10,694		11,474		(780)
Vehicle insurance		1,303		1,849		(546)
Dues and publications		3,000		1,049		1,971
Legal services		45,000		65,782		(20,782)
Repairs and maintenance		2,500		1,808		(20,782) 692
Employee health care plan		32,520		42,301		(9,781)
Seminars and conferences		2,500		42,301		2,500
		2,500		-		2,500
Buildings Control and inspection Supplies and materials		5,000		-		5,000
Gas and oil		7,000		6,199		801
		7,000 8,000		8,199 8,112		(112)
Office supplies and printing		<u>8,000</u> 364,690		<u>8,112</u> 345,337		<u>(112</u> ) 19,353
Total Building control and inspection		304,090		343,337		19,303

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	riginal and nal Budget		Actual		nce with Budget
FIRE DEPARTMENT					
Personnel services					
Chief	\$ 106,829	\$	106,828	\$	1
Deputy chief	97,117	•	97,117	·	-
Captains	273,139		268,359		4,780
Lieutenants	81,333		88,414		(7,081)
Firefighters	1,007,023		974,471		32,552
Training officer	3,000		3,000		-
Overtime	75,000		80,273		(5,273)
Mechanic	600		600		-
EMS coordinator	900		900		-
Contribution - pension fund	1,137,883		1,090,977		46,906
Holiday pay	92,333		59,945		32,388
Inspector	84,025		85,568		(1,543)
Education incentive	18,000		1,300		16,700
Clerical	24,000		37,841		(13,841)
Contractual services	442 925		200 002		E4 022
Employee health care benefit plan Retiree health care plan	443,835 44,366		389,803 52,627		54,032
Liability insurance	44,300		52,027		(8,261) (1,445)
Workers' compensation insurance	178,895		223,532		(44,637)
Vehicle insurance	41,976		44,021		(2,045)
Wellness medical exam - vaccinations	15,330		4,395		10,935
Maintenance - fire equipment	2,500		1,676		824
Maintenance - building and grounds	28,535		19,776		8,759
Maintenance - radio equipment	7,180		6,604		576
Maintenance - fuel tanks and pumps	12,000		1,120		10,880
Maintenance - breathing equipment	4,800		4,218		582
Maintenance - paramedic equipment	6,600		3,250		3,350
Maintenance - computers and office equipment	1,000		734		266
Legal services	20,000		17,847		2,153
Telephone	5,000		4,746		254
Assessment division 20	9,500		9,510		(10)
Dues and publications	1,855		1,269		586
Training school	41,850		24,866		16,984
Gas for heating	4,700		7,522		(2,822)
Other	6,500		10,099		(3,599)
Supplies and materials	40.000				450
Gas and oil	18,000		17,541		459
Uniforms	27,399		20,968		6,431
Fire prevention	5,082		3,895 3,902		1,187
Photography Tools and supplies	4,000 43,431		3,902 43,845		98 (414)
R & M - motor equipment	35,750		28,227		7,523
Postage	1,500		723		777
Newspaper Notices	-		1,351		(1,351)
			1,001		(1,001)

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Capital outlay			
Machinery equipment - Public safety	\$ 422,270	\$ 389,551	\$ 32,719
Capital outlay	15,920	6,726	9,194
Total Fire department	4,499,932	4,290,358	209,574
	1,100,002	1,200,000	200,011
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS			
Personnel services			
Mechanic	59,405	63,476	(4,071)
Employee wages	146,660	211,545	(64,885)
Administrative clerk	34,370	35,410	(1,040)
Contractual services	54,570	55,410	(1,040)
Legal and other professional services	127,500	83,621	43,879
Uniform rental	10,500	15,795	(5,295)
Employee health care benefit plan	130,635	84,131	46,504
	6,408	5,797	40,504
Retiree health care plan		12,295	946
Liability insurance	13,241	,	
Workers' compensation insurance	26,832	35,525	(8,693)
Telephone	10,000	11,193	(1,193)
Maintenance, streets	41,000	195,019	(154,019)
Maintenance, street and traffic lights	63,500	38,541	24,959
Light and power, street lighting	87,500	82,762	4,738
Maintenance, building and grounds	-	35,916	(35,916)
Tree trimming	44,000	50,416	(6,416)
Tree replacement	20,000	14,080	5,920
Rental of barricades	100	-	100
Schools, seminars and meetings	310	-	310
Maintenance, office equipment	-	4,200	(4,200)
Dues & publications	9,000	-	9,000
Streets	5,100	14,868	(9,768)
Supplies and materials			
Gas and oil	29,000	28,948	52
Tools and supplies	89,500	58,015	31,485
Maintenance, motor equipment	1,500	57,613	(56,113)
Maintenance, parkways	4,000	26,907	(22,907)
Equipment, streets	7,250	11,269	(4,019)
Vehicle insurance	7,944	7,354	590
Medical exam - vaccinations	200	1,850	(1,650)
Street decorations	-	850	(850)
Other	5,350	8,060	(2,710)
Capital outlay	,	,	
Street construction - public works	10,000	32,390	(22,390)
Automotive, office, radio, and other	42,500	-	42,500
Total Highways and streets	1,033,305	1,227,846	(194,541)
Total Expenditures	12,404,715	12,670,760	(266,045)
	, 10 1,1 10	,0.0,.00	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	751,963	412,142	(339,821)

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Original and Variance with Final Budget Actual Final Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Bonds issued Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 600,000 \$ 600,000 \$ - (345,342) (345,342) - 500,000 2,507 (497,493) 210,000 228,901 18,901 964,658 486,066 (478,592)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>1,716,621</u> 898,208 \$ <u>(818,413</u> )
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	(2,015,149)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>(1,116,941</u> )

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 22ND AND 17TH AVENUE TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Property taxes Sales taxes	\$ 4,250,43		3,320,988	\$ (929,443)
Investment income	600,00	-	600,000 21	- 21
Total Revenues	4,850,43	1	3,921,009	(929,422)
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT Trustee fees				
Trustees	8,00	0	8,000	-
Auditing fee	3,33	5	3,350	(15)
Legal and professional services	4,00		2,668	1,332
Total trustee fees	15,33	<u>5</u>	14,018	1,317
Debt service		_		
Debt service - principal	2,685,00		2,685,000	-
Debt service - interest and fees	647,26		647,218	48
Total debt service	3,332,26		3,332,218	48
Total Expenditures	3,347,60	1	3,346,236	1,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,502,83	0	574,773	(928,057)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(600,00		(600,000)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(600,00	<u> </u>	(600,000)	<del>_</del>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$                                    </u>	0	(25,227)	<u>\$ (928,057</u> )
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			11,391,699	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$	11,366,472	

### DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROOSEVELT ROAD TIF - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual 238,807 <u>5,506</u> 244,313	Variance with Final Budget \$ (184,100) (4,494) (188,594)
EXPENDITURES			
General government Legal and professional services Other contractual Gas and oil Other Auditing fee Total general government Total Expenditures	134,424 3,210,627 3,400 22,000 <u>3,335</u> <u>3,373,786</u> <u>3,373,786</u>	204,295 23,020 2,147 16,447 <u>3,350</u> 249,259 249,259	(69,871) 3,187,607 1,253 5,553 (15) 3,124,527 3,124,527
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (2,940,879</u> )	(4,946)	<u>\$    2,935,933</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	_	4,587,812	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	4,582,866	

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2014

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the Board of Trustees. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to April 30, the Village finance director submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year of the general fund and special revenue funds.

The Village is authorized to change budgeted amounts within any fund; however, revision must be approved by two-thirds of the members of the Village Board. No revisions can be made increasing the budget unless funding is available for the purpose of the revision. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Village finance director is authorized to transfer budget amounts between department within any fund; however, the Village Board must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.

#### **EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS**

Excess expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

	Final Budget			xpenditures	 Excess
General Fund	\$	12,404,715	\$	12,670,760	\$ 266,045

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of April 30, 2014

		Garbage		Illinois Municipal Retirement		Motor Fuel Tax		CDBG	Т	mergency elephone System
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	89,983	\$	323,139	\$	1,095,811	\$	162	\$	110,277
Receivables (net) Property taxes Intergovernmental		-		74,939 -		- 83,580		- -		- -
Accounts TOTAL ASSETS	\$	70,016 159,999	\$	- 398,078	\$	- 1,179,391	\$	- 162	\$	- 110,277
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	52,966 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 36,476	\$	-
Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	_	<u>100,000</u> 152,966	_		_		_	- 36,476		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	102,000	_		-		-	00,470		
Property taxes levies for future periods Total Deferred	_		_	74,420	_		_			
Inflows of Resources			_	74,420	_					
Fund Balances (Deficit) Restricted for highways and streets		-		-		1,179,391		-		_
Restricted for economic development		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for public safety Restricted for retirement		-		- 64,407		-		-		110,277 -
Committed for refuse collection Assigned for retirement		7,033		- 259,251		-		-		- -
Unassigned Total Fund Balances (deficit)	_	- 7,033	_	- 323,658	_	- 1,179,391	_	<u>(36,314</u> ) (36,314)	_	- 110,277
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	159,999	\$_	398,078	\$_	1,179,391	\$_	162	\$	110,277

	27th/23rd TIF edevelopment			G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	593,162	\$	13,420	\$	2,225,954
	55,368 -		-		130,307 83,580
\$	- 648,530	\$	- 13,420	\$	70,016 2,509,857
\$	488,462 -	\$	- -	\$	541,428 36,476
-	488,462	_	-	-	<u>100,000</u> 677,904
-	55,368			-	129,788
-	55,368			-	129,788
	-		-		1,179,391
	104,700		13,420		118,120
	-		-		110,277 64,407
-	- - -		- - -	_	7,033 259,251 ( <u>36,314</u> )
-	104,700	_	13,420	_	1,702,165

# \$<u>648,530</u> \$<u>13,420</u> \$<u>2,509,857</u>

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

		Garbage		Illinois Municipal Retirement	N	/lotor Fuel Tax		CDBG	Τe	mergency elephone System
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment income Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	- 51 663,921 14,018 - 677,990	\$	147,591 - 187 - - <u>2,902</u> 150,680	\$	265,354 1,199 - - 266,553	\$	- 113,820 - - - - 113,820	\$	- 102 127,551 - - 127,653
EXPENDITURES Current General government		_		_		_		_		_
Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation Employee benefits Debt Service		- - 679,616 -		- - - 315,309		- 79,360 - -		- 12,302 - -		135,639 - - -
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		_ 679,616	_	315,309	_	- 79,360	_	<u>101,517</u> 113,819		135,639
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,626)		(164,629)		187,193		1		(7,986)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total Other Financing	_		_	215,356						
Sources (Uses)	_		_	215,356						
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,626)		50,727		187,193		1		(7,986)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	_	8,659		272,931		992,198		(36,315)		118,263
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	7,033	\$	323,658	\$_	1,179,391	\$	(36,314)	\$	110,277

27th/23rd TIF Redevelopment	17th Avenue North TIF Redevelopment	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 108,647 - 708 -	\$ - - 21 -	\$ 256,238 379,174 2,268 791,472
 	21	14,018 <u>2,902</u> <u>1,446,072</u>
4,655 - - - - -	1,412 - - - -	6,067 135,639 91,662 679,616 315,309
4,655		<u>101,517</u> 1,329,810
104,700	(1,391)	116,262
		<u>215,356</u> 215,356
104,700	(1,391)	331,618
<u> </u>	14,811	1,370,547
\$ <u>104,700</u>	\$ <u>13,420</u>	\$ <u>1,702,165</u>

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GARBAGE FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Rubbish billings Trash and compost tags Fines, forfeitures and penalties Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 632,000 25,000 14,000 100 671,100	Actual \$ 642,751 21,170 14,018 51 677,990	Variance with Final Budget \$ 10,751 (3,830) 18 (49) 6,890
EXPENDITURES			
Sanitation Rubbish and garbage removal Legal and Professional Services Rodent control Trash and compost tags Dumping fees Total sanitation Total Expenditures	550,000 - 2,000 40,000 <u>90,000</u> <u>682,000</u> 682,000	83,595 1,039 - 490,517 <u>104,465</u> 679,616 679,616	466,405 (1,039) 2,000 (450,517) (14,465) 2,384 2,384
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (10,900</u> )	(1,626)	<u>\$ 9,274</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		8,659	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$7,033</u>	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - NONMAJOR -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Property taxes	iginal and al Budget 151,984	\$ Actual	-	ance with al Budget (4,393)
Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	 - - 151,984	 187 <u>2,902</u> 150,680		187 <u>2,902</u> (1,304)
EXPENDITURES				
Employee Benefits Social security tax IMRF contributions Medicare Unemployment contribution Total employee benefits Total Expenditures	 110,134 165,708 81,374 <u>32,485</u> <u>389,701</u> <u>389,701</u>	 97,814 124,504 78,989 <u>14,002</u> <u>315,309</u> <u>315,309</u>		12,320 41,204 2,385 <u>18,483</u> 74,392 74,392
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (237,717)	 (164,629)		73,088
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources	 215,356 215,356	 <u>215,356</u> 215,356		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (22,361)	50,727	\$	73,088
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		 272,931		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 323,658		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Motor fuel tax Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 219,000 	Actual \$ 265,354 1,199 266,553	Variance with Final Budget \$ 46,354 <u>1,199</u> 47,553
EXPENDITURES			
Highways and streets Employee wages Tree trimming Total highways and streets	113,602  113,602	74,510 <u>4,850</u> 79,360	39,092 (4,850) 34,242
Capital Outlay - Highways and streets Total capital outlay Total Expenditures	<u>60,000</u> 60,000 173,602		<u>60.000</u> 60,000 94,242
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 45,398</u>	187,193	<u>\$ 141,795</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		992,198	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$    1,179,391</u>	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CDBG FUND - NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> State grants Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 225,000 225,000	Actual \$ 113,820 113,820	Variance with Final Budget \$ (111,180) (111,180)
EXPENDITURES HIGHWAYS AND STREETS Highways and Streets			
Professional services Total highways and streets Capital Outlay	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	(12,302) (12,302)
Street construction - public safety Total capital outlay Total Expenditures	<u>225,000</u> <u>225,000</u> 225,000	<u>101,517</u> <u>101,517</u> 113,819	<u>123,483</u> <u>123,483</u> 111,181
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$                                    </u>	1	<u>\$ 1</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(36,315)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ (36,314</u> )	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - NONMAJOR -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Surcharge emergency 911 Investment income Total Revenues			\$ Actual 127,551 <u>102</u> 127,653	 nce with Budget (7,449) 2 (7,447)
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety Telecommunication officers R & M, radio equipment Radio and motor equipment installation Uniforms Equipment Maintenance - computers and office equipment Dues and publications Tools and supplies Professional services Telecommunications office Training school Total public safety Total Expenditures	1	82,400 1,000 500 21,500 5,000 300 6,000 500 14,000 <u>1,500</u> <u>33,200</u> <u>33,200</u>	 80,000 - 20,104 15,517 229 3,506 1,425 13,217 1,641 135,639 135,639	 2,400 1,000 500 1,396 (10,517) 71 2,494 (925) 783 (141) (2,439) (2,439)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,900	(7,986)	\$ <u>(9,886</u> )
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ <u>118,263</u> <u>110,277</u>	 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 27TH/23RD TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND - NONMAJOR -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Property taxes Investment income Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget \$ 96,208 1,350 97,558	Actual \$ 108,647 <u>708</u> 109,355	Variance with Final Budget \$ 12,439 (642) 11,797
EXPENDITURES			
General government Legal and professional services Auditing fee Total general government Total Expenditures	10,500 <u>3,335</u> <u>13,835</u> 13,835	1,305 <u>3,350</u> <u>4,655</u> 4,655	9,195 (15) 9,180 9,180
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 83,723</u>	104,700	<u>\$ 20,977</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 104,700</u>	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - 17TH AVENUE NORTH TIF REDEVELOPMENT FUND -NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Property taxes Investment income	Original and Final Budget \$ 29,913	Actual \$- 21	Variance with Final Budget \$ (29,913) 21 (20,022)
Total Revenues	29,913	21	(29,892)
EXPENDITURES			
General government Legal and professional services Auditing fee Other Total general government Total Expenditures	29,000 3,284 32,284 32,284	1,186 - - - 1,412 - 1,412	27,814 3,284 (226) 30,872 30,872
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (2,371</u> )	(1,391)	<u>\$ 980</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		14,811	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 13,420</u>	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND - MAJOR For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

REVENUES		Priginal and inal Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Property taxes	\$	1,015,025	\$	991,013	\$	(24,012)
Investment income	Ŧ	35,000	Ŧ	35,310	Ŧ	310
Total Revenues		1,050,025		1,026,323		(23,702)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service						
Debt service - principal		1,497,164		1,510,000		(12,836)
Debt service - interest and fees		327,134		314,288		12,846
Cost of issuance		20,000		20,313		<u>(313</u> )
Total debt service		1,844,298		1,844,601		(303)
Total Expenditures		1,844,298		1,844,601		(303)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(794,273)		(818,278)		(24,005)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Bonds issued		743,915		736,099		(7,816)
Transfers in		129,986		129,986		
Total Other Financing Sources		873,901		866,085		(7,816)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	79,628		47,807	\$	<u>(31,821</u> )
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				646,079		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	693,886		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MAJOR For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

<b>REVENUES</b> Investment income Rentals Total Revenues	ginal and al Budget 1,000 65,000 66,000	\$ Actual 241 50,400 50,641		riance with nal Budget (759) (14,600) (15,359)
EXPENDITURES	 	 		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
General government Property tax payments Capital outlay Total general government Total Expenditures	 68,000 - 68,000 68,000	 73,723 22,780 96,503 96,503		(5,723) (22,780) (28,503) (28,503)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,000)	(45,862)	<u>\$</u>	(43,862)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		 6,470,267		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 6,424,405		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

OPERATING REVENUES	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services Water sales Sewer charges Penalties Miscellaneous	\$ 2,985,651 435,862 40,500 <u>213,950</u>	\$ 2,403,910 365,986 45,968 146,339	\$ (581,741) (69,876) 5,468 (67,611)
Total Operating Revenues	3,675,963	2,962,203	(713,760)
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water department Source of supply Salaries and wages Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Social Security Professional services Cost of water purchased Machinery and equipment	83,220 - 66,500 1,575,380 	72,857 21,290 117,632 1,625,185 7,515	(10,363) 21,290 51,132 49,805 <u>7,515</u>
Total source of supply	1,725,100	1,844,479	119,379
Transmission and distribution R&M, mains R&M, meters R&M, vehicles Purchase of water meters and hydrants Machinery and equipment Emergency water main Gas and oil - water Rentals - equipment Small tools and supplies Schools and seminars Risk management	596,000 1,250 1,710 25,000 - 200,000 18,187 250 500 750 24,602	24,708 12,145 1,354 1,525 6,426 620 18,366 115 1,554 - 26,428	$\begin{array}{r}(571,292)\\10,895\\(356)\\(23,475)\\6,426\\(199,380)\\179\\(135)\\1,054\\(750)\\\underline{1,826}\end{array}$
Total transmission and distribution	868,249	93,241	<u>    (775,008</u> )
Customer accounting and collections Postage Total customer accounting and collections	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>(1,100)</u> (1,100)
Total water department	2,606,849	1,950,120	(656,729)
Sewer department Personnel services Other employees	97,543	102,806	<u> </u>

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Total personnel services	97,543	102,806	5,263
Contractual services Sewer system maintenance	\$ <u>1,000</u>	\$ <u>1,000</u>	\$
Total contractual services	1,000	1,000	
Capital services Depreciation	<u>-</u>	313,164	313,164
Total capital services	<u> </u>	313,164	313,164
Total sewer department	98,543	416,970	318,427
Total Operating Expenses	2,705,392	2,367,090	(338,302)
Operating Income NON-OPERATING REVENUES	970,571	<u> </u>	(375,458)
Interest income	8,300	3,351	(4,949)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	8,300	3,351	(4,949)
Change in net position	\$ <u>978,871</u>	598,464	\$ <u>(380,407</u> )
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year		9,856,572	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR		\$ <u>10,455,036</u>	

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS As of April 30, 2014

	Pc	lice Pension		Firefighters' Pension	_	Total
ASSETS Cash	\$	100,027	\$	608,173	\$	708,200
Investments Money markets State and local obligations U.S Government and agency securities		552,193 1,533,498 8,834,589		165,764 200,243 5,321,484		717,957 1,733,741 14,156,073
Mutual funds Stocks Corporate notes Receivables - (net)		12,992,902 - -		7,023,673 3,395,875 2,296,915		20,016,575 3,395,875 2,296,915
Accrued interest Property taxes		81,669 3,727		48,302 -		129,971 3,727
Prepaid items Other assets Due from primary government		14,895 		- 995 296,563		14,895 995 583,949
Reserve for uncollectibles Total Assets		(287,386) 24,113,500		<u>(296,563</u> ) <u>19,061,424</u>	-	<u>(583,949)</u> 43,174,924
LIABILITIES		24,113,300	_	19,001,424	_	<u>+3,17+,32+</u>
Accounts payable	_	2,415		360	_	2,775
Total Liabilities		2,415		360	_	2,775
<b>NET POSITION</b> Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	24,111,085	\$	19,061,064	\$_	43,172,149

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employer and other	\$ 694,738 \$	1,260,440 \$	1,955,178
Plan members	314,280	158,953	473,233
Total Contributions	1,009,018	1,419,393	2,428,411
Investment income			
Interest and dividends	618,288	668,658	1,286,946
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	1,277,122	695,680	1,972,802
Total Investment Income	1,895,410	1,364,338	3,259,748
Less Investment expenses	(58,292)	(54,337)	<u>(112,629</u> )
Net Investment Income	1,837,118	1,310,001	3,147,119
Total Additions	2,846,136	2,729,394	5,575,530
DEDUCTIONS			
Administration	59,411	52,114	111,525
Benefits	1,831,363	1,979,965	3,811,328
Refunds of contributions	1,626	2,355	3,981
Total Deductions	1,892,400	2,034,434	3,926,834
Change in Net Position	953,736	694,960	1,648,696
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	23,157,349	18,366,104	41,523,453
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>24,111,085</u> \$	<u>    19,061,064</u> \$	43,172,149

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

	Balances May 1		Additions		Deletions		Balances April 30	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	14,656	\$	12	\$	-	\$	14,668
Assessment receivable		18,479		-		-		18,479
Due from other funds		300,000				-		300,000
Total assets	\$	333,135		12		-	\$	333,147
LIABILITIES								
Bond payable	\$	52,601	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,601
For special assessment expenditures		280,534		12		_		280,546
Total liabilities	\$	333,135	\$	12	\$	-	\$	333,147

		1:		
Fiend	(1)	Licenses	Intor	Investment
Fiscal	(1) Taxaa	and	Inter-	Investment
Year	Taxes	Permits	Governmental	Earnings
2014	\$ 13,851,748	\$ 579,183	\$ 2,433,337	\$ 46,426
2013	14,873,808	582,577	1,884,782	59,790
2012	13,277,141	559,695	1,606,151	57,433
2011	13,505,922	502,308	2,282,194	54,893
2010	14,994,761	573,921	1,514,439	66,317
2009	14,994,761	422,894	1,608,881	253,029
2008	14,080,091	344,427	2,109,518	610,591
2007	13,748,667	406,914	1,835,897	724,817
2006	13,164,317	242,240	1,946,627	324,046
2005	12,358,257	340,622	395,338	202,774
			#	#
Fiscal	Property	Sales	# Income	# Replacement
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax
Teal	IdX	14	I dX	14X
2014	\$ 8,838,549	\$ 3,471,319	\$-	\$-
2013	9,936,006	3,485,490	-	-
2012	8,418,868	3,314,000	-	-
2011	8,772,722	3,264,927	-	-
2010	10,171,403	3,228,346	-	-
2009	9,547,352	3,774,333	-	-
2008	8,846,462	3,503,382	-	-
2007	8,681,626	3,434,062	-	-
2001	0,001,020			
2006	8,493,181	2,860,718	-	-

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

# Revenue is considered an intergovernmental revenue beginning in fiscal year 2006 and is no longer included within tax revenue.

The Income tax and Replacement tax are no longer considered taxes but intergovernmental revenues obtained from the state as an alltoment.

Miscellaneous	Total
<pre>\$ 2,860,566</pre>	\$ 19,771,260
2,454,943	19,855,900
2,090,914	17,591,334
1,798,007	18,143,324
1,695,657	18,845,095
1,581,242	18,860,807
1,549,544	18,694,171
1,581,380	18,297,675
1,825,945	17,503,175
1,499,894	14,796,885

 Utility Tax		Other Tax	 (1) Total Taxes		
\$ 1,270,830	\$	271,050	\$ 13,851,748		
1,199,601		252,711	14,873,808		
1,311,419		232,854	13,277,141		
1,242,003		226,270	13,505,922		
1,276,237		199,286	14,875,272		
1,470,199		202,877	14,994,761		
1,531,229		199,018	14,080,091		
1,447,113		185,866	13,748,667		
1,636,543		173,875	13,164,317		
1,467,739		157,187	12,358,257		

Fiscal Year	General Government		 Public Safety	 Streets	 Sanitation
2014	\$	1,547,237	\$ 9,436,912	\$ 1,287,118	\$ 679,616
2013		2,200,223	8,566,867	1,047,450	682,800
2012		1,131,759	9,803,880	977,717	542,359
2011		1,490,619	9,523,258	1,096,950	608,576
2010		1,805,784	8,887,270	974,531	438,820
2009		1,522,635	8,606,249	1,500,579	388,206
2008		1,535,078	8,842,933	1,238,031	370,395
2007		1,358,524	8,310,473	777,965	398,393
2006		6,759,648*	9,832,808	981,890	547,431
2005		2,033,734	9,037,867	1,122,125	470,798

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

\* Included in general government expenditures is a \$5 million developer note for redevelopment.

mployee fits (IMRF)	 Capital Outlay	 Debt Service	 Total
\$ 315,309 334,700 323,086 286,781 258,123 290,239 337,862 198,028 309,213 311,496	\$ 595,623 583,499 250,775 625,160 29,736 101,170 171,932 112,324 202,066 2,471,017	\$ 5,675,354 5,672,515 5,620,192 5,625,745 5,828,226 5,741,493 5,742,022 5,092,917 4,818,692 4,637,589	\$ 19,537,169 19,088,054 18,649,768 19,257,089 18,222,490 18,150,571 18,238,253 16,248,624 23,451,748 20,084,626

## PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Tax Levy Years

	2013	2012	2011	2010
RATES EXTENDED				
General	0.4193	0.4232	0.4267	0.2821
Fire Protection	0.3250	0.3313	0.2971	0.1945
Garbage	-	-	-	-
Street and Bridge	0.0958	0.0933	0.0790	0.0180
Liability Insurance	0.0500	0.0476	0.0439	0.0083
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0750	0.0700	0.0000	0.0573
Auditing	0.0240	0.0228	0.0206	0.0160
Police Protection	0.3250	0.3313	0.2971	0.0974
Debt Service	0.5226	0.4760	0.4401	0.3348
Police Pension	0.4353	0.2942	0.3331	0.4077
Firefighters' Pension	0.5695	0.4944	0.4051	0.4589
Purchase Agreement	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
Total Rates Extended	2.8415	2.5841	2.3427	1.8750

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Cook County Agency Tax Rate Extension Reports for 2004 to 2013.

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
0.2946	0.3184	0.3369	0.3429	0.3373	0.3745
0.2023	0.2191	0.2318	0.2359	0.2320	0.2575
-	-	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
0.0188	0.0204	0.0339	0.0392	0.0774	0.0859
0.0086	0.0093	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
0.0596	0.0618	0.0098	0.0100	0.0099	0.0110
0.0167	0.0181	0.0192	0.0217	0.0214	0.0264
0.1012	0.1096	0.1159	0.1179	0.1160	0.1288
0.3309	0.2950	0.3259	0.1854	0.1825	0.2056
0.3409	0.2345	0.2661	0.2712	0.2339	0.2458
0.4047	0.3381	0.3736	0.3735	0.3328	0.3498
-	-	-	0.1558	0.1546	0.1725
1.7783	1.6243	1.7327	1.7735	1.7176	1.8798

	Total Equalized		-	urrent Tax	
Tax Levy	Assessed	Total		ctions Through	Percentage of
Year	Valuation	 Tax Levy	Ap	ril 30, 2014	Levy Collected
2013	\$ 197,413,061	\$ 5,609,556	\$	2,526,544	45.04%
2012	213,496,637	5,517,048		5,377,165	97.46%
2011	228,980,694	5,364,230		5,100,001	95.07%
2010	280,257,063	5,254,935		5,076,170	96.60%
2009	285,491,817	5,076,948		4,915,916	96.83%
2008	308,627,383	5,013,054		4,759,013	92.89%
2007	279,872,816	4,849,410		4,659,666	96.09%
2006	267,489,978	4,839,012		4,613,956	95.35%
2005	268,308,220	4,609,535		4,628,262	100.41%
2004	238,541,580	4,483,603		4,358,101	97.20%

## ASSESSED VALUATION, PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Taxing Agency	2013	2012	2011	2010
Cook County	0.560	0.531	0.462	0.423
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.069	0.063	0.058	0.051
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	0.417	0.370	0.320	0.274
Des Plaines Valley Mosquito Abatement Dist.	0.016	0.015	0.014	0.011
Consolidated Elections	0.031	0.000	0.025	0.000
Proviso Township	0.110	0.095	0.081	0.062
General Assistance	0.052	0.045	0.038	0.031
Mental Health District	0.150	0.150	0.145	0.117
Suburban Cook County TB Sanitarium Dist	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Broadview Park District	0.406	0.369	0.354	0.285
Broadview Library District	0.614	0.556	0.386	0.309
Grade School District #92 (1)	6.381	5.788	5.236	4.192
High School District #209 (1)	2.722	2.518	2.263	1.813
Community College District #504 (1)	0.325	0.269	0.267	0.225
Total overlapping rate	11.853	10.769	9.649	7.793
Village of Broadview	<u>2.842</u>	<u>2.585</u>	2.343	<u>1.875</u>
Total rate	14.695	13.354	11.992	9.668

### PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Tax Levy Years

(1) Other school districts contain a portion of the Village. These rates are the Village's largest districts and are representative of the other districts in the Village.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Office of the County Clerk

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
0.394	0.415	0.446	0.500	0.533	0.593
0.049	0.051	0.053	0.057	0.060	0.060
0.261	0.252	0.263	0.284	0.315	0.347
0.011	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.011	0.012
0.021	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.014	0.000
0.057	0.057	0.059	0.062	0.056	0.063
0.033	0.033	0.034	0.036	0.033	0.037
0.113	0.012	0.117	0.115	0.114	0.129
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.005	0.001
0.274	0.252	0.269	0.276	0.268	0.294
0.295	0.280	0.296	0.306	0.295	0.321
4.010	3.722	3.957	4.091	3.973	4.264
1.759	1.752	1.839	1.878	1.810	2.046
0.214	0.212	0.224	0.240	0.233	0.259
7.491	7.050	7.581	7.862	7.720	8.426
<u>1.778</u>	<u>1.625</u>	<u>1.733</u>	<u>1.774</u>	<u>1.718</u>	<u>1.880</u>
9.269	8.675	9.314	9.636	9.438	10.306

### COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN As of April 30, 2014

Assessed valuation of taxable properties for the tax year 2013	\$	197,413,061
Rate	_	<u>8.625</u> %
Bonded debt limit		17,026,877
General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit Less Alternative Revenue General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit		8,094,720 (7,129,720)
Amount of General Obligation debt applicable to debt limit		965,000
Legal bond debt margin at April 30, 2014	\$	16,061,877

## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS IN THE VILLAGE As of April 30, 2014

Principal Taxpayers	Type of Business	 Assessed Value
Cole MT Broadview IL	Property Management	\$ 3,230,195
Target Corp	Retail	3,227,991
Home Depot USA Inc	Retail	2,048,922
Robert Bosch	Manufacturer	1,925,852
Broadview Partner LLC	Property Management	1,381,249
Mullins Food Products	Food Manufacturer	1,340,640
Josephs Food Products	Food Manufacturer	1,152,578
ASHLEY FURNITURE	Retail	1,085,929
Elkay Mfg Co	Manufacturer	1,034,183
Cadillac Prntg & Litho	Printing Company	1,000,270
Public Storage	Storage	982,310
Vanee Foods Company	Manufacturer	971,140
GIS Venture	Property Management	942,317
TSA Stores Inc Reacctg	Property Management	858,490
River Oak Partnership	Property Management	804,919
1821 Garnder LLC	Property Management	758,449
Petsmart Inc 420	Retail	746,600
Bld Real Estate LLC	Property Management	729,025
B J Real Estate LLC	Property Management	659,632
Garda CL Great Lakes	Security	652,015
TJX Companies Inc	Retail	630,220
Wilbert Funeral Servs	Industrial	 576,056
		\$ 26,738,982

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Obtained in 2014 from Cook County Clerk's Office.

### POLICE PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal					
Year	Tax	Tax	Contribution	Income (Loss)	Total
2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009	\$ 664,924 731,265 1,413,404 1,236,157 897,262 877,491	\$ 29,814 29,814 29,814 29,814 29,814 29,814 29,814	\$ 314,280 202,453 197,346 198,741 209,474 193,103	\$ 1,895,410 2,056,974 938,919 2,153,106 3,218,364 (2,493,504)	\$ 2,904,428 3,020,506 2,579,483 3,617,818 4,354,914 (1,393,096)
2008 2007	744,290 716,490	,	- ,	585,885 1,701,162	1,542,492 2,625,955
2006 2005	578,986 476,294	,		1,578,718 996,531	2,433,453 1,752,067

Fiscal Year	 Expenses by Type Administrative* Benefits Expenses			efunds	 Total
2014	\$ 1,831,363	\$	117,703	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,950,692
2013	1,660,200		104,498	-	1,764,698
2012	1,529,417		97,738	-	1,627,155
2011	1,436,508		97,202	-	1,533,710
2010	1,415,298		98,357	-	1,513,655
2009	1,429,451		81,889	-	1,511,340
2008	1,363,018		101,860	-	1,464,878
2007	1,168,001		225,341	-	1,393,342
2006	970,750		77,193	-	1,047,943
2005	787,285		71,369	-	858,654

\*Includes Investment Fees.

#### FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Replacement Tax	Revenues by Se Employee Contribution	ource Refunds	Investment Income (Loss)	Total
2014	\$ 1,216,551	\$ 43,889	\$ 158,953	\$-	\$ 1,364,338	\$ 2,783,731
2013	925,208	43,889	151,054	-	1,100,385	2,220,536
2012	1,560,849	43,889	151,348	-	84,096	1,840,182
2011	1,364,110	43,999	154,919	17,880	1,872,155	3,453,063
2010	1,095,358	43,999	155,683	-	2,315,966	3,611,006
2009	1,257,987	43,889	170,334	-	(2,850,312)	(1,378,102)
2008	1,252,683	43,889	198,675	-	782,696	2,277,943
2007	1,226,082	43,889	171,767	-	1,162,795	2,604,533
2006	1,054,259	43,889	229,896	-	1,108,261	2,436,305
2005	740,041	43,889	220,525	-	111,804	1,116,259

Fiscal		 enses by Ty inistrative*	pe		
Year	Benefits	 xpenses	R	efunds	 Total
2014	\$ 1,979,965	\$ 106,451	\$	2,355	\$ 2,088,771
2013	1,881,207	103,107		13,171	1,997,485
2012	1,782,076	116,641		20,757	1,919,474
2011	1,742,473	101,808		-	1,844,281
2010	1,861,497	133,188		-	1,994,685
2009	1,540,257	253,506		-	1,793,763
2008	1,431,399	120,991		-	1,552,390
2007	1,328,185	172,416		-	1,500,601
2006	1,295,482	83,754		-	1,379,236
2005	1,260,399	66,660		-	1,327,059

\*Includes Investment Fees.